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VOL. XXV NO. 142 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Rowdies Raid Congress Camp In Gaya

Workers Belaboured: Papers Removed

TERROR AGAINST LOCAL BOARD VOTERS

Many Injured: But Congress Scores In Election

PATNA, JUNE 16.

The Congress Camp in Bandhuganj Ward in Kako, Gaya District, set up in connection with Kako Union Board election which the Congress contested, is alleged to have been attacked by some persons according to an unconfirmed report received from Gaya.

REIGN OF TERROR

The report adds that the attackers removed papers, belaboured workers and voters injuring several including a Member of the Bihar Legislative Assembly, necessitating the postponement of the election in that Ward.

It is understood all the Congress candidates from other Wards have been elected.—A. P.

TRUTH ABOUT SARDAR'S TELEGRAMS

ALLAHABAD, June, 16.

In a statement to the Press Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru says:—

"My attention has been drawn to the publicity that has been given in some Bombay newspapers to certain telegrams sent by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel on the 9th March to Mr. Shankerrao Deo and Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande. I am astonished to find that some people have drawn extraordinary inferences from these telegrams.

Sardar's Letter

On the very day that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel sent these telegrams he wrote to me drawing my attention to the newspaper report about some Maharashtra M.L.A's. having suggested names for Ministries. He pointed out how undesirable it was for any Congressman to talk in terms of Ministries before the question was decided by the A.I.C.C.

Previously we had discussed this matter in the Working Committee and deprecated any activity which might lead others to think that any Congressman was eager for office. Some of us, as is well-known, were entirely against office acceptance. But all of us were clear that no names should be considered in this connection till the A.I.C.C. had given its decision and we decided that such vague talks must not be encouraged. They were improper and undignified. I issued a statement to the Press on this subject at the time.

When we saw press reports about the Maharashtra M.L.A.s' recommendations, I was shocked and so were my colleagues. For this showed an eagerness for office which was not to our liking. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel promptly tried to stop this undesirable tendency by getting into touch with the leaders of Maharashtra and Karnatak. This was in furtherance of our own decision at Wardha. It had nothing to do with individuals.

I must express my deep regret at the fact that some individuals and newspapers make serious charges without atom of justification".—United Press.

"C. R." REFUTES PRESS REPORT

MADRAS, June 16.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari informs the Associated Press that the story appearing in the Bombay Press that he is having daily conferences with his colleagues to bring about office acceptance is "the invention of some mischievous and interested party."—A.P.

Subhas Congress Fund

CALCUTTA, June 16.

The date for collection of donations to the Subhas Congress Fund has been extended to June 30.—A. P.

TRIBUTE TO C. R. DAS

Calcutta Observes Anniversary Day

CALCUTTA, June 16.

The Deshbandhu anniversary day was celebrated to-day throughout Calcutta In the morning there was a large gathering at the Keoratala Memorial to the late C. R. Das. It was addressed by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, who said that among other things that the late Das was always against was acceptance of ministry by the Congress.

JAWAHAR'S MESSAGE.

Mr. Santosh Kumar Basu, ex-Mayor read a message from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

In the evening there was a public meeting at the Albert Hall, when the services of the Deshbandhu to Indian Nationalism were recounted by speakers. A "Kirtan" was organised on the occasion by the Braj Madhuri Sangha, the chief organiser of which is the elder daughter of the late C. R. Das.—A. P.

JAWAHAR'S TRIBUTE

CALCUTTA, June 16.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has sent the following message to the C. R. Das Anniversary meeting:—

"No doubt a noble monument stands silently and reverently on the spot where his loved body was reduced to ashes. But not in stone or marble lives that memory of him to whom we pay our homage again to-day. It lives and will live in the loving hearts of millions of his countrymen, who heard and felt his vital message of selflessness in the country's cause that knew no limits. The flame that shone brightly in him shines still in our memory and warns our heart and gives us courage and fortitude

He cried many years ago in agony of his heart 'the whole of India is a vast prison; what matters if I live or die so that India lives and Congress lives.' The freedom of India has still to be won. And so the memory of Deshbandhu urges us on ever onward in our struggle for freedom. Let our homage to him be one of deeds and not merely of empty words."—United Press.

S. O. S. To Rajen Babu

Baxi's Father's Appeal To Persuade Him To End Hunger Strike

LUCKNOW, June 16.

To-day is the seventeenth day of the hunger strike of Sachindranath Bakshi, Kakori case prisoner in the Naini Central Jail.

His father aged 82, in the course of letter to Babu Rajendra Prasad appeals to him saying: "He won't hear me, even if I insist. So please try to do something soon to save his life."

In forwarding this letter to Mr. Mohanlal Saksena, General Secretary of the All-India Political Prisoners Relief Committee, Babu Rajendra Prasad writes:

"The accompanying letter will speak for itself. I feel helpless in the face of such a crisis. We are, as it were, between two blocks, neither of which are likely to relent. Still we must do our best to induce both to give up their attitude. Please do what you can. I am much touched by the poor old father's letter."

S. O. S. TO JAWAHAR.

Mr. Mohanlal Saksena has written letters on the subject to Congress leaders including Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru praying for their intervention.

It is recalled Bakshi was on hunger-strike for more than 53 days in the Bareilly Jail with a view to securing better classification for political prisoners, and for about 25 days in the Fatehgarh Jail and 55 days in the Agra Jail for the concentration of all political prisoners in one place. This time he is on hungerstrike for the unconditional release of all political prisoners.—A. P.

ADJOURNMENT IN PUNJAB ASSEMBLY

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, June 16.

In view certain technical difficulties in regard to the adjournment motion in the Punjab Assembly Diwan Chamanlal over which discussion is ordinarily expected to-morrow, Mr. Krishan Gopal Dutt Congress member, has given notice of the following adjournment motion:

"This House do adjourn to discuss a definite matter of public importance, namely the prevention of attainment of full Responsible Government by people of the Punjab as envisaged in the speech of the Premier on May 18, 1937."

THREE WOMEN KILLED

KARACHI, June 16.

Two women were killed following the collapse of a wall at the village Husri in the outskirts of Hyderabad. The accident occurred last night when they were asleep.—United Press.

Poison Gas Sequel?

KARACHI, June 16.

Two persons died and another became unconscious while repairing an old well at the village Jati in Karachi District.

It is reported that a Muslim labourer went down the well, but did not come out. Then another man went down but he too did not come out. A third man who went down shouted for help. He was immediately taken out unconscious and removed to hospital.

It is suspected that poison gas has formed inside the well.—United Press.

Kurdish Revolt Crushed

ISTANBUL, June 16.

Details are just available of a serious revolt among Kurdish tribesmen in the Derek area, whose chieftains are opposed to Government reforms, according to official documents published today. The Government sent 25,000 troops with aircraft against the rebels, who have lost over 5,000 killed and wounded. The situation is now completely under control. The Government casualties were 13 killed and 18 wounded.—Reuter.

LEAGUE COVENANT AND PEACE TREATIES

LONDON, June 16.

The Imperial Conference suggestion to separate the League Covenant from Peace Treaties has been most favourably received in Germany where it is regarded as a step forward to bring back Germany into the League. The French are not likely to offer formidable opposition in the light of the non-effectiveness of Treaties.—Reuter.

"SUNDAY REFEREE" APOLOGISES

Sequel To Defamatory Article On Raja Of Aundh

POONA, June 16.

"Sunday Referee" of London has tendered an unreserved apology with damages of £2,000 to the Raja Saheb of Aundh for publishing highly defamatory articles, one of which was captioned, "Raja Saheb makes all women subjects slim" in its issue of third January, 1937.

The article stated: "The Raja Saheb of Aundh innovated a new physical exercise called "Suryanamaskar" for all women in his State It is rumoured women taking this exercise are specially admitted into the Raja Saheb's 'harem'.—United Press.

New Profit Tax Proposal

Total Yield In One Full Year Estimated At 25 Millions

LONDON, June 16.

The new profits tax substituting the national defence contribution will operate for five years from April 1, 1937 to March 31, 1942, thus coinciding with the period for which borrowing is authorised, under the recent Defence Loans Act.

It will apply to trades and business of all descriptions, including holding companies, but not professions. The rate will be 5 per cent. in the case of companies and 4 per cent. in the case of firms and individuals. Public utility undertakings will be exempt.

Assessments will be made on similar lines as incometax. Profits below 2,000 sterling will be exempt and one-fifth abatement will be allowed between 2,000 and 12,000 sterling. The total yield in a full year is estimated at 25 millions. Remission will be granted in necessary cases to enable industrial undertakings to be established in special depressed areas.—Reuter.

PALESTINE POLICY

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, June 16.

Replying to Mr. Mander's question whether the Dominions would be consulted on the policy to be adopted arising from the Palestine's Commission's report, Major Ormsby-Gore pointed out that the United Kingdom, as the Mandatory Power, had the sole responsibility of deciding the policy. The Dominions' Governments and the Government of India would be kept informed of all the proposed developments in policy. General Smuts and General Hertzog had frequently communicated with him and also the Government of India at the Imperial Conference.

Librarian's Son's Disappearance Mystery

LAHORE, June 16.

Mystery surrounds the disappearance of a 14-year-old son of the librarian of the Punjab University Library. Three days ago the boy, as usual, attended his school and has not returned since.

The police are making investigation.—United Press.

Fall In Line With Zanzibar Indians

Congress President's Call To Hold Protest Meetings On Monday Next

ALLAHABAD, June 16

In a statement issued to-day Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru says:—

"The Congress Foreign Department has received the following cable from the Indian Association of Zanzibar:—'Consequent on the first reading of the Clove Monopoly Bill on the 10th June and the final readings on the 24th June, a mass meeting of Indians passed a resolution urging the Government of India to impose an embargo on cloves immediately.

'They are determined to continue the struggle till the trade settlement rights are restored.

'The community are observing hartal on the 21st June and appeal to Congress to observe Zanzibar Day all over India, pressing Government for speedy action.'

INDIANS ABROAD

"During my recent tour in Burma and Malaya I was brought very near to the problems of Indians overseas. More and more I felt that we in India must not neglect our countrymen abroad. If we will not succour them in times of need, who will? It is true that our ability to help is limited. The problems of Indians in Zanzibar have already received considerable publicity in India and everybody is agreed, including the Government of India, that gross injustice is being done to them. Our protests have been heard, our reasoned arguments ignored. But we will not accept this state of affairs.

"I trust, therefore, that we in India will support in every way the demand of our countrymen in Zanzibar. I suggest that meetings be held for this purpose in principal cities as far as possible on the date mentioned in the cablegram, that is, June 21."—United Press.

Viceroy To Break Silence At Last!

LENGTHY MESSAGE TO INDIA ON JUNE 22

Statement On Deadlock Expected To Please All

SIMLA, June 16.

It is understood that the Viceroy is issuing a lengthy Message to India on the constitutional question for publication on June 22.

Silent Since March

Political circles throughout India will, it is believed, welcome the Viceroy's decision. The Viceroy has observed complete silence on this question for several months, his last public pronouncement being at Sir Maneckjee Dadabhoy's banquet at Delhi in the middle of March.

Decision To Break It

Although the silence has incurred a certain amount of criticism both in India and England observers who usually have their fingers on the pulse of political thought consider that the Viceroy's past silence—which has been entirely self-imposed—will prove to have been as wise as his decision to break the same now.

Right Moment

One authority stated "the thing was to choose the right moment and Lord Linlithgow has shown he could do that".—A.P.

CHURCHILL'S "ESSAY"

Question Comes On Order Paper A Day Earlier

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 16.

Owing to the misunderstanding Mr. Churchill's question on Parliamentary questions on Indian Provincial subjects which he intended to ask to-morrow, appeared on to-day's order paper where it occupied 24 lines of space. The Prime Minister was present prepared to answer, but Mr. Churchill himself was absent.

When its turn came to be put Mr. E. Thurtle pointed out its length and asked the speaker whether there was any limit to the length of a question put down for oral answer.

Mr. R. W. Sorensen complained that a question of much greater brevity on the subject, which he tried to put, had been refused.

The speaker said he told Mr. Churchill that the question was far too long, when it was handed in. "This is a very important question. It is of the utmost importance under the changed Constitution to know that exactly is the responsibility of Ministers in this House, before questions are put to them."

Mr. V. L. McEntee suggested it might be more accurate to call Mr. Churchill's question an essay. —Reuter.

BHULABHAI IN LONDON

Declines To Comment On Political Situation In India

LONDON, June 16.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai arrived in London from Paris and Vichy. Interviewed by Reuter he said the Vichy holiday had greatly improved his health.

Mr. Desai intends remaining in London for a week before returning to India. He declined to comment on the political situation in India.—Reuter.

Viceroy Holds Cabinet Meeting

SIMLA, June 16.

The Viceroy held a meeting of the Executive Council this evening.—A. P.

Jacques Legilse, the French native Amateur Champion, beat Henry Longhurst, ex-Cambridge Blue, by one hole in 36 holes in the final of the French Amateur Open Golf Championship.—Reuter.

10,000 Basques As Prisoners

Rebel Plan To Surround Bilbao: Fall Of Galdacano

BAYONNE, June 16.

The Chief object of insurgent operations now appear to be to dislodge the Basques from the south-western slopes of Bilbao and thus surround the Capital. The capture of Galdacano, south-east suburb of Bilbao, is described as the biggest success hitherto toward this end.

It is alleged the defenders sacked the suburb and blew up an explosive factory before leaving. The Basque casualties in Galdacano are estimated at 2,000 while 200 Basques on the slopes of Santa Marina, who attempted a counter-attack, found themselves caught between the fire of two insurgent forces and were compelled to surrender.

According to insurgent sources it is estimated that 10,000 prisoners have been captured since the "iron belt" was broken.—Reuter.

AEROPLANES IN SPANISH WAR

LONDON, June 16.

"The Government is not satisfied with the working of the non-Intervention scheme regarding traffic in aeroplanes," said Mr. Eden in the House of Commons. At the same time the scheme was part of a general European agreement in the interests of peace and the House would wish to consider carefully before taking action which might imperil it. It was perfectly true that there were large numbers of foreign aeroplanes on both sides in Spain.—Reuter.

IRISH VOLUNTEERS RETURN

LISBON, June 16.

Seven hundred Irish volunteers in Spain are arriving to-morrow. They are being repatriated to Dublin on Thursday.—Reuter.

SEQUEL TO FOUR-POWER PACT

Italy And Germany Back In London Committee

LONDON, June 16.

A joint Communique announcing the return of Germany and Italy to the Non-Intervention

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 7.)

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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Wanted smart and unemployed Parsi matriculates, graduates and undergraduates for investigation work. Apply Honorary Secretary: Between 4 and 5. Parsi Statistical Bureau, Union Bank Building, Fort. (8531)

Wanted a Manager on Decent Salary for our Bombay Branch (to be opened shortly) only really experienced hand need apply with copies of testimonials to: The Managing Director, The Provincial Bank of India, Ltd., Poona. (5649)

Wanted Matrics, Non-Matrics, Typists, Lawyers, Engineers, Doctors, Teachers, Graduates, Overseers and Spinning and Weaving Masters to consult Hastings & Co., Fatehpuri, Delhi. (8546)

Wanted (1) a Temporary Lecturer in Domestic Science, probably for a period of two years, from September 16th, 1937. Qualifications preferably M.Sc., with training in Domestic Science. Salary Rs. 200 per mensem with free furnished quarters. (2) A matron and part-time lecturer in Indian Cookery. Salary Rs. 75—5|2—Rs. 100 per mensem with free board and quarters. Preference will be given to a graduate with Domestic Science training. Apply with testimonials to the Directress, Lady Irwin College, I, Sikandra Road, New Delhi. (5651)

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Wanted—Matriculates for admission into the Overseer Class of The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow, Recognised by the U. P. Government. Applications for July session 1937 are being considered now. Apply for free Prospectus and admission form to the Principal. (5440)

Lady Irwin College for Women, 1, Sikandra Road. New Delhi, provides a practical course of studies in Domestic Science and trains teachers of Home Science. Limited number of vacancies. New session commences on September 16th. Applications must reach the Directress on or before July 15th. Minimum qualification for admission to the Teachers' Course—Matriculation or its equivalent. Preference will be given to those who have the Intermediate degree. Special concession is given to I. Sc. and B.Sc. candidates. For prospectus and further information write to: —Mrs. Hannah Sen, B.A., B.L., T. Dip. (London), Directress. (5650)

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Six long tables, new varnished. Size 6' x 1-3|4' x 2-1|2'. Lot offered for Rs. 35. Pandit, 126, Main Road, Dadar, Bombay. (8550)

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College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S., Hospital Road, Karachi. (8552)

153. CLASSES

Desai's Coaching Classes (Princess Tuition Classes) for Matric boys and girls will re-open on 1st July, 1937, in the premises of Princess High School for Girls, Lamington Road. Sound coaching by experienced teachers. Moderate fees. Excellent results. For particulars enquire on the school premises between 8-30 a.m. and 7 p.m. (8554)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—Agents all over India, Burmah and Ceylon to organise a Scheme that brings an unlimited wealth to individuals by a small investment. Apply soon to M. I. B. Co., Mangalore. (8551)

534. CAFES AND RESTAURANTS

Send for Refreshing Cold Buttermilk or Delicious Tea from Cafe Health, near Currency Bank. (8545)

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NOTIFICATION OF AN IMPROVEMENT SCHEME UNDER SECTION 354C (1) (c) (i) OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888.

The Tripartite Road Improvement Scheme.

Scheme No. 72.

Pursuant to Section 354C (1) (c) (i) of the aforesaid Act, Notice is hereby given that with the approval of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay already obtained, I, the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay propose to make an Improvement Scheme for a portion of Municipal Ward 'F' of the City of Bombay for forming new or altering existing streets within the limits of the area comprised in the scheme as shown by thick red lines on a Map (being plan No. 270 dated the 1st April, 1937), which may be seen during office hours at the office of the said Corporation at Cruickshank Road within the Fort of Bombay.

The total area of the lands included in the Scheme is approximately 10,328 square yards.

Dated this 29th day of May, 1937.

I. H. TAUNTON,
Municipal Commissioner.
For the City of Bombay.
5608

Public Notices.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 117051 on the life of Mr. Ramchand Rijhumal Shivdasani of Bombay, Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd.) H. E. JONES,
Manager.
Bombay, the 16th June, 1937.
5553

HANSRAJ PRAGJI THACKERSEY COLLEGE.

This College OPENS on 21st June. It teaches Pass and Honours Courses in English, Sanskrit, Marathi and Economics and Pass Courses in History, Gujerati and Philosophy. Second Languages for F.Y.A. and I.A. are Sanskrit, Persian, French and Arama-Magadhi. Hostel accommodation is available for 85 male students and for 8 women students on the premises of the College. Send four annas for Prospectus.

Nasik, 1st June, 1937.

T. A. KULKARNI,
Principal.
5607

BHAVNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

AUCTION NOTICE.

AUCTION SALE of Burnt Coal Cinders and Ashes of this Railway system for one year from 16-7-1937 to 15-7-1938 will be held at the Manager & Engineer-in-chief's office Bhavnagar Para on Tuesday the 22nd June, 1937, at 2 P.M.

Bidders will have to deposit Rs. 300 in cash with the undersigned on that day upto 1 P.M.

V. S. VYAS,
Store-Keeper,
B. S. Railway.
Store-Keeper's Office,
Bhavnagar Para.
D 14.6.1937.
5661.

NOTICE.

No. 5530/ M. V. of 1937.

MOTOR OWNERS, who have paid tax on their vehicles for the quarter ending 30th June, 1937, are reminded that the next instalment of tax falls due on 1-7-1937 and the amounts should be remitted to this Office, together with the forms of application for the renewal of registration, within fifteen days from 1-7-1937. Renewal forms can be obtained from this Office. The Motor Vehicles Department will be open for the collection of tax between 10-45 a.m. and 3-0 p.m. on week days, except Saturday, on which day it will be open between 10-45 a.m. and 12-30 p.m.

2. To avoid delay it is requested that payments be made early.

3. Owners of Motor vehicles bearing extra Provincial or State numbers should note that the fifteen days grace does not apply to them and that the tax due on their vehicles should be paid on or before the expiry of the tokens already issued to them.

4. If cheques are presented in payment of tax and are subsequently dishonoured penalty according to rules will be charged unless the subsequent payment in lieu of the dishonoured cheques is made before the last date of payment.

(Sd.) J. ABERNETHY,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
M. V. & Taxation.
Head Police Office,
Bombay June, 12, 1937.
5662.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

STORES DEPARTMENT

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Welded Fabric for reinforcement in road work, 50,400 sq. ft. for delivery as and when required on the acceptance of the tender.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on Friday, the 2nd July, 1937, together with an earnest money deposit of Rs. 325. All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed Tenders for "Welded Fabric."

The names of all the partners of the contracting firm must be specified in the tender.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2|-.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
A. P. SALDANHA.
Chief Storekeeper.
566, DeLisle Road,
Bombay No. 11,
17th June, 1937.
5663

THIS PLAY SHALL NOT BE STAGED AGAIN DURING THIS SEASON

Under the Patronage of HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR OF BARODA

GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI

AT

BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE—BOMBAY

SATURDAY, the 19th June at 3 p.m.

SAMSHAY KALLOL

SUNDAY, the 20th June at 3 p.m.

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Booking at the Theatre. Daily from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.

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Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p. m.

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Taijin ,,	24th ,,	8th Aug.
Celebes ,,	9th Aug.	24th ,,

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Cochin Letter

FOR POLITICAL CONFERENCE

State Congress Committee's Preparations

(From Our Correspondent.)

ERNAKULAM, (By Mail.)

The term of Sir R. K. Shanmukam Chetti, the Diwan of Cochin has been extended for a further period of three years, from April 8, 1938. Sir R. K. Shanmukam was appointed as the Diwan of Cochin in April 1935.

POLITICAL CONFERENCE?

Brisk preparations are being made by the State Congress Committee to hold the First All-Cochin Political Conference under the auspices of the Cochin State Congress Committee.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya has consented to preside over the Conference. The Conference in all probability will be held in the last week of September next at Trichoor.

Mr. Yusuff Meherally, the Socialist (Congress) leader of Bombay will arrive at Trichoor during the last week of this month on a tour.

The Retrench Committee, appointed by the Government of Cochin will, it is understood, submit its report in the course of this week or early next week.

"UNRELIABLE EVIDENCE"

12 Accused Acquitted In Riot Case

BAREILLY (By Mail).

Observing that the prosecution was handicapped by many factors including unreliable evidence and agreeing with the two Muslim assessors, Mr. Bishan Narain Tankha assistant Sessions Judge, Bareilly, acquitted Mohammad Irfan and eleven other Muslims, who stood charged under sections 147 and 323/149 I.P.C. in connection with the Aonla Communal riot case.—United Press.

Imperial Secretariat Association Presidentship

SIMLA, June 15.

To have a President drawn from the Imperial Services is the question that will be discussed at the next meeting of the Imperial Secretariat Association. Mr. T. M. Paul, the mover had suggested either the appointment of a non-official President or a President belonging to any of the Imperial services.

Another important resolution relates to the representation of the Association at the New Delhi and Simla Municipalities and stands in the name of Mr. D. D. Chopra of the Finance Department. It runs:—

"That the question of requesting Government to nominate two representatives of this Association to the New Delhi Municipality and one to the Simla Municipality be considered."—United Press.

3rd Victory Week

On the 3rd day "JAGIRDAR" was caught in the riots

Which of course did not prevent him from falling in love

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OUR "CHANCELLOR OF EXCHEQUER" AT HOME!

Woman Has Not Yet Grasped Her New Opportunity, Says Lansbury

(LONDON, (By Air Mail).

Just as, in 1912, he resigned his seat in Parliament to throw himself into the fight for women's suffrage and spur the women to greater efforts, so to-day, at the age of 78, Mr. George Lansbury finds himself impelled to try to infuse a conquering spirit into them once more.

In his opinion, so far as could be gathered from a Press interview given by him, women have not yet grasped their new opportunity. "I want to see them fight for so many things to which they are entitled", he said. "No woman should be content with a home that is cramped, unhygienic and yet costly, with conditions which are not conducive to the health of children, with an absence of gardens and playing fields. They are still too ready to accept things as they are, to carry on under the greatest handicap without saying anything. I want to see them develop their personality, to take more pride in themselves and insist that only the best of homes is good enough for them. If women asserted their own individuality, more, they could get so much done. For, they are wonderful.

WHEN LANSBURY MARRIED

"Chamberlain and Churchill and some others among us in Parliament imagine that we know so much about finance matters. But almost every woman is a 'Chancellor of the Exchequer' in her own home, and her 'budget' is a far more clever production than any Chancellor could produce I look back on my own case. When I married, I was earning a certain small income. When we had five children I was still earning the same amount. The 'missus' was the Chancellor of the Exchequer. How it was done I do not know. How is it done in thousands of homes? It seems, on the face of it, impossible. Yet the women are doing it as part of the day's work. No house-wife should be a drudge to-day. These great blocks of working class flats we see to-day are, I know, an expedient. Barracks I call them. They are far from ideal homes and every woman has a right to a real home."

A twinkle came into the gentle blue eye of Mr. Lansbury as he said "Please don't call me a pessimist. I really am more hopeful to-day than I have ever been. When I say I am disappointed at the progress of women's activities I mean that I am disappointed at their pace. For there has been progress; more and more becoming politically conscious. Yet, they are beginning to develop individuality and personality, but—well, I would like to see them get more of a move on".—United Press.

SALARIES FOR HOUSEWIVES!

Mrs. Roosevelt's View

NEW YORK, (By Mail)

The theory that every housewife should receive a definite salary from her husband has a staunch supporter in Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, wife of the President.

She has expressed her arguments in favour of such salaries in a discussion on "The Home Versus Work for Women" over the radio.

A housewife, said Mrs. Roosevelt, earns the right to a salary "without any question", and "any girl who is needed at home has a job just as surely as the girl who operates a machine in a factory"

Mrs. Roosevelt also advocated that a housewife's working day should be limited to eight hours.—Reuter.

TAX ON FILM STARS' PHOTOGRAPHS?

WASHINGTON, D. C. (By Mail)

Film fans who write to Hollywood stars for their photograps may have to pay for them in future.

A suggestion has been put to the Senate Finance Committee of the United States Congress that every picture sent out by a film, stage, radio or sports celebrity should bear a tax stamp of value equivalent to 5d.

The "fan" would pay for the tax stamp when sending for the photograph.

The Senate Finance Committee is considering the suggestion.—Reuter.

FRENCH MUSICIANS THREATEN STRIKE

PARIS, (By Mail).

The Musicians' union of the Paris District has threatened a strike of its members if the Minister of Labour does not reduce the proportion of foreign musicians permitted to play in French orchestras.

By its decree of May 14 this year the Ministry of Labour raised the proportion of foreigners in orchestras in France from 30 to 40 per cent.

At a general meeting of the Labour Exchange the Union decided to call a general strike of its members if the Minister of Labour did not modify the decree complained of on June 15, 1937.—Reuter.

For Diamond Jubilee Of Kapurthala Ruler

KAPURTHALA, June 16.

The Diamond Jubilee of His Highness the Maharaja of Kapurthala, will be celebrated next winter and preparations in this connection are in progress. Sardar Raj Kumar, director of education has been appointed Honorary Secretary, to work out the scheme and it has been decided to form tehsil sub-committees for the purpose.

It has also been decided that all the State employees whose monthly salary is Rs. 20 or more should subscribe 5 per cent of their salaries towards the Diamond Jubilee of His Highness, so that a suitable present might be presented to the Maharaja.—United Press.

FOR PROMOTION OF GEOLOGICAL STUDIES

Presentations To Academical Institutions

SIMLA, June 15.

For the promotion of geological studies, 17 collections of rocks and minerals, as compared with an average of 9 during the past five years, were presented by the Geological Survey of India to several academic institutions during the year 1936. The recipients were:

Government High School, Basin (Berar), H. E. H. Nizam's Government High School, Latur (Hyderabad), N. E. D. Civil Engineering College, Karachi, Pabna Zilla School, Pabna, La Martiniere College, Lucknow, Agricultural College, Coimbatore, Government High School, Betul, Commercial Museum, Calcutta Corporation, Government Intermediate College, Moradabad, Fergusson College, Poona, Ranchi Zilla School Ranchi, R. P. Wagh High School, Bassein, Bombay, Education Societies High School, Ahmednagar, Tollygunge High School, Calcutta, M. M. High School, Dhamtari, C. P., Visva-Bharati, Santiniketan, Hali Muslim High School, Panipat.

Besides these special presentations numbering 19 as compared with an average of 7 for the past five years, were also made to several persons and institutions specially interested in Geology.—United Press.

ALL-INDIA INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION

LAHORE, June 15.

A press note says that the Punjab Government have decided to hold a large scale Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition next winter at Lahore. The Exhibition will be of an all-India character and all provincial Governments and Indian States and the beneficent departments of the Government of India have been invited to participate in it.

The Exhibition will be held in the extensive grounds of the Minto park covering an area of nearly 60 acres.

The Exhibition will be the first of the kind in point of magnitude of conception and educational value to be run by the Government of the Punjab. It will open about the 6th December and will continue for six weeks or so.—United Press.

Maharana Pratap Jayanti

(From A Correspondent).

Maharana Pratap's Anniversary was celebrated at the Marwari Sammelan on Sunday last, under the presidentship of Seth Harkrishnadasji Mehra. Mr. Harkissonji read a poem specially composed for the occasion. Pandit Rupnarainji Pandey also recited a poem. Messrs. Bishesardayal Gupta, Kashinath Varma, Moolchandra Vyas, Narainlal Agrawal, Brijmohanji Goenka, Rajaram Trivedi and Jamdasji Pacheria also spoke.

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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday

Two claims of Rs: 15,000 each were filed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, to-day, by Mr. D. N. Deshpande on behalf of the relatives of the riot victims who were fatally stabbed during the communal disturbance in the City on May 31 last.

Both the applications were filed by the Magistrate

A mendicant, a cook, a hawker and a petty grocer, who were arrested either last night or this morning on a charge of contravening the order of the Commissioner of Police, prohibiting the carrying of lethal weapons, were put up before W. K. Mankar, to-day.

All the arrested persons were bound over to be of good behaviour for six months in the sum of Rs. 50.

The Byculla police arrested Prema Mulji, an alleged "Mawali", at 8 p.m. last night under the City Police Act and put him up before the Presidency Magistrate, Sixth Court, to-day

The accused was enlarged on bail till June 23.

Riot Firing Victim

An inquest was held to-day on the body of Abdul Karim Tayabbhai (21), a butcher, who died of bullet wounds sustained on the night of 31st May, when communal rioting broke out at Bapu Khote Street.

The jury returned a verdict of death due to "justifiable firing on the part of the police."

Last night at about 10 p.m., a sensational raid was carried out by the Esplanade police in a room of Adamji Pirbhoi Market Chawl, situated on Trinity Street. Nine persons including two women were arrested.

It was stated that the Police sent in a bogus punter. As soon as one of the suspects, it was stated, accepted bets from him, the police carried out the raid.

The accused it is reported, seeing the police approaching, closed and barred the room. Thereupon the police smashed the door open and put all within under arrest.

To-day they were placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, charged with "sutta" gambling. Two of them were remanded in police custody, while the rest were bailed out till June 30.

For alleged receiving 'satta' bets the Esplanade police arrested one Santan Dias Nicholas and placed him to-day before a Presidency Magistrate.

The police are stated to have recovered a chit containing figures from the person.

Pending further enquiries, he was remanded in police custody till June 25 at the Esplanade Police Court to-day.

Engineer Convicted

An engineer, Mr. C. W. Newman Sanders, was convicted to-day by Mr D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, for having failed to deposit three fire-arms belonging to him after the expiry of his licence.

He was fined Rs. 30.

One of the biggest alleged sattorias was arrested under dramatic circumstances on Saturday last by officers of the Bombay C.I.D.

The police stated that, having received information satta bets and race bets were being accepted on a large scale at Mani Bhawan, Hughes Road, a raid was carried out under the Gambling Act.

Well-known Sattorias and gamblers in the city, it is alleged have connections with the accused and there was a large number of chits and books of accounts to be examined, and therefore the police asked for an adjournment to enable them to complete their inquiries.

WITH THE LAPSE OF EACH YEAR

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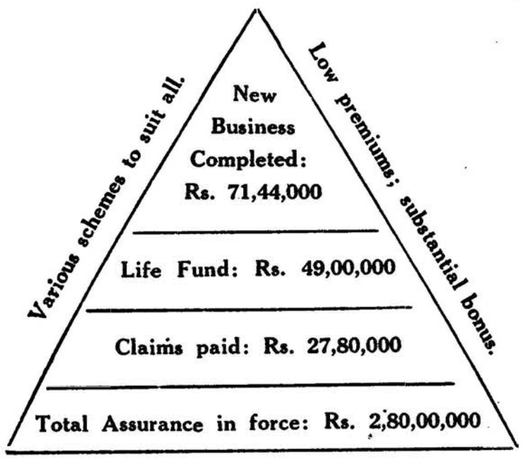
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Learning Safety First

Students watching Safety First demonstration lectures in Antony D'Silva High School, Dadar, on Tuesday evening.

Obscene Literature Case

What is known as the "Obscene Literature Case" was disposed off at the Girgaum Police Court.

Three persons: Laxman Hari Joshi, the writer of an 'obscene' novel; Anant Kashinath Joshi, the editor, printer and publisher of "Bhavishya" ('Future'), a Marathi weekly, wherein it was published and the managing proprietor thereof Shankar Vishwanath Chandorkar were all convicted to varied terms of imprisonment—from a day's imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 in default to 3 weeks' R. I. to a fine of Rs. 200 and to a fine of Rs. 100 respectively.

The Magistrate further ordered the destruction of the five issues of the Magazine in which the novel was printed 'seriatum.'

A verdict of accidental death was returned to-day by the Bombay Coroner's jury, at the inquest held on an unidentified Hindu woman, who was run over and killed yesterday by an 'Up' train of G. I. P. Rly. near the Kurla Cabin, while she was trespassing on the Railway line.

"Muslim India"

BOMBAY: Wednesday.

Mr. Jamaluddin Makhmoor, yesterday filed a declaration in the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, for "Muslim India", to be published in Urdu and English. Both the weeklies will be edited by Mr. Makhmoor.

Rao Saheb Patvardhan Engaged

A message from our Poona correspondent was published in "The Chronicle" of 15th instant stating Sjt. Achyut Patwardhan, a member of the Congress Working Committee, was reported to be engaged to Miss Manik Gole, B.A., B.T., a lady-teacher in a local Girls High School.

Miss Gole is engaged to Rao Saheb Patwardhan, and not to Mr. Achyut Patwardhan, his younger brother. The wedding, it is understood, will take place shortly.

Streatfield Visits Ghatkoper

(From A Correspondent.)

There was a function to be performed in connection with Coronations celebrations at Ghatkoper. The Coronation Day was duly observed on the 12th May last. But the programme of the distribution of badges and sweets to school children could not be gone through, owing to the schools being closed on account of the summer vacation. That function was performed by the Coronation Committee under the presidentship of Mr. Streatfield Collector of Bombay and Suburbs, on Monday last Mr. Streatfield visited Ghatkoper for that purpose on that day at 8-30 a.m. He distributed Coronation Badges, and sweets to schoolchildren. The Collector made a speech in Gujrathi which was much appreciated. Dr. S. B. Bagwe, then took the Collector and the other members of the Coronation committee to his residency for refreshments, when speeches were made Mr. Cama, a member of the Committee referred to the unsatisfactory condition of the Ghatkopar roads. The Collector made a suitable reply.

CONVERSION OF HARIJANS

Hyderabad Paper Alleges Whirlwind Campaign In Andhra Districts

(From Our Correspondent.)

SECUNDERABAD, June 15.

Silent and secret propaganda of conversion to Islamic faith of illiterate Harijans is being carried on unabated in Hyderabad State especially in the Andhra districts of Warangal, Nalgonda and Karimnagar according to the "Golkonda Patrika", a vernacular paper published from Hyderabad. The paper further adds that an influential Jagirdar is responsible for organising an association called Anjuman Tablig Islam and for launching a whirlwind conversion campaign. The Jagirdar is stated to be in receipt of every possible help, says the paper from Government officials, Professors of University, village officials and village school masters.

The "Patrika" estimates about two lakhs are being spent by the abovementioned association annually for conversion" propaganda.

PROPOSED ACTION AGAINST SCOUT MOVEMENT

Sir Jamsetjee's Plea For Awaiting Baden-Powell's Detailed Reply

Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Provincial Scout Commissioner, Bombay, has issued the following statement:—

In view of the recent statements appearing in the Press relating to certain remarks attributed to Lord Baden-Powell, Chief Scout, I notice that some public bodies contemplate taking steps prejudicial to the future of the Boy Scout movement in the Presidency, and having been out of station for some time, I regret, I could not issue, any statement on the subject.

I feel it necessary to point out that we are so far acting upon abbreviated Press reports or telegraphic communications. The General Headquarters in India has written to Lord Baden-Powell on the subject asking for further details, and are awaiting his reply 'by Post,' when we shall be in a position to know exactly what has been stated.

Until then any action that may be taken will not only be premature but also prove disruptive of all the good work that has been built up with so much labour and love all these years. I would appeal to our sympathisers in the public bodies to await a more detailed statement from the All-India Headquarters before resorting to any hurried action.

Amateur Cine Society

First Film Contest Open To All Members

The first film contest of the Amateur Cine Society of the Motion Picture Society of India has just been announced.

The competition is open to all members of the Amateur Cine Society of India and the subject of the film should be "The Monsoon." The sizes of the films should be 16mm, 9.5mm, 9mm or 8mm. and the length should not exceed five minutes screening. The films should be properly edited and titled.

All entries must reach the Hon. Secretaries c|o Motion Picture Society of India, Bombay, on or before the 31st July, 1937. Prizes will be awarded to the first three winners.

BACK IN THEIR OWN HOME

Indian Coronation Contingent Returns

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Indian Coronation contingent consisting of Army and Police services arrived in Bombay this morning by S. S. "Neuralia" at the Alexandra Docks. There was a large number of people present to receive the members of the contingent.

Lt.-Col. Macregor, Officer-in-charge of the Contingent paid a tribute to the members of the contingent for their discipline and orderliness during the voyage and stay in England.

The Officer Commanding received a telegram of welcome from Lord Linlithgow, the Viceroy of India. Many of the members of the Contingent left by a special military train while some others left in the evening.

THUNDERSTORM SWEEPS OVER RAJKOT

RAJKOT, June 15.

A terrific thunderstorm with a velocity of some 50 miles per hour and accompanied by peels of thunder, flashes of lightning and heavy showers swept over Rajkot and its neighbouring villages last evening.

The showers lasted about 30 minutes and watered the whole area; it is also reported that in the proceding 20 hours the villages of Pali and Pardi together with the neighbouring area also registered some smart showers as was noticed by the puddles of water lying scattered and undried on the way leading to these places.

This thunderstorm uprooted several trees in the neighbouring areas and also, blew off thatched roofs of houses in these villages. No loss of life is reported so far. Temperature has fallen and anxieties of people for an early rainfall are partly relieved.—A.P.

Monsoon Active In Konkan

POONA: June 16.

The depression off Kathiawar Coast has become unimportant. The Arabian Sea monsoon has been active in Malabar, Kanara and Konkan.

Thunder-storms have been fairly widespread in the Deccan and local in Mysore. The Bay monsoon has been active in Burma, Assam, East Bengal. A few thunderstorms have also occurred in the rest of Bengal and in Bihar, Central parts of the country, South Rajputana, Kashmir.

Temperatures were appreciably above normal in and around Central Provinces and along the North-West Frontier.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:-Cherrapunji 6 inches; Ratnagiri 4; Silchar and Mangalore 3; Mymensingh and Bogra 2; Myitkyina Sibsagar and Marmagoa 1-1|2; Bhamo, Shillong, Karwar 1; Bassein, Calicut 3|4; Amherst, Dibrugarh, Cox's Bazar, Chittagong, Malegaon, Raichur, Anantapur and Mercara 1|2.

FORECAST:—Widespread rainfall in Malabar, Kanara, Konkan and local thunder-storms in the Deccan are likely. Widespread rainfall will continue in Burma, Assam and East Bengal. A few thunder-storms are likely in the rest of north-east India. Isolated dust or thunder storms are also likely in south-west Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central parts of the country.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 16-6-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .006 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.0 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.9 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 88.4 degrees 0.9 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 78.9 degrees 1.0 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 87 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 8 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 301 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 28 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rain in 24 hours 0.04 inches

Total rainfall during the month 2.69 inches

Total rainfall during the year 3.25 inches

Weather remarks: Rain

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 16-6-37

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without error at mean sea level would actually read 29.94 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.72 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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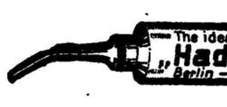

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Bajaj's Suit Against Bombay Weekly

Editors Of "Chitra" Apologize; Case Against Writer To Continue

(From Our Correspondent).
WARDHA, (By Mail.)

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj of Wardha filed a criminal complaint under Section 500 I.P.C. against the editors and publishers Messrs. Kanekar and Rangnekar and Bhai Jayawant, the writer of an article dated 26-7-36 published in 'Chitra' a Bombay weekly headed "Europe conquered by Jamnalal. How Shegaon worth forty thousand rupees was swallowed."

The article in question contains the complaint alleges, false and defamatory allegations about the complainant which are bound to lower him in the eyes of the public as regards his reputation, character and credit.

THE ALLEGATIONS.

The allegations are as follows:

1. That the complainant acquired Village Shegaon by practising fraud and deceit and by not accepting the amount offered and by dishonestly giving false hopes and assurances of returning the village after the litigation. The village worth 40 to 60 thousands was secured for a paltry sum of Rs. 4,000 which was due to him.

2. That the complainant filed a false claim for Rs. 170 against a boy of his community, who was brought up by him, without showing repayment and when challenged by the defendant the suit was withdrawn. Even after that a suit for Rs. 70 as interest was threatened. By this the accused wanted to paint the complainant as an unscrupulous and dishonest person.

3. That the complainant selfishly used his position as a treasurer of Congress Funds which resulted in increasing the credit of Bachhraj and Co. inasmuch as the complainant did not pay any interest for Congress deposits but earned extortionate interest on the same by advancing the same to others.

4. The complainant's black character as painted above is disguised under the cloak of Khadi and National service. There is collusion between him and Mahatma Gandhi. That he overvalued a plot of Maganwadi worth 15 thousand, and donated it and also constructed a road near Shegaon for Rs. 3,000 by exploiting labour. He controls the press so that his bad deeds may not be exposed.

BAJAJ'S STATEMENT.

In reply to these allegations the complainant stated as below:—

1. Rs. 13,000 were advanced on the basis of a mortgage of 18-12-26 and Rs. 5,000 on the foot of a second mortgage dated 7-7-27 by his shop. A preliminary mortgage decree for Rs. 21,316-10 and costs and interest was obtained through the court of Additional District Judge, Wardha. Before the final decree, /11/ Malguzari share of village Shegaon was auctioned in a court sale under an Award Decree of the Co-operative Central Bank, Wardha, and was purchased by complainant for Rs. 200 subject to his mortgage decree in civil suit No. 43/1932 dated 22-6-32 referred to above.

No promises or assurances as alleged were given by the complainant. The property is not worth 40 to 60 thousand as alleged.

2. There was no such case as is referred to in allegation No. 2.

3. Bachhraj and Co. was started as a private limited concern in 1927 with influential bankers and millionaire directors and shareholders like Mr. R. D. Birla and others. Complainant's shares including those of his son amounted to Rs. 4 lakhs and those of others are of 6 lakhs.

The complainant paid interest for Congress money and had to run great risk and at times loss for keeping Congress safe. He did not use his position as a treasurer selfishly.

The property of Maganwadi is worth Rs. one lakh and it is donated to All India Village Industries Association. An approach road near Shegaon was constructed by the complainant at a cost of Rs. 1,300. The complainant does not control the press

All the accused were given notices for making proper amends by Mr. Karandikar pleader.

After the case proceeded, Editors of 'Chitra' Messrs Kanekar and Ranganekar found the allegations false and baseless and so apologized and the case proceeded only against Bhai Jayawant.

WHY HE FILED COMPLAINT.

Complainant when cross-examined by defence counsel stated that this complaint was lodged after consulting Mahatma Gandhi, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Pandit Jawaharlal. It was decided in Congress circle to bring to book persons who deliberately preach anti-Congress propaganda.

Further cross-examination of the complainant is adjourned to June 17, 1937. Messrs. Badkas and Karandikar pleaders conducted the prosecution, while Messrs. Pathak and Nagale defended the accused Bhai Jayawant.

Mr. Horace Lindrum, the nephew of the world-famous billiard Champion, who, along with Mr. Melbourne Inman is giving exhibition matches in Bombay. To-day (Thursday) they are having a public match at the Taj.

"F" WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

Charge Of "Communist" Domination Refuted

Mr. B. G. Bhandarkar, Secretary of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag) and a member of the Managing Committee of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, writes:—

In his statement published in the "Bombay Chronicle", dated the 12th June, Mr. Kondaye indulges in unwarranted and malicious attacks against "Communists". Mr. Kondaye indulges in long perorations about the 'sectarian" attitude of the 'Communists' in the Trade Union Movement; he talks about the disruption by the communists of the T. U. Movement; he further alleges that the Communist participation in the Congress will result in the disruption of this great national organisation. Pained at this future disruption of National Congress at the hands of the 'Communists' Mr. Kondaye finds refuge in submitting his resignation. The stock phraseology used by Mr. Kondaye in his statement followed by resignation, makes one feel that in drafting this statement Mr. Kondaye has used "Royist ink and pen" to throw on the Communists.

RECKLESS ALLEGATIONS

Mr. Kondaye wants the public to believe that the Communists went back on the agreed list. He further alleges that the Communists lulled him into a false sense of security by entering into an agreement and then broke their plighted word as soon as they found they had a majority at the election meeting. Only men of Mr. Kondaye's type can indulge in such wreckless allegations.

The representatives of the workers, who had enrolled themselves as members, did not enter into any agreement with Mr. Kondaye regarding candidates for Managing Council membership. Attempts were certainly made to have an agreed list and these attempts failed because Mr. Kondaye insisted on the inclusion of Mr. Kandalkar's name in the agreed list. The workers could on no account support the name of a person who was turned out of the T. U. Movement for his anti-working class activities. Mr. Kondaye who wails and whines over the "sectarian and disruptive" attitude of the Communists in the T. U. Movement, does not mind supporting Mr. Kandalkar and insist in the inclusion of his name and thereby lower the prestige of the National Congress in the eyes of the workers. This is Mr. Kondaye's idea of unity and loyalty to the National Congress.

Once more I repeat that no agreement was made with Mr. Kondaye and Mr. Kondaye's statement to the contrary is only indicative of his chagrin at the defeat of Kandalkar. I was personally present at the time of the negotiations and as I had strong objections to Mr. Kandalkar's name, I declared that I would let others know our position the next morning. Accordingly I dropped a note to Mr. Kondaye early next morning.

So much about the note out of which Mr. Kondaye attempts to make the noose by which to hang the working class representatives.

Why does Mr. Kondaye conceal the fact that the workers' representatives were willing to agree to joint list, if only Mr. Kandalkar's name was removed. The workers did not demand more representation; they did not demand additional seats; but they certainly could not be a willing party to the election of Mr. Kandalkar. Mr. Kondaye suppresses these facts with the deliberate intention of misleading the public. The responsibility for the failure of the negotiations for an agreed list rests on Mr. Kondaye and he seeks to hide these facts from the public.

FARR KNOCKS OUT NEUSEL

12,000 Watch German Being Beaten In 3rd Round At Harringway

LONDON, June 15.

At Harringway Arena, to-night, 12,000 people watched the fight between Tommy Farr and Walten Neusel, which resulted in the knock out of the German in the third round.

The blow with which Farr (14st 7 3/4lbs.) knocked out Neusel (14st. 8 1/4lbs.) in the third round was a blow for British boxing, proved that Farr's victory against Baer was not a fluke and avenged his predecessors in the British Empire Championships Jack Petersen and Foord.

The first two rounds were slow, Farr scoring with lefts and Neusel attempting to wear down his opponent by in fighting blows.

Neusel's Vain Attempt

In the third round, Farr opened with a left to the face. Neusel again attempted to fight in, but Farr jabbed with his left and then waded in.

He shook the German with a left to the body and finished him off with a right to the head.

Neusel sat up after a count of four, and remained apparently resting, but he did not rise till after the full count of ten.

Farr has the prospect of being a world eliminator against Max Schmeling.

It is understood that Neusel was suffering from Cartilege trouble in the right leg.—Reuter.

TRIAL EXCAVATIONS IN PUNJAB?

To Find Missing Link In History Of Indian Civilisation

SIMLA, June 15.

"It is understood the Archaeological Department will start trial excavations next cold weather in the Punjab which are expected to provide the missing link in the history of Indian civilisation between the age of Mohenjodaro and that of Lord Buddha. It had long been felt that the Punjab, where the Aryans first settled, would yield extensive relics of ancient Indian civilisation, but, unfortunately due to financial handicaps it was not possible to carry on excavations on an extensive scale. The recent discovery of several mounds in the Punjab which are likely to throw light on pre-historic India has led Government to undertake these operations.

Six mounds have been discovered in Sheikhupura District, the surface examination of which has yielded pottery fragments, both painted and similar to those found on the Indus site.

The most extensive of these sites is that at Asrur. Although it was noticed over sixty years ago by Gen. Gunningham its prehistoric character has now been brought to notice by Dr C. L. Fabri.

Another site in Kalashah Kaku has also been discovered where pottery beads, terracotta objects and other things have been found.

Four other sites have been discovered by Mr. H L. Srivastava, from all of which terracotta objects, painted beads, etc. were recovered.—United Press.

MIRABEN AT DALHOUSIE

Under Dr. Dharmavir's Treatment

DALHOUSIE, June 16

Shrimati Miraben, disciple of Mahatma Gandhi, arrived at Dalhousie yesterday from Wardha. She is staying with Dr. Dharmavir as his guest and patient. Dr. Dharwar went to Pathankot to receive her and accompany her to Dalhousie.

Shrimati Miraben has been in indifferent health for sometime and is at present suffering from Malarial fever. On Mahatma Gandhiji's advice she decided to come to Dalhousie for a change. She returns to Wardha only after getting herself completely cured.—United Press.

Mr. Melbourne Inman, the world famous Billiards Champion.

TODDY-MAN'S WIFE'S MODESTY OUTRAGED

Accused Sentenced To Two Months

(From Our Correspondent)
BANDRA: June 16.

The City First Class and Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Bandra, delivered judgment and convicted Lawrence John Gawria of Khar and sentenced him to two months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 25 for trespassing into the house of a toddy shopkeeper and outraging the modesty of his young wife.

The facts of the case disclose that while the complainant's husband had gone out at about 9 p.m. to attend a caste-meeting in Khari, village some distance away from his hut, Gawria, who also attended the meeting, left the meeting under a pretext and went to the hut of the toddy man.

The toddy-man's young wife was sleeping in the room of the hut with the door closed but not latched from inside. There was a lamp burning in the room.

On hearing the noise of the opening of the door the toddy-man's wife who was not asleep, got up from the bed and stood up. Gawria began to take liberties with her and outraged her modesty. The woman ran out of the room but she was again caught, whereupon she raised cries.

The toddy-man who was returning to the hut heard the cries of his wife and ran to her assistance. He caught hold of Gawria and shouted for help. Gawria tried to run away but in the meantime a policeman from the nearby chowki arrived and Gawria was handed over to him.

The Bandra Police prosecuted Gawria for outraging the modesty and trespassing into the toddy-man's house.

The story of Gawria was that he was on intimate terms with the toddy-man's wife, before her marriage, two years ago and that he had gone that day by appointment and that she raised a cry, when she saw her husband had arrived in order to defend her conduct in the eyes of her husband. The Magistrate disbelieving the defence sentenced Gawria as stated above.

Mr. R. S. Bulsara, Advocate appeared for the toddy-man, and Gawria was defended by Mr H.K. Nargolekar, Advocate.

ALL-INDIA MUSIC CONFERENCE AT GAYA

(From A Correspondent).
GAYA, (By Mail).

It has been decided to hold a session of the All-India Music Conference at Gaya, sometime in October next. A strong committee has been formed with Rai Bahadur Kasinath Singh as Chairman and Khan Bahadur Hadi Hossein, Mr. Govind Nakphopa, Rai Bahadur P. C. Ghosh and others as Vice-Chairmen, Mr. Paresh Nath Sen as the General Secretary, Mr. Ajit Saran Mukherjee, as Secretary, and Dr. Bimal Kumar Ghosh as the Organiser-in-Chief.

Lt. M. R. A. Ainslie Dead

(From Our Correspondent.)
SIMLA, June 15.

A press note announces that intimation has been received of the death of Lt. M.R.A. Ainslie, first Battalion, Sixteenth Punjab Regiment. He died of gangrenous appendicitis at the British Military Hospital at Karachi yesterday.

The Calcutta Corporation sanctioned the estimated cost of Rs. 140 for making the necessary arrangement for the celebration of the C. R. Das' death anniversary to-day at Sahnagar Burning Ghat.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSJ. 21.53 Mc|s (13.93m) GSH 21.47 Mc|s. (13.97m). GSG 17.70 Mcs. (16.86m). GSF 15.14 Mc|s. (19.82m).

7-45 p.m. Big Ben. The Margate Municipal Orchestra. Conductor, Herbert Lodge, From the Winter Gardens, Margate. 9-15 p.m. 'An Ulster Notebook'. A talk by Denis Ireland. 9-30 p.m. Variety. With Hughes and Lever entertaining at the piano. 9-40 p.m. The News and Announcements. 10-0 p.m. Dance Music. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 k|cs.

8-30 a.m. A Violin Recital. An AIR Artist. 8-40 a.m. Talk (Gujerati): "The Piper of Pax" by K. B. Godrej. 8-55 a.m. Classical Music. Vajid Hussein. "Allah mandi araj" Khayal. "Baju bande khul khul jay" Bhairavi. 9-30 a.m. Close down. 12-0 noon A Selection of Indian Music. Sudhira Sengupta and brother Naat. Munni, Kapal and Shivdayal Prarthana. Faquiruddin and Aslam Duets. Zamiruddin Khan Pancham. Manikmala Geet. Angurbala Bhajan. K. C. Dey Geet. Gandhari Tangal Bahar. (Recorded—H.M.V.) 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates and Announcements. Reminiscences. 6-0 p.m. The News in Marathi. 6-5 p.m. A Sonata Recital. by Fredrick Lamond. Piano. 6-30 p.m. To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. 7-30 p.m. "About the Home" A Real Cook's Tour: "Russian Dishes" by Hilda Flanders. 7-45 p.m. Dance Interlude. Victor Sylvester and his orchestra. Foxtrot: "It's raining in California" "Got rhythm in your feet". Harry Roy and his Orchestra. Foxtrot. "Nobody's Sweetheart". Quick-Step. "Bugle Call Rag". (Recorded — Parlophone). 8-0 p.m. A Mandolin Recital. by Nune Collars. Frank Collars. Spanish Guitar. 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. Talk (English): "Cricket". by Commander C. B. Fry. (A BBC Recorded Programme). 9-15 p.m. The News. 9-30 p.m. Sarod Solos. Ram Hari Marathe; Chakradhar; Durga; Malkounsa. 10-0 p.m. Light Music. Manoramabai Parwatkar. 11-0 p.m. Close down.

Delhi Programme

7-40 a.m. Sarangi Solo by Ghulam Sabir. 7-50 a.m. Afzal Husain. "Mera Salam le ja" Naat. "Sina-o-dil hasraton se chha gaya Bae hujumli-yas, ji ghabra gaya" Mir. "Dil kis ki chashm-i-mast ka sarshar ho gaya Kis ki nazar lagi jo yeh bimar ho gaya" Mir Dard. 8-10 a.m. Zohra Jan. 8-40 a.m. 1st News (Hindustani). 8-50 a.m. 1st News (English). 9-0 a.m. Time Signal. Close down. 6-30 p.m. Time Signal. Vina on Tambura. by Ghulam Sabir. 6-40 p.m. Zohra Jan. 7-5 p.m. Sitar Solo by H. H. Chughtai. 7-15 p.m. Rafique Ghaznavi 7-45 p.m. "For Villagers Only" (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 8-0 p.m.) 8-30 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): "Readings" 8-45 p.m. Zohra Jan. 9-5 p.m. Duet: by Zohra Jan and Rafique Ghaznavi. 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report. (Hindustani). 9-30 Time Signal. 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "Forts of India" No. 3 Mandu. by K. M. Sarkar. 10-0 p.m. John Foulds' Instrumental Combination. Assisted by Sylvia Bourne: Mezzo-Soprano.

Venue Of Charmakar Conference

BOMBAY, June 15.

At a meeting of the Reception Committee of the Charmakar Industrial Conference held under the presidentship of Subedar Gopal Vithoo, Chairman, it was unanimously decided to hold the conference in Damodar Thakarsay Hall, Parel, on June 19 and in Apollo Cinema, Parel on June 20.—United Press.

Vigour Restored, Glands Made Young In 24 Hours

It is no longer necessary to suffer from loss of vigour and manhood, weak memory and body, nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, depression, and poor sleep, because an American Doctor has discovered a quick, easy way to end these troubles.

This discovery is in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, is absolutely harmless, does away with gland operations and is bringing new youth and vigour to thousands. It works directly on the glands and nerves, and puts new, rich blood and energy in your veins. In 24 hours you can see and feel yourself getting younger. Your eyes sparkle, you feel alive and full of youthful vigour and power.

And this amazing, new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, is guaranteed. It has been proved by thousands in America and is now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the empty package and get your money back. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you.

South Indian Association

The Eleventh Annual General Body Meeting of the S. I. Association, Bombay, was held on Sunday at Matunga.

In moving for the adoption of the annual report the President Mr. K. S. Ramachandra Iyer referred to the very useful services that the institution had been rendering to the South Indians in Bombay during the last 11 years of its existence.

The President regretted that its usefulness had to be restricted from reaching a wider field than now, due to lack of funds. He remarked that if only the South Indians had developed the same amount of pride and love for their community as some other sister communities in Bombay, the Association would have been to-day one of the most flourishing institutions in the city. He appealed to all to show more enthusiasm and make the institution a powerful one by lending their support.

After adoption of the report, new office bearers were elected. Mr. K. S. Ramachandra Iyer and Mr. P. K. Ramanathan were re-elected as President and General Secretary respectively for the coming year.

The following resolutions were then unanimously passed:—

(1) "This meeting of the S. I. Association in Bombay conveys its thanks to Mr. C. V. Vijaya Raghavacharlar, Presidency Post Master, Bombay, for additional postal facilities provided in the outlying parts of the city such as Matunga, Dadar and Mahim."

(2) "It further resolves that the G. I. P. Railway authorities be approached with a view to giving additional facilities for the through travelling passengers to Madras by,

(a) Accelerating the speed of the Madras Mail which at present takes 6 hours more than the Madras Express;

(b) That suitable arrangements be made to relieve the over-crowding in the Madras Express by stopping issue of tickets upto Shoalapur by this train and by providing additional compartments;

(c) That arrangements be made for stopping both the Down and Up Madras Mail and Express at Matunga."

(3) "It further resolves that the G. I. P. Railway authorities be approached to appoint one of their representatives on the Local Advisory Committee."

SENTENCE ON 'KIRTI' EDITOR COMMUTED

LAHORE, June 15.

The sentence passed on Mr. Mohanlal, editor of "Kirti," a Socialist organ, to undergo 18 months' imprisonment has been reduced by the Sessions Judge to six months who also changed the charge under Section 17 (2) to 17 (1) Criminal Law Amendment Act.

It will be recalled that the local Magistrate sentenced Mr. Mohanlal to 18 months' imprisonment in what was known as the "Laldhandora Pamphlet Case."—United Press.

REVOLVER FIND IN DELHI VILLAGE

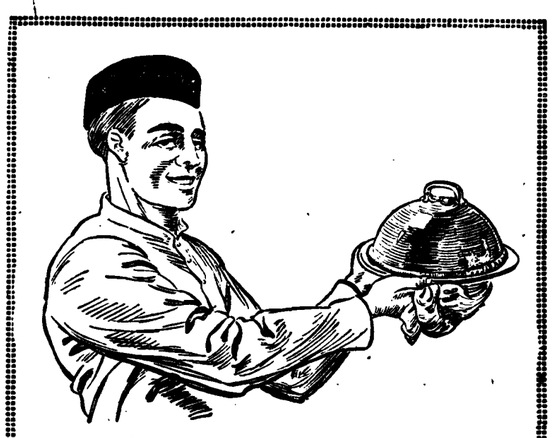
(From Our Correspondent).
DELHI, June 15.

A police party raided village Prahaladpur, in Narela Police Station, yesterday night and it is alleged recovered a country-made pistol from the possession of a person stated to be a member of a notorious gang of dacoits.

BOY ELECTROCUTED

There was a tragic accident when a seven-year old boy while playing in the compound of his house met his death by electrocution.

The Kalyan School Board has accepted the proposal of the Director of Public Instruction, Bombay to introduce compulsory primary free education in the town of Kalyan. About 500 boys and girls will benefit by the scheme.



BRING OUT THE FLAVOUR OF CURRIES

There is no better way of bringing out the flavour of savoury dishes than by adding Bovril to the *masalas*. Even a teaspoonful of it makes a world of difference not only to the taste but also to the nutriment. Doctors have realised for years that Bovril provides something which ordinary food cannot supply. For Bovril has unique powers of speeding up and encouraging those vital processes which lie at the root of all nutrition.

ENLIVEN YOUR MEALS WITH

BOVRIL

City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Jeth Sud 9, 1993
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akhar 7, 1356
Parsi: Deh 15, 1306
Hightide: 7-08 18-38
Lowtide: 0-44 12-50
Sunrise: 6h 1m
Sunset: 7h 17m
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
S. S. Comorin with mails of the 3rd instant due at 5 p.m.

Friday, June 18.

First LL.B. Examination Results, 2 p.m.

BANDRA MUNICIPAL SCHOOL BOARD

The opening of the New Gujarati and Marathi Schools at Mr. R. R. Mody's Bungalow, Tilak Road, Santa Cruz will be performed by Dr. P. A. Dias, President of the Bandra Municipality today (Thursday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.)

HARIJAN MEETING AT BANDRA

A meeting of Harijans from Bandra will be held under the presidentship of Mr. Y. V. Navalkar, to express their gratitude to the Collector Mr. Streatfield, Bombay Suburban District for allotting one reserved seat for the Harijans on the Bandra Municipal Board at 7 p.m. to-day (Thursday) in the Municipal School No. 6, Pali

JACOB CIRCLE SPORTS CLUB v. JUHU CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION

The following players will represent 'Jacob Circle Sports Club' in a 1 day's cricket match against 'The Juhu Catholic Association' on Sunday, the 20th instant at Mahalaxmi. Time 2-0 p.m.

1. N P Fonseca, Captain
2. Rev P E Fernandes
3. P H Crasto
4. A E D'Souza
5. G Gomes
6. D D'Souza
7. F. D'Souza
8. D Faria
9. P D'Souza
10. M Ferreira and
11. S Pinto.

Reserves: Alex and Martin

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"And Sudden Death" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5 and 7-15 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Elephant Boy" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Windbag the Sailor" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Journey's End" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"The President" Daily at 5 and 7-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Pratibha" Daily at 5-15 and 7-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Struggle" Daily at 5 and 7-30 p.m
OPERA HOUSE—"Jawani-ki-Hawa" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Kulvadhu" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m
REGAL—"May Time" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Jagirdar" Daily at 3 and 6 p.m.
WEST-END—"Insaf". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

BOMBAY MYSORE ASSOCIATION

The birthday celebrations of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore will be celebrated on Sunday, June 20 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Sri Vanivilas Memorial Hall on Plot No. 393, King's Circle, Matunga.

PRIZES FOR VADNAGARA NAGAR STUDENTS

The Vadnagara Nagar Mandal, Bombay invites applications from the students of the community for the following prizes:

1. For obtaining highest number of marks in the B.A. Examination of the Bombay University (1937).
2. For obtaining highest number of marks in the Matriculation examination under new rules of the Bombay University. One prize is also reserved for lady student obtaining highest number of marks from amongst those lady students of the community who may have appeared in this examination.
3. For obtaining highest number of marks in Mathematics.
4. For obtaining highest number of marks in Karve University's Matriculation Examination.

Applications must reach the Secretaries, Vadanagara Nagar Mandal, Bombay, A/58 Panalal Terraces, Grant Road, Bombay No. 7 by 31st July 1937

SAVED FROM GALLOWS

Acquittal In Double Murder Case

Mr. Justice Macklin and Mr. Justice Engineer at the High Court heard the appeal filed by Bhimya Parasappa Holer, a Mahar, who was sentenced to death by the Sessions Judge of Bijapur for the murder of his wife Sonavantrava and her paramour Yellappa.

The accused lived with his wife in Aheri village. The woman had developed a romance with Yellappa and the two eloped to Sholapur.

The accused traced the lovers at the end of a long search. After some discussion they all went to three villages in succession. After leaving the last village, Tadvulga, the accused killed the other two on the way.

The accused's defence was that he was attacked by the two lovers and apprehending that his life was in danger he killed them in self-defence.

The Sessions Judge, disagreeing with the assessors, convicted the accused of murder and sentenced him to death.

In appeal, the High Court held that the accused did not exceed his right of self-defence under the circumstances of the case.

Their Lordships set aside the sentence and acquitted the accused.

Mr. R. A. Jagirdar appeared for the appellant and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY

Results Of M.Sc. (Physics) Exam.

The following is a list of candidates who have passed the M.Sc. Examination in Physics of the Benares Hindu University, held in the month of April, 1937.

Roll No	Name of candidate.	Class.
20.	C. Rama Chandra Rao	III.
21.	I. Bhavana Charyulu	II.
22.	J. Bhimasenachar	II.
23.	M. Sri Ramchandrachari	II.
24.	Nand Lal Banerji	III.
25.	Om Prakasha Kahol	II.

GIRGAUM D. C. C.

The Jt. Hon. Secretary Girgaum District Congress Committee writes:—The public are hereby informed that the office of the Girgaum District Congress Committee has been shifted to No. 3, Congress House Compound (Original Premises) from Tuesday 15th June 1937.

"MOTOR OWNERS MUST PAY UP"

Bombay Head Police Office's Reminder

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:

Motor owners who have paid tax on their vehicles for the quarter ending 30th June 1937 are reminded that the next instalment of tax falls due on 1-7-1937 and the amounts should be remitted to the Motor Vehicles Department Head Police Office, Bombay, together with the forms of application for the renewal of registration, within fifteen days from 1-7-1937.

Renewal forms can be obtained from the Motor Vehicles Department which will be open for the collection of tax between 10.45 a.m. and 3.0 p.m. on week days, except Saturday, on which day it will be open between 10.45 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.

To avoid delay it is requested that payments be made early.

Owners of motor vehicles bearing extra Provincial or State numbers should note that the fifteen days grace does not apply to them and that the tax due on their vehicles should be paid on or before the expiry of the tokens already issued to them.

If cheques are presented in payment of tax and are subsequently dishonoured, penalty according to rules will be charged unless the subsequent payment in lieu of the dishonoured cheques is made before the last date of payment.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL T. U. CONFERENCE

"Postponed 'Sine Die' As Requisite Notice Not Given"

Mr. V. G. Kulkarni, Secretary, Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress writes:—

The Bombay Provincial Trade Union Conference has been decided to be held at Ahmedabad on the 20th and 21st of this month by the local organisers. It seems that various Trade Unions in the province have been communicated to that effect. But the information and the invitation of the Conference has been received by a number of Unions only to-day that is on 16th inst. I am therefore communicating to all the constituent Unions of the Bombay Provincial Committee that the Conference has been postponed 'sine die' as the requisite notice required by the T. U. C. Constitution has not been given. At such a short notice as the one given it is not possible for the various representatives of the Unions to attend the Conference.

Harwood League

Cheshires Forge Ahead

Bombay City Beaten After Close Fight: Rain Mars Play

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Cheshire Regiment and the Bombay City, who had eight points each to their credit respectively, met, in the first division of the Harwood League Football, at the Cooperage, this evening, to decide the issue in the first round matches.

Deserved Victory

After a very close fight, in which football of a high order was provided, the Cheshires' efforts were crowned with success when they beat their formidable opponents by 2 goals to 1.

Bombay City Unlucky

On resumption, when the wind favoured the Bombay City, unluckily for them, a smart shower of rain came in their way, but for which they might have done better. The Cheshires deserve credit as, in striking contrast to their opponents, they played a good balanced game on the mud-and-water ground.

THE GAME.

Right from the kick off Westcott took charge of the attacking operations. Bell was set in motion in the left flank. He sent in two lovely centres which were cleared away. At the fifth minute, however, Higgins, the Cheshire in-side left, found the net with a beautiful header, Powell being responsible for the pass from the right wing. Encouraged by their initial success, the Infantry men continued the pressure and the City custodian had a few anxious moments.

It did not take the City long to find their balance. A neat passing bout between the forwards culminated in Schepers scoring the equaliser from a close range, at the tenth minute.

Goals were visited in turns thereafter for a short while, until the Cheshires caught when in difficulties. A corner kick from the left saw Keegans, the Cheshire inside-right, notching the third goal of the day which put the Regiment ahead by one goal after twenty minutes play. Westcott put in a fine header soon after but it was smartly cleared by Cohen.

With a strong wind behind them the Cheshires practically monopolised the attack and Cohen was repeatedly called upon to save dangerous shots at his citadel. The City custodian kept his charge intact in brilliant style till half time was called.

RAIN MARS PLAY

The Cheshires crossed over with a lead of one goal, the score board showing two goals to one. Now the City had the wind in their favour. But a smart shower of rain intervened. In the blinding rain scientific football was out of the question. Still the Cheshires played a wonderfully balanced game and made many a dangerous move towards the City goal. Cohen had his hands full, but he was always safe. The City forwards had an occasional look in of the Infantry goal without any seeming danger to the Cheshire score. Despite their repeated efforts the Cheshires failed to increase the score.

THE RESULT.

CHESHIRES	2 goals
BOMBAY CITY	1 goal

THE TEAMS

CHESHIRES: Rigby; Slack and Barnes; Jones, Teece and Harding; Powell, Keegans, Westcott, Higgins and Bell.

BOMBAY CITY: Cohen; Almeida and Leonard; Martinsze, Pope and D'Cunha; Strickland, Proudhurst, Schepers, Wirth and Wilkins.

REFEREE: Birchnell.

EXHIBITION BILLIARDS

Lindrum And Inman To Play At Taj

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Billiards enthusiasts of Bombay were looking forward to this opportunity of seeing, Horace Lindrum, the nephew of the world-famous billiards champion and Melbourne Inman, another world-renowned player, in action. Their epic encounter comes off at the Taj Mahal Hotel to-morrow, Thursday, night. It is a rare chance, for those interested in the game to see an exhibition of a very high standard of billiards hardly ever seen in the City before.

Hard To Believe

By the way, they are playing at the Bombay Gymkhana to-night but unfortunately the Press has not been allowed to cover the match. The Gymkhana authorities declare it to be a private function. Is it not a pity that players of such repute should play in the City and not a word about it go in the papers?

The Gymkhana people may have their own reasons. It is none of our job to interfere.

CHRONICLE

CROSSWORD No. 2

Closing Date THURSDAY 24th JUNE, 1937.

Look Out For Coupons In Our Issue Of Sunday 20th June Pages 27 & 28

Rs. 3,500 In Prizes

Send Your Entries At An Early Date

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN).

With rural reconstruction proceeding apace, the slogan of "Clean up Suburban Villages" is both apt and necessary if any headway is to be made in improving the lot of those whose homes are in the suburbs. Villagers must be taught to prefer cleanliness to dirt and appreciate its many advantages. Then and only then will the suburban villages be completely free from disease and public health will show a marked improvement. If the public cannot help themselves then even the modern drainage plants that are being introduced in the suburban area, will be a mere waste and quite meaningless. Therefore every effort should be made by suburban municipalities to impress upon the poor uneducated villagers who live in the remote parts of the suburbs, that cleanliness is the most important factor that must be practised.

The report of the public health committee of the Bandra Municipal Board for 1936 makes good reading. Except for small-pox which recorded 11 cases, of which 4 proved fatal there was no other epidemic or any infectious diseases throughout the Bandra Municipal areas.

With the help of the Police over 3,000 stray dogs and 4,500 rats were destroyed. Most of the wells within the Bandra Municipal areas were periodically treated with potassium permanganate and the Bazars were carefully looked after.

The services of the health department staff were made available and a number of lectures, exhibitions and cinema shows were held to enlarge public knowledge of health. A grant of Rs 1,200 for carrying on propaganda work on Maternity and Infant Welfare was made to the Bandra Baby Week Committee. Another grant of Rs. 250 was also given to the Bombay Suburban District Branch of the Lady Wilson Village Maternity Association. The birth, death and infantile death rate per thousand of population are 26.27, 14.64 and 158.96 respectively.

EXTENSION OF BANDRA HOSPITAL.

About Rs. 27,000 were spent by the Municipality for the upkeep of the Hospital during the year.

I understand that an additional story is to be added to the existing building in order to make more room for more beds. The cost of this extension is to come from the funds of the generous donation made by Mr. H. J. Bhabha after whom the hospital is named.

OPENING OF NEW SCHOOLS.

To-day at 8 a.m. Dr. P. A. Dias, the Mayor of Bandra is to perform the opening ceremony of new Gujarati and Marathi Schools, at Mr. R. R. Mody, Solicitor's Bungalow, Tilak Road, Santa Cruz.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Timings at Victoria Terminus on and from April 1, 1937:—

Trains	Arr. H.M	Dep H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 30
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 10	15 0
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only)	10 30	
Deccan Queen on Fridays only)		17 15
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 00	18 55
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 5
Poona Fast Passenger	17 0	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 0

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timing in force from May 25, 1937:—

Trains	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays at Ballard Pier	8 55	
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 20
Kathiawar Express	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger	21 10	8 55
"The Flying Ranee"	9 48	
"The Flying Ranee" daily except on Saturdays		18 5
"The Flying Ranee" on Saturdays only		15 10

BOTH ACCUSED GET FINE

Judgment In Trade Mark Dispute Case

The exclusive right to use a trade mark, although it was not registered, was established by a soap manufacturer before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, when he obtained conviction of a former employee and a customer.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of Rs. 50 in default one month's rigorous imprisonment on both accused. The accused were Mohamed Mirza and Esmail Mulla Abdulally Rangwalla.

Mr. Yusuf Abdulla, Advocate, who appeared for the prosecution stated that his client Mehandi Hussein, Proprietor of Moon Dyeing Factory, had been marketing dyeing soaps manufactured by him under two trade marks. For sixteen years he had the exclusive right of these two trade marks and he had established the sale of his dyeing soaps under them.

Sometime in 1935, the first accused, a former employee of his factory, it appears, registered the trade mark in his own name and assigned it to the second accused, a soap dealer.

Counsel laid stress on the fact that though the declaration of registration was made yet no soap was manufactured by the first accused. It was "knavery" of the Bohri merchant, accused No. 2, that was responsible for the elaborate preparations of documents with which they hoped to hoodwink and silence the complainant.

Mr. Yusuf Abdulla proved that these documents were bogus and fraudulent. The other defence taken up by the first accused was that for 3-1|2 years he was a partner and not a servant of the complainant.

The Magistrate after perusing the numerous exhibits which were admitted in evidence held that the prosecution had established their right to the use of the trade marks.

He characterised the claim of the first accused to partnership in the factory as false and fictitious. The documents were bogus and in fact they were prepared to cheat the complainant.

The accused were therefore convicted and sentenced as stated above.

Ships In Radio Communication With Bombay

Bombay Radio Office

Inwards: Jehangir, Chyebassa, Clan Murray, Nouralia, Baroda, Victoria/Ienk and Netravati.

Outwards: Pecton, British Judge, Warshindoo, Nichiyo Maru and Rizwani.

Sangeet's "Journey's End" Or "Jeewan Swapna"

ZANANA SHOW TO-DAY AT IMPERIAL

There will be a Zanana Show of the "Journey's End" or "Jeewan Swapna," Sangeet Movietone's socio musical, now running in its 5th week, at the Imperial Cinema, Lamington Road to-day (Thursday) at 2 p.m. (S.T.).

THE EXCELSIOR
AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
WILL HAY
In his LATEST, Scream
"WINDBAG THE SAILOR"
A SUPER LAUGH-RIOT

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
N.B.—Taxi-drivers and chauffeurs, on presentation of their licence, will be admitted at HALF-PRICE in the Rs. 1-2 and 9 As. Classes.
SPEED!
THRILLS!
CRASH!
RANDOLPH SCOTT
FRANCES DRAKE
IN PARAMOUNT'S
thrill-a-minute drama
"AND SUDDEN DEATH"
Also the
DERBY!

REGAL
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
to Friday 18th June
M-G-M's GREATEST MUSICAL ROMANCE!

Also the
DERBY!
(Free List Suspended)

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Hot weather lassitude, headaches and 'nerviness' are easily and swiftly conquered by Genasprin. Just two tablets in a glass of water will make you feel fresh and full of 'go' once more. Genasprin is absolutely pure—it has no harmful after-effects.
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1937

THE ONLY REPLY

The President of the Congress has given an authoritative and fitting reply to Lord Zetland's threat not to give any assurance to Congress so long as it is pledged to a policy of wrecking the Constitution. With intense and unmistakable earnestness he said in his speech at Calcutta: "On your behalf and as President of the Indian National Congress let me say that the declaration made by Congress at Faizpur regarding the new Act is not going to be withdrawn whatever happens; the declaration of Congress that it is not going to work the new Reforms will remain unchanged in spite of everything". That is also the view of every responsible Congress leader and if Lord Zetland thinks that the prospect of office may induce any section of the Congress even to relax that policy, he will have to wait till doomsday.

Carrying Out Constructive Programme

While the Congress attitude towards the Constitution cannot possibly be revised, it should be noted that that attitude is not incompatible with the acceptance of office or its use for the purpose, among others, of carrying out the constructive programme that forms part of the Congress Election Manifesto. And, as Babu Rajendra Prasad remarks in a press interview, it is "to clear the way for a constructive programme of building up national strength with the least interference" that an assurance has been demanded from the Governors. We have shown before that in the present stage of the struggle for freedom the Congress is compelled to follow a dual policy, constructive as well as combative, both in the legislatures and outside them. The two sides of the policy are clearly indicated in the Election Manifesto; and merely because some Congress leaders deem it necessary on occasions to stress constructive work, it is wrong to suggest that they are drifting towards co-operation with Government. As Rajen Babu puts it, "those in favour of office acceptance could not be accused of accepting office in order to strengthen the British Government in India; they felt they were in a better position to end the Act than those aiming at creating a deadlock". A deadlock is not for that reason to be avoided. It is essential on the right occasion. But it is not to be regarded as the sole business of the Congress in the legislatures. If it were so, there would be not a word about the constructive programme that forms such a prominent part of the Election Manifesto.

Working Committee's Meeting

Though there is no chance whatever of the Congress revising its general policy towards the Constitution, some of its critics say that attempts are being made to devise a fresh formula about the Governor's assurance, acceptable to both sides and consistent with the spirit of the Delhi resolution of the A. I. C. C. Some other critics go farther and most uncharitably interpret the utterances of leaders like Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and even Gandhiji as if they were hungering for unqualified acceptance of office and co-operation with Government. Gandhiji's latest formula cannot reasonably be interpreted as being against the spirit of the Congress policy or the Working Committee's resolution. Nor can we believe he will offer a fresh formula inconsistent with that resolution. If there are any doubts on this point they will soon be cleared as the Working Committee will meet before the end of this month to settle the question finally. It will be for Gandhiji to issue a full and comprehensive statement on the subject even before the Committee takes a more or less irrevocable step.

Avoiding Realities

The proceedings of the Imperial Conference, which has just closed with the usual rites and spate of oratory, emphasizes first and foremost the growing independence of the Dominions of the "mother country" and, therefore, the looseness of the association of the so-called British Commonwealth of Nations. Two facts prove this: the patent desire of the Conference not to let real economic problems come anywhere near it and the open affirmation of the principle that each Dominion shall, henceforward, be responsible for its own defence and security. The speeches that were made rang with fairly sonorous platitudes about peace and the Commonwealth. But the most significant thing about them is that they were literally echoes of the standard eloquence on the subjects of International peace and solidarity among nations common to all International Conferences and the Assembly meetings of the League of Nations. The speakers meant no more than the Geneva orators have, historically, ever done—that is to say, nothing. There is not a single word which can furnish any indication that the orators tried—as an association—to come to the brass tacks as it were, of actual, impending realities of the International situation.

A war is imminent; in spite of pious hopes formally expressed there is the tacit admission of its imminence in the bandying of blessings on the rearmament programmes. But although it is imminent no attempt was made, in fact it was resolutely avoided, to organise the vaunted "solidarity" in preparation for it. And no wonder. The Dominions are independent, have independent interests and find conflicts between the policies of the mother-country and themselves. Australia may quite justifiably look askance at British attitude towards Japan. And South Africa is obviously uncomfortable—there was almost a pointed hint about it by General Hertzog—at Britain's consistent retreat before Italy and Germany in defiance of all obligations, moral and material While Canada, of course, is more closely interested in America than in Britain. War, like peace is indivisible. They all know that when it comes it will embrace all. But the British Commonwealth does not know how its members will react individually and severally. This is the sum-total of achievement of the Conference on the most important and urgent problem agitating the world.

There is, however, a significant reference to the League of Nations. The unanimous opinion is worded, with almost studious vagueness. But it does leave a clear impression that pro-Fascist British influence has been definitely dominant and assertive. What the League needs is not surrender to ex-Members but the strengthening of the Collective System. On this point the Conference appears to have preserved a singular but sinister silence. As to India and her position as revealed in the Conference, the subject will have to be dealt with separately. From the International and Common wealth points of view, the Conference has, at best, failed to make any positive contribution to the problem of Peace and Security.

Futile Plea

While the protests against that notorious speech of Lord Baden-Powell are gathering both in strength and volume, it is amusing to find that Scout Officials in India are adopting the policy of burying their heads in the sands of assumed ignorance. Surely Lord Baden-Powell has had more than sufficient time to withdraw his defamatory remarks by now. Far from doing so, he has only confirmed them in that egregious cable he sent a few days ago. And yet Sir Jamshedji Jeejeebhoy, the Provincial Scout Commissioner of Bombay, has just now issued a delightfully naive statement warning the public against taking any precipitate steps and advising them to await a detailed statement from the Headquarters. Sir Jamshedji's loyalty to the Chief Scout would have been admirable had it not been so futile. Any half-hearted retraction, which may be wrung from Lord Baden-Powell under diplomatic duress, so to say, will, however, be too belated now to lull Indians into the belief that all is well with the Scout Movement in this country. Far from it, indeed, is the case, and already a number of public meetings and associations have decided to form a new national movement. And we have no doubt the Bombay Municipal Corporation will take a similar decision. A representative conference will be greatly helpful in this connection, as we suggested a few days ago, and the sooner it is held, the better it will be.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(By Our London Correspondent)

Among visitors to London is Mr. O. E. Goonetilleke, the 44-year-old auditor-General of Ceylon.

Almost every afternoon one may see this smiling happy man at the National Liberal Club, where he has already a reputation as a chess player.

With him is his 15-year-old daughter. She is a pianist of promise and is studying under the direction of Mr. Harold Craxton.

A Halifax Story

It is in the small details of private life that true character so often makes itself known. According to "Pendennis," of the "Observer" many years ago Lord Halifax went down to attend a meeting in Oxford.

"He dined with a number of undergraduates at the rooms of one of them in Oriel Street. During dinner his neighbour turned suddenly and the contents of a dish were thrown over Lord Halifax's dinner jacket. For the rest of the meal he sat in his shirt-sleeves, completely unperturbed."

As one of the chaps said afterwards, "A fellow who can carry that off can do anything".

Perambulations of the Moon

The Astronomer Royal, Dr. H. Spencer Jones reported recently strange things. He said:

The moon is moving instead of keeping to its prescribed course. It is departing more and more from the path of mathematical rectitude.

On five days in the year ending April 30, Big Ben was more than a second wrong; on 49 days more than half a second wrong, and wrong by less than half a second on 223 days.

The sunshine recorded during the year was the smallest for forty years in Britain. Atmospheric pollution at Greenwich was twenty-five per cent. worse than in the previous twelve months; and the first four months' rainfall —12.85 inches—has never previously been approached for these four months of the year.

Finally, the Astronomer Royal also revealed that fifteen books are missing from the library. Their departure is as big a mystery as the perambulations of the moon.

Duchess of Windsor

The Duchess of Windsor, though she has not been given the right to the title of "Her Royal Highness", will have her Coat of Arms. This will be granted by that ancient and quaint institution, the College of Heralds.

The Arms will be identified with those of her husband. Had she already held Arms in her own right they would have been "quartered" with this. The Duchess will thus be entitled to use the Royal Arms of England with a badge bearing a royal crown, which are the Arms granted by the King to his brother after his abdication.

Orders From Downing Street

British newspapers which have most strongly supported the Government in its attitude to the Duke of Windsor and which, like the British film industry, have exercised voluntary censorship when requested, had urgent messages from Downing Street, on Thursday, (June 3) night.

They were asked, it is stated, to cut out all references to the bishops, bishops suffragan, prebendaries, and others who had made statements or given interviews on the case of the Rev. R. A. Jardine. It was pointed out to them that the Church spokesmen had made themselves ridiculous, and by their attitude had created sympathy for the Duke of Windsor among that section of the British public which was hitherto hostile to him. The newspapers concerned agreed to do as Downing Street wished.

Abdication Speech Record

Banned by British gramophone record manufacturers, records of the Duke of Windsor's Abdication broadcast speech are on sale in the West End.

So great has been the demand for these records, which are being

(Continued on page 10 Col. 4)

The Problem Of Fish

By "A DISTRIBUTIST"

Measures For Protecting The Individual Producer

According to a Press report, six families of fishermen consisting of 31 souls in the suburban village of Danda have been subjected to a rigorous social boycott for the sin of having bought fish by breaking the monopoly established by a local owner of a steam-launch.

Grant For Middlemen

One may presume that the monopoly is based not on a contractual or any other legal understanding as the alleged aggrieved party could seek his remedy in a civil court instead of invoking the authority of social boycott that must eventually force these poor people to leave their village. The steam launch is claimed to be useful in expediting the supply of fresh fish for public consumption and figured prominently in the controversy carried on in this journal sometime ago about the city's supply of fish. It has been pointed out that the grant-in-aid given by Government to enterprising middlemen to import fish from the Konkan sea coast was wasted inasmuch as it did not improve the conditions of supply. One could easily verify this by paying a visit to any of the city fish markets.

Living On Fish

The imported fish dumped on the local market, probably because it is caught the previous day, tastes insipid and it is a matter of surprise to one why the Municipal authorities do not destroy some of it which is definitely inedible. Public money, again, should be spent on a scheme that benefitted the fishermen not the commercial middleman. Only a co-operative effort organised by, or in behalf of the actual producers could achieve this primary object. The import system, moreover, affects the town markets of the coastline and the groups or villages which are practically robbed of the only article of food that keeps them nutritionally alive. The entire population in this area mostly of peasants lives in poverty and chronic semi-starvation and fish at least during certain months, is the only food that contains any nutrition principle and which they could afford to buy.

Fishermen's Fight

The Government professes to protect the small producer. Is he benefitted in any way in the actual working of this scheme apart from crippling of the local cheap supply of fish—a serious enough problem in itself that affects the health of a population of thousands or over thousands of systematically ill-nourished human beings? The fishermen of the coastline live in perpetual poverty what with the uneconomic stage of the ancestral trade, bad organisation, proportionate poverty of the consumers and the greed of the moneylenders' and liquor vendors' parasitism. A population mostly of Hindu and Catholic fishermen is absorbed in this uncertain and precarious trade and although the impression is sought to be fostered that what is wrong are their fishing methods, it is impossible to see how the 'modern' methods could be introduced in the midst of the intrinsically unfavourable conditions of a poor market and ill-organised or bad transport. Their problem altogether is part of the greater problem of universal poverty of the mass of the population.

Case For Distributism

The consumer of fish must insist on the existence of an open market, not monopoly. There is no justification for establishment of any monopoly that hits the real interests to the entire class of producers whether they lived in Danda, Devgad, Malwan, Vengurla or Karwar. Every fisherman has a right to catch, buy and sell fish and no interference with this right should be permitted. As consumers we would prefer buying fish from the fisherman with the assurance that the sale benefits him and his family and the idea of commercial rings combines and monopolies must be opposed. In most modern countries there is a definite tendency towards what is known as economic distribution and we would do well to learn its lesson in combating the ravages of the "rentiers'" racket that ruins the small producer, the small trader and the individual whose well-being, after all, contributes a great deal to the collective prosperity of the community.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

DE VALERA'S ACHIEVEMENT

The Dail has passed the new Irish Constitution with a fairly large and decisive majority. By the passing of the Constitution Ireland records the achievement of practically complete Independence. She now remains a member of the British Commonwealth of Nations in name only for even the ties which have not been severed in respect of foreign affairs are not really binding. Save for the fact that Ulster is yet to be re-united to "Eire"—and there is no doubt that the consummation will take a good deal of time—Mr. de Valera can rightly feel satisfaction in the thought that he has won in his life-time what he and Sinn Fein had set out to do. The constitution is, of course, to be submitted to a referendum. But in spite of Mr. Cosgrave's threat the acceptance of it by the country is a foregone conclusion. That the people are fundamentally in favour of the new Constitution is proved by the significant fact that Mr. MacDermot, whose amendments on behalf of the Independents were all flatly rejected yet "argued in favour of the new Measure." There can be no doubt that the constitution represents the national will. It, however, remains to be seen if British statesmen will be wise enough—in the interests of economic relations—to accept it cheerfully

CRISIS IN ZANZIBAR

The Clove Monopoly Bill, which has already passed its first reading in the Zanzibar legislature, is expected to go through its third reading on the 24th instant. Naturally feeling desperate about this, the Indians in Zanzibar have decided to observe a hartal on the 21st but still hope against hope that the Government of India will not be quite impotent or indifferent as to do nothing to safeguard their interests. We are told that the Government are a little surprised at the hurry with which the Bill is being pushed through. But what have they done to prevent the defiant attitude of the Zanzibar Government, and what are they going to do now when they are confronted by the inevitable consequence of their inaction all these months? If they do not make a prompt and effective attempt to retrieve the situation, they cannot escape responsibility for the disaster that await the Indians in Zanzibar.

RAILWAY QUARTERS AT KALYAN.

We published yesterday a communication from Mr. S. H. Jhabwala regarding the miserable plight of Railway workers at Kalyan where, as Mr. Jhabwala says, "The G.I.P. Administration has provided a kind of broken dens and hovels in the name of residential quarters to a large number of its fitters, firemen and drivers". The full details of the alleged residential quarters—in the Agent's own country he will not accept them even for pig-stys—as given by Mr. Jhabwala are simply ghastly and revolting. And what makes the position all the worse is that these quarters exist in spite of repeated protests by the G.I.P. Workers' Union. We do not propose to say much at this stage. But we do seriously suggest to the Agent to remember that he owes some human responsibilities to the poor workers under him. The privileged class of Railway employees has enjoyed luxuries long enough at the expense of the poor so-called "menials". The time has come for the latter also to be treated like human beings. The time has come in spite of the fact that the Railway portfolio has been quietly taken away from an Indian member of the Government of India

FRANK ADMISSIONS

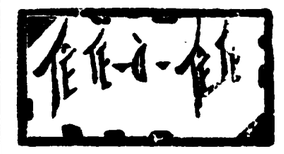
In giving his impressions of the Bombay Conference of Finance Ministers Sir J. P. Srivastava mentioned one new but sound reason why he thinks it unwise for Ministries like his to borrow for the purpose of implementing their programmes. "For obvious reasons", he said, the people do not know how the new Government will work and "it is no use disguising the fact that there is some prejudice against a minority Government borrowing." He has put it mildly but he has stated enough to show why most of those present at the Conference shared his view against the policy of borrowing. Sir Jwala Prasad made another frank admission when he remarked that "the tendency in these days is to adopt a programme which would steal the thunder of the Congress". He himself is incapable of even following the lead given by other Ministers.

CORPORATION AND HINDI SCHOOL

One of the items on the agenda of to-day's Corporation meeting is a letter from several signatories requesting the Municipal authorities that the Hindi school at Tardeo should be taken over by them. The Corporation has not been as mindful of the claims of the large section of the City's Hindi-speaking population as it should be and we trust it will seize the present opportunity of making up for past apathy.

RURAL RECONSTRUCTION

It was a very informative and instructive paper which was read at the Poona Rotary Club by Mr. S. R. Bhagwat the other day. Mr. Bhagwat has been engaged in rural reconstruction work for a good many years now and his experiences in this line will be found of interest not only by those engaged in similar work but by the general public as well. Mr. Bhagwat's efforts have been mainly individualistic, and the ideal he has placed before himself is to make the villages "self-contained, self-reliant and self-governing units". Mr. Bhagwat's efforts have already been marked by a fair measure of success and he has achieved almost a miracle in saving the little hamlet of Vadgaon (within a few miles of Poona) from total extinction due to the ravages of malaria. Recently in collaboration with Capt. Petavel, Mr. Bhagwat has prepared an ambitious programme for co-operative colonies, and a colony of this type is already established in the Satara district. Mr. Bhagwat's paper has been published in the form of a pamphlet and we recommend its perusal to all those interested in the subject.



Send Zetland To Lapland —Mr. Bharucha's demand. Why? What has Lapland done?

* * *

Speaking at the Imperial Conference on behalf of India (!) Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan said: "One feels even to-day that the international situation is somewhat easier than before the Conference met. Is it too much to claim that the impression created abroad by the Conference has made a contribution towards the improvement?"

Since his one fundamental duty as India's "representative" was to gush, the worthy "representative" gushed with a venegance where others studiously dried up.

But others were responsible persons and had to take the whole business seriously.

* * *

Sir Zafrullah Khan concluded his speech by thanking all and sundry even Sir Maurice Hankey and his staff.

Serious omissions were, of course, the Secretary of State, the Under-Secretary of State and the Viceroy and their staffs.

Yes? Oh no! Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan would not have been there as her "representative" if he had felt that an apology was due to India.

* * *

By the way how we wish the Junior Colleague was present at the Conference to discover the private reactions—if any—of the British and Dominion Premiers, Sir Maurice Hankey—and his staff—to the eloquence of India's "representative".

* * *

At the I. L. O. Conference, "Sir Frank Noyce cordially invited Mr. Harold Butler (the Director) to visit India on his way back from Japan."

To see how our Civil Servants and other employees of India are living on starvation wages in tenement rooms and working 60 hours a week?

We rather like the-er-er self-assurance of Sir Frank, though.

* * * *

RYOTS DENIED WATER SUPPLY

Alleged Harassment By Revenue Authorities In Hubli.

—Headlines.

We firmly deny the allegations on our own authority. And we unhesitatingly declared that it is pure propaganda to expose Honourable Comrade Jamnadas Mehta.

* * * *

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan deprecated at Jalgaon, the idea that the Congress was a Hindu body and stated that in his Province the people said it was purely a Muslim body.

This is all malicious propaganda by the Frontier Khan against "Me"—we mean against the Muslim League.

In the first place the Frontier Province does not deserve any recognition 'de jure', much less 'de facto'. In the second place Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan is a Congress adventurer.

* * * *

The Indian community in Zanzibar is observing a Hartal on June 21 as a protest against the Clove Monopoly Legislation.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, after making some preliminary inquiries as to what and where is Zanzibar, should send a cable calling upon Musalmans not to participate in it.

* * *

In the Dail Mr. Mac Dermot supported the new Constitution although all his amendments were rejected.

But there he is the leader of the Irish, not Indian, Independent Party.

* * *

"Guardians of International and world peace can have no favourites among nations" declared General Hertzog at the Empire Conference.

Was that, we wonder, a tactful hint at British relations with Germany and Italy?

* * *

The Only One?

Lloyd George is wild with the British Government. In a message to the Basque President he says. "It is a black page in the history of a powerful and free nation when they look on in craven silence at the spectacle of children massacred in their homes because of the loyalty of their fathers to freedom."

Were the situation not so intensely tragic one would feel like greeting Mr. Lloyd George's indignation with loud laughter.

Matric Exam. Twice A Year

DESHMUKH'S PROPOSAL ACCEPTED

Senate Committee To Inquire Into Present Position Of Commercial Education

The prospects of holding the Matriculation Examination twice a year, in the near future have been considerably enhanced, thanks to Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, whose resolution, amending the Statute in this respect, was carried by a majority at the resumed meeting of the Bombay University Senate at the Convocation Hall, on Wednesday.

Syndicates Attitude

The Syndicate resolved to report to the Senate that they were against holding the Matriculation twice a year but that if, notwithstanding the opinion of the Syndicate, the Senate wished that the examination should be held twice a year, it was open to the Senate to pass a Statute to that effect. The Statute was, therefore, passed.

Commercial Education

Professor Davar's resolution that a Committee be appointed to enquire into the present position of commercial education in the University was also accepted.

INQUIRY INTO IRREGULARITIES

On the motion of Mr. N. M. Shah as recommended by the Syndicate, the Senate adopted the following Statute relating to the recognition of schools:

"S. 193-B. The Department (The Department of Public Instruction of Bombay and the Department of Public Instruction of Sind) may bring to the notice of the Syndicate any irregularities in the conduct of any school in the Province of Bombay or Sind, as the case may be, recognised by the Syndicate but not by the Department, of which the Department may be aware. Whenever any irregularity is thus brought to their notice, the Syndicate shall hold an inquiry with a view to reconsidering, in the light of the information supplied by the Department, their previous decision regulating the School".

'VARSITY INFORMATION

Prof. A. V. Apte moved: "The Senate desires that this University should have a periodical giving to the public interested in University matters information regarding University activities and plans, and that the Syndicate should submit to the Senate at its next meeting proposals regarding its contents and the probable cost of its publications."

Mr. M. R. Paranjpe seconded the resolution.

Mr. K. T. Shah said that the purpose which the periodical was intended to serve would not be served, if there was a lengthy interval between the publications. He suggested that the periodical should be issued monthly or once in a fortnight, if possible.

Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee said that the University could at least issue periodical communiques regarding the activities of several of its Departments and thus keep the Press and the public informed.

After Principal Gadgil had spoken in favour of the motion, it was put to vote and was carried.

COMMERCIAL EDUCATION.

Principal Sorab R. Davar moved:—

"That a Committee consisting of the following members of the Senate be appointed to consider and report on:

(1) the present position of commercial education in the University, (2) to suggest means by which greater co-operation between the University and the commercial community can be achieved; (3) to ascertain how a commerce graduate could be made more valuable to the business world, and (4) to consider the feasibility of establishing a separate Faculty of Commerce in the University.

The names of members to constitute the Committee are:—Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Mr. G. L. Winterbotham, Dr. D. A. D'Monte, Mr. F. Stones, Mr. Shantilal Mangaldas, Diwan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri, Mr. R. P. Masani, Mr. N. J. Shah and Professor Sohrab R. Davar."

The mover after emphasising the need for creating better prospects of earning a decent livelihood for a commerce graduate, said that the entire Indian business community would welcome the proposition.

He urged that there were two Colleges of Commerce under the University and the time was now ripe for them to think of the introduction of a Faculty of Commerce. A separate Faculty would no doubt go a long way to deal with the problems peculiar to business education and would lead to much greater activity and progress in this branch of education.

The resolution was duly seconded.

Principal M. L. Tannan supporting the resolution said that he had seen a letter from the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industries to the effect that the University should not confer a degree until the student underwent practical training in a commercial house, but nothing further was done in the matter.

The resolution was carried.

MATRIC EXAM. TWICE A YEAR.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh moved:

"Between the Statute 203 and the Statute 204, insert the following as Statute 203A:—

"The Matriculation Examination shall be held twice a year at Bombay and at such other places as may from time to time be determined."

Dr. Deshmukh in an eloquent speech pointed out that three years ago, the Senate had expressed its unequivocal opinion on the question of holding the Matriculation Examination twice a year. Then every objection raised was fully gone into and after a thorough discussion the Senate expressed its opinion. The matter went up to the Syndicate and the Academic Council and now after three years came back to the Senate for opinion,

An objection was raised in the past, that in case the examination was held twice a year, the students would loaf about for six months, and one did not wish to have "matriculated loafers" (laughter). Obviously this gentleman wished, observed Dr. Deshmukh, that there should be only non-matriculate loafers.

The resolution was seconded

FOUR TIMES A YEAR

Mr. Paranjpe moved an amendment that the examination should be held four times a year. He said that by this arrangement adequately trained students could be sent up for the examination while the others could be asked to wait for three months for further training.

Miss G. J. Bahadurji urged that the University should bestow sufficient attention on the students who had passed the examination and who could not secure admission to the Colleges.

They deserved as much consideration at the hands of the University as the candidates who failed in the examination. The Supplementary examination somehow created an impression that low standard would satisfy the examiners. These were the dangers of holding examinations too frequently.

Mr. N. M. Shah supported the original motion and said that it was not practicable to hold the examination four times a year.

Mr. Paranjpe's amendment was lost and the original proposition of Dr. Deshmukh was carried 32 voting for 19 voting against, in the division.

BACK TO SYNDICATE

Others items on the Agenda including Mr. K. T. Shah's porposals for appointment of a Committee to consider and report on the conduct of the Matriculation Examination and for establishing Regional University in the Bombay Presidency were referred back to the Syndicate.

The Motion of Prof. P. A. Wadia and 22 other Fellows on the desirability of limiting the length of the Honours course in Arts to a period of two years after the Intermediate Arts Examination was ruled out of order.

This concluded the business of the present session of the Senate which adjourned 'sine die.'

INDO-AFGHAN TRADE

Representative To Hold Conversations In Simla

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, June 16.

A representative from Afghanistan is expected in Simla this season in order to discuss Indo-Afghan trade relations with the Government of India.

Report of Lala Shriram who went sometime back to Afghanistan and made proposals is already before the Government and may serve as a useful basis. Full details of trade between Afghanistan and India are now being collected but it is pointed out that owing to peculiar conditions in the area it is difficult to get accurate figures.

SHUNTING ENGINE DERAILED

Guard And Fireman Slightly Injured

ITARSI, June 16.

A shunting engine was derailed and damaged, and the driver and fireman slightly injured, when it collided here yesterday morning with an incoming goods train.

Four wagons of the train capsized and two were derailed. All of them were empty. The goods train guard and brakesman were slightly injured.

The accident caused the blocking of the down station platform loop and entrance to the down goods yard, and single line working was resorted to until 11/25 p.m. last night.

No serious delay was caused to the mail and passenger train service.—A. P.

EX-CAMBRIDGE BLUE BEATEN IN Fr. GOLF

Nagpur High Court Acting Judge

SIMLA, June 16.

Mr. K. G. Digby, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, has been appointed to act as Judge, Nagpur High Court, for a period of four months and eleven days from June 21, during the absence on leave of Mr. Justice Gruer.—A. P.

MR. LIMAYE'S GRIEVANCE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

When the Senate resumed session this afternoon, at the Convocation Hall, Prof. P. M. Limaye referred to the report appearing in the "Bombay Sentinel" and the "Bombay Chronicle" regarding the allegations made by him.

Prof. Limaye characterised the report as incorrect and observed that the report did not convey what he meant.

The report did not set forth accurately what he said. It was alleged that part of the funds was used as Party Funds. That was very different from what he said.

"On the whole," Prof. Limaye added, "I meant these appointments of examiners influenced the holding of elections." And it was in this connection that he referred to the remuneration.

But to say that certain members used the funds as Party funds would give an impression that funds were being administered by the majority party. "This was far remote from what I had in my mind or what I had said."

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, the Vice-Chancellor, said that Prof. Limaye met him last evening after seeing the report in the Press and said that he would make a statement about it.

If Prof. Limaye had said what the newspapers had reported, certainly he as Vice-Chancellor would have called him to order and would have called upon him to substantiate his statements. He would have asked for a committee to be set up to enquire into these allegations. But that was not the case. There were no specific allegations against any members.

Prof. V. N. Jog asked whether the members of the Senate were to suppose that the Press did not know their responsibilities.

"NOT PUBLIC BODY"

The Vice-Chancellor replied that the Senate was not a public body unlike the Corporation or the Legislative Council, and the representatives of the Press were present at the Senate meeting with the permission of the Vice-Chancellor.

Besides, they must also realise the difficulties of the Press. Even he was sometime unable to hear the members properly.

The Senate then took up for consideration the business on the agenda.

Assessment In Barrage Zone

Congress Party Leader Exposes Back-door Tactics Of Govt.

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, June 16.

Referring to the official announcement that the Assembly session will be called in August Prof. Ghanshyam, leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly has written a letter to the Private Secretary to the Governor saying that the postponement of the session till August would have the effect of depriving the Assembly of the right to discuss in time the question of enhancement of land assessment rates in the Barrage Zone, pending Government decision. The question of enhancement vitally affects about two-thirds of Sind's population. It is, therefore, necessary that Government should consult the Assembly before reaching a decision which must be made before July 31, as the period of the present settlement expires on that date.

Prof. Ghanshyam asks whether Responsible Government is not a farce if popular representatives are not afforded an opportunity to express their views on such an important matter.

In concluding he urges Government to extend the period of the present settlement at least by a year, if it is impossible to hold the session earlier so as to afford the Assembly an opportunity to discuss the matter

B. N. DATAR FOR 'VARSITY SENATE

Karnatak Congress Executive's Support

DHARWAR, (By Mail)

Mr. R. S. Hukeriker, Hon. Secretary, Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, Dharwar, writes:—

Sjt. B. N. Datar of Belgaum is contesting a seat in the Senate of the Bombay University. Those who know the public activities of Sjt. Datar need not be reminded that he is a staunch and active Congress worker and hence it is the duty of all Congressmen and the sympathisers of the Congress to give him their active support.

So far the President and Secretaries and other prominent Congressmen of Sind, Maharashtra and Gujarat have supported Sjt. Datar's candidature. Many of them have issued "special" appeals in their respective provinces.

The Council of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee has passed the following resolution in this connection:—

"The Council of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee places on record its full approval of the candidature of Mr. B. N. Datar M.A., a member of the K. P. C. C., strong nationalist worker, and a keen student of the educational and other public problems of the country, who is seeking election to the Senate of the Bombay University, from the Registered Graduates' Constituency. It earnestly appeal to all the Registered Graduates in Karnatak, as also in Maharashtra, Gujrat, Sind and elsewhere to extend their solid support to him by casting their "first preference vote" in his favour.

"This Council is further of opinion that the presence on the Senate of strong nationalists like him is quite necessary for advancing the cause of education in the Bombay Presidency as a whole, on right and proper lines, as also for counteracting the influence of reactionary forces that are at work in the University."

I think this should end all controversies regarding the support of the Congress to Sjt. Datar. This election being merely a presidency question the All-India Congress Parliamentary or other committees have nothing to do with it. Hence, the K. P. C. C. has given its support to Sjt. Datar and has requested other P. C. Cs., in the Presidency to give him their support.

I am glad to announce that the other Provincial Congress Cmmittees have been actively helping Sjt. Datar.

Trades Disputes Amendment Bill

SIMLA, June 16.

The "United Press" understands that the Trade Disputes Amendment Bill will further be proceeded with during the Simla session of the Central Assembly.

The Bill was circulated in last September, but no further progress could be made in the last Delhi session. It was proposed to refer the Bill to a Select Committee.—United Press.

It is understood that an aerodrome will be constructed at Aurangaged.

Govt. Terms To Mahsuds

"Jirah" Ordered To Surrender Nine Hostiles

SIMLA, June 16.

A. Manzai, a Mahsud 'Jirgah' was interviewed at Ladha and informed of the various offences committed by their section during the last three months. The 'Jirgah' was ordered to surrender nine leading hostiles, who were named, within five days. The attitude of the Jirgah was good and one hostile and a brother of another were handed over forthwith.

The Razmak Brigade visited Pottu Manzai and returned to Ladha without incident. A few shots were fired at the scouts during withdrawal.

SNIPING ON ROAD PIQUET

Yesterday the First Indian Infantry Brigade under Brigadier Inskip moved westwards from Ghariom Camp to Walidin on the upper Shaktu river. The advance was not opposed, but there was considerable sniping on the route-protection troops and later on after the occupation of the camp-site.

Our casualties subject to confirmation are:

KILLED: One Indian other rank.

WOUNDED: Three Indian other ranks.

There was some slight sniping at Razmak, Razani and Ladha Camps on the night of 14|15th. The road-protection piquet was fired on near Damdil. No casualties are reported.

The following are details of casualties already reported:—

KILLED:—Naik Dilsukhram, Sepoy Kadmeram.

WOUNDED:—Sepoys Mangalram and Umraoram; all belonging to 2|8 Punjabis. Private J. Lannery, second Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, since died of wounds. —A.P.

CIVIC ADDRESS TO SAVARKAR

Poona Municipality's Decision

POONA, June 16.

The Poona City Municipality at its meeting this evening passed a resolution to present a civic address to Mr. Vinayakrao Savarkar, the restrictions on whose movements were recently withdrawn by the Government, when he visits the City in the last week of this month.

A Citizens' Reception Committee has also been formed already with the Municipal President as Chairman.—A. P.

ITALIAN WINS TROPHY

Lightweight Motor-Cycling At Isle Of Man

(SPECIAL CABLE)

ISLE OF MAN, June 16.

A triangular fight between British, Italian and German machines resulted in Tenni (Italy), riding a Guzzi, winning the Lightweight Tourist Trophy for 250 cubic centimetre motor-cycles in a time of three hours 32 minutes, six seconds. He made a record average speed of 74-72 miles per hour for the 264 miles of the course. This is the first time that a foreigner has won the event. Tenni also set up a lap record of 77-72 miles hour. Gingerwood (Britain) was second on an Excelsior with a time of three hours 32 minutes 43 seconds, averaging 74.50 miles per hour. Third was Thomas (Britain), riding a German D.K.W.. His time was three hours 36 minutes 36 seconds with an average of 73.17 m. p. h.

The manager of the Italian team immediately informed Signor Mussolini.—Reuter.

SENSATION IN COURT

Pleader Arrested For Complicity In Murder Case

LUCKNOW, June 16.

There was considerable sensation in the Collector's Court when a pleader was arrested for alleged complicity in a murder case. His father was simultaneously arrested in his village home.

Both were subsequently bailed out in Rs. 5,000 each and two securities in the same amount.—A. P.

Baroda, June 16.—Having opened after the summer vacation the Baroda High Court closed again on Monday without transacting any further business in honour of Rajratna G. K. Dandekar, the late Chief Justice. Mantra Sachiv (Councillor) and Naeb Dewan, who died on the 10th instant.—A. P.

French Chamber Pass Confidence Vote In Govt.

MAJORITY OF 99 VOTES

Appeal For House's Confidence To Defend Public Credit

PARIS, June 16.

France is anxiously awaiting the outcome of the Chamber debate on M. Blum's Special Power's Bill which was introduced when the Chamber reassembled shortly after midnight.

The critical situation is reflected by division of opinion in Financial Committee which voted by 22 votes to 60 to report favourably on the proposals, but the six abstentions included five Communists and as the latter at meeting at early hours re-affirmed opposition to the Government's indirect taxation proposals M Blum's fall is believed to be inevitable for even if the Government gets a majority, its slender derness preclude the retention of office on such an important issue

Vincent Auriol at the opening of it declared that over 50 milliard francs have gone abroad "We are faced with the same attacks as in 1924, 1925 and 1936." He appealed to the Chamber's confidence on the Government's proposals to defend public credit

(LATER).—The Chamber passed vote of confidence in the Government by 346 votes to 247.—Reuter.

EARLIER.

PARIS, June 15.

It is generally believed that the Communist group will abstain from voting on the Government's Financial Bill unless Government changes its attitude.

Abstention of the Communists will probably lead to the Government's resignation.

The communists are still opposed to Indirect taxation but are prepared to offer collaboration to the Government on a wider basis which would strictly apply to the popular front programme.—Reuter.

COMMUNISTS TO SUPPORT BLUM

PARIS, June 16.

The sitting of the Chamber was suspended at 4-45 a.m.

During the suspension the Communists met and decided to support the Government. At the close of the debate M. Blum made an eloquent appeal, and declared that the Cabinet were unanimous.

Political intrigues had been supported by financial intrigues, and it became necessary for the Government to take action.

M. Blum accepted the amendment that the Government could not use their special powers to make any fresh devaluation or establish control of exchanges, but rejected all other amendments.—Reuter.

BLUM'S GOVT. SAVED

PARIS, June 16.

M. Blum's Government has been saved at the eleventh hour after appearing doomed. M. Blum's final appeal won him an astounding victory. The Communists decided to support him and the Bill, which was regarded as a vote of confidence was carried in the Chamber by 346 votes to 247.

The Bill is a single clause measure and authorises the Government during a very limited period to employ all measures calculated to restore Public Finances, and defeat attacks against Savings, Currency and Public Credit.—Reuter's Special.

FAIRPLAY WINS HUNT CUP

Slight Mishap To Royal Carriage: Backers Do Well At Ascot

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, June 16.

Royal Hunt Cup run at Ascot over a distance of seven furlongs and 155 yards resulted as follows:—

FAIRPLAY	 1
COUVERT	 2
PEGASUS	 3

Thirty-three ran. Won by neck. A head separated the second and the third horses. The winner was trained by Allden.

The following were the starting prices: 18 to 1 Fairplay, 100 to 6 Couvert and 25 to 1 Pegasus.

J. Hunter rode Empire Unity; otherwise the runners were identical with probables.

Eden And Neurath To Talk On Western Pact

LONDON: June 15.

It is understood that the coming talks between Baron von Neurath and Mr. Eden will also cover the question of a new Western Pact, but no important development is expected beyond mutual clarification of the British and German point of view.

It is understood that no change has occurred in the outlook of the British Government which continues to regard the conclusion of a Western Pact as the first step toward a general European settlement.

The problem of Spain will be one of the chief subjects discussed and it is hoped to learn the German view regarding means of tightening up the control scheme and the possibility of evacuating foreign volunteers.—Reuter

ITALO-GERMAN LINE OF POLICY TO CONTINUE

BERLIN: June 15.

It is pointed out that Baron von Neurath's visit to London must not be regarded as a departure from the German-Italian line of policy and Rome will be kept fully informed of the doings of the German Foreign Office with which she is in full agreement.

It is hoped that the visit will lead to further alleviation of the political situation.—Reuter.

PLAN TO SURROUND BASQUE CAPITAL

(Continued from page 1.)

Committee has been issued here by the German and Italian Ambassadors who have informed the Chairmen of the Non-Intervention Committee that, as a result of the agreement reached between the four naval Powers on June 12 for naval patrol and observation scheme, the German and Italian Governments have decided to resume co-operation on the Committee and active part in the patrol of Spanish waters.—Reuter.

REBELS IN SIGHT OF BILBAO

Defence Under Intense Aerial Bombardment

HENDAYE, June 15.

A Salamanca communique admits that the descent by insurgent troops into Bilbao is now practicable while the Basque troops still occupy the heights to the South-West of the city. These to-day were subjected to intense aerial bombardment.—Reuter.

EDEN'S STATEMENT

LONDON, June 16.

Mr. Eden in the House of Commons pointed out that the Italo-German decision was taken in advance of the receipt of the assurances sought from the two sides in Spain.—Reuter.

JULIANA TO VISIT DUTCH EAST INDIES

AMSTERDAM, June 16.

Princess Juliana expects the birth of a child in November. She and her husband will visit the Dutch East Indies at the end of 1937 after the Jubilee celebrations of Queen Wilhelmina's forty years' reign.—Reuter.

TORY RETURNED IN BYE-ELECTION

LONDON, June 16.

The bye-election in the Drake Division Plymouth, resulted as follows:

Lieutenant-Col. Henry Guest (Conservative) 15,778; Mr. Garratt (Labour) 11,044.—Reuter.

SON FOR BULGARIAN QUEEN

SOFIA June 16.

A son and heir has been born to Queen Ioanna. Mother and child are doing well.—Reuter.

How Egypt Achieved Her Independence

INSPIRING LEADERSHIP OF NAHAS PASHA

United Front Of All Progressive Groups Bends Britain

(From Our Correspondent)
CAIRO, (By Air Mail).

The local representatives of the Indian papers seem to have sent despatches to their journals regarding the alleged opposition against the present National Government of Egypt led by ex-Premier Sidki Pasha regarding some financial problems. It is further stated that the members of the Egyptian Parliament are against the Cabinet of Premier Nahas Pasha.

But facts prove otherwise. Nahas Pasha happens to be the most sincere, patriotic and popular Premier Egypt has seen; in fact, he is hailed by all sections of the people as the creator of Modern Egypt. Everybody in the country with one voice will raise the banner of greatest honour to Nahas Pasha for the sincere services rendered by him in the best interests of the country. Hence the unfounded criticism of Sidki Pasha falls flat.

Sidki Pasha is naturally upset by the popularity of Nahas Pasha and he is jealous of him because during his own Premiership, Sidki Pasha had failed to carry on the administration in a proper manner and was a dictator of such a thorough type that the people had revolted against him.

AFTER ZAGLUL'S DEATH

It will be recalled that Nahas Pasha was elected President of the National Wafd Party on the day following the death of its great leader, Zaglul Pasha, who died on 23rd August, 1927. As President of the National Wafd Party and successor to Zaglul Pasha, Nahas Pasha formed his first Cabinet in 1928. The policy of the Wafd Party was to present a United Front of progressive groups and as such representatives of two smaller parties were also accommodated in their Cabinet, of which Mahomed Mahmood Pasha was the Premier. However, after some dispute, Mahomed Mahmood Pasha resigned after carrying on the Government for six months.

NAHAS PASHA'S VICTORY

Another Cabinet came into being, led by Adli Yakan Pasha who ordered new elections. The elections proved a big victory for the Wafdists and Nahas Pasha's Party secured a thumping majority. Nahas Pasha was declared the new Premier. He called the Parliament and put the constitutional machinery into force once again.

In April 1930 Nahas Pasha proceeded to London to try to arrive at an amicable understanding between Egypt and Britain. He had long discussions with Arthur Henderson as Head of the British representatives. The talks in the famous Locarno Room proved abortive and Nahas Pasha left for his country without being able to get what his country wanted from the British Government and arrived back in Cairo.

SIDKI'S CABINET

Following this Nahas Pasha resigned in June 1930 and Sidki Pasha formed the new Cabinet. He suspended the Constitution closed the Parliamentary Session and started on an oppressive treatment of the whole population. He also carried on an irresponsible campaign against the Wafdist Party in general and Nahas Pasha in particular. The freedom of the people and of the Press was suppressed.

Nahas Pasha could not tolerate this for long and he called a mass Conference of all Nationalists who promised their fullest support. They all decided to non-co-operate with Sidki Pasha's Government. But Sidki Pasha retaliated with a vengeance. Hundreds of students and nationalist leaders and others were either imprisoned, maltreated or sacrificed in some other manner. This was done not only in Cairo but in other parts of the country also. With this kind of governance of the country, Sidki Pasha brought misery and ruination to Egypt. This virtual dictatorship meant great sacrifices on the part of the population and they had to suffer heavily—materially and physically.

APPEAL TO KING

After two months, Nahas Pasha and all the members of the Egyptian Parliament placed an urgent petition before King Fuad for his consideration, narrating in full the manner in which the country was being ruled or rather misruled. Sidki Pasha had sacrificed the interests of the public and had filled the jails to their utmost capacity with students, youths and others taking part in the national work. The petitioners demanded an immediate redressal of all the grievances as well as a change in the Government and system of governance.

In April 1931 Mahomed Mahmood Pasha, President of the Liberals, had cooled down and he requested Nahas Pasha and his party to co-operate with his Party to put up a strong United Front in opposing Sidki Pasha. Sidki Pasha got nervous and tried to open the Parliament and hold elections under force. on May 17th, 1931. He tried to obtain his own candidates and attempted to get a majority for his Party. However the country was solidly against him as a man and protested wholeheartedly and vehemently against his methods. Even ladies from Cairo and other places joined in the mass demonstrations against Sidki Pasha.

On the 13th of November 1932, the Nationalist Party (Wafdists) celebrated the First National Idd Day. Members who participated in this were charged with lathis and batons and the meeting at the National Club (Nodi Sadi) was forcibly dispersed by the Police under orders of Sidki Pasha. In this, many persons, including a large number of members of the Egyptian Parliament, were seriously injured and had to be removed to the hospitals.

A SHORT-LIVED CABINET

In 1934 Sidki Pasha was forced to resign. January 1934 saw Abdul Fatah Jehiya Pasha forming a new Cabinet. His Cabinet did not last long. In October 1934, Nahas Pasha, acceding to the repeated requests of the Wafdists and other parties, formed a fresh Government.

Under the presidency of Nahas Pasha, the Second National Conference was held at Cairo on January 10, 1935, when more than 30,000 delegates from all parts of Egypt reaffirmed their full confidence in Nahas Pasha's leadership.

Many students had carried on a demonstration to protest against the constitution of the country at the time and unfortunately the police came into clash with them. Nahas Pasha felt this very much and promised to replace the then constitution. He declared that the British Government were unwilling to modify the administration of Egypt and Foreign Secretary Sir Samuel Hoare had stated that they were not prepared to effect any changes in the constitution. However, he gave the people an assurance that during the time of his Cabinet, he would do his best to bring about a welcome change in the administration of the country.

MASS PROTEST MEETING

On the 7th November, 1935, a mass protest meeting was held in Cairo under the presidency of ex-Premier Mahmomed Mahmood Pasha, when speeches were delivered against the declaration made by Sir Samuel Hoare. The students came into clash with the Police again. After this, the British authorities announced that they were agreeable to effect some change in the constitution as suggested by Nahas Pasha.

In February 1936 Ali Maher Pasha became the new Premier and he declared new elections. But the same month saw the premature death of His Majesty King Fuad. This was followed by the formation of his third Cabinet by Nahas Pasha, who was declared unanimously the leader of the country.

Premier Nahas Pasha left for England in August 1936 for fuller and more complete discussions with the representatives of the British Crown. On August 26th in the famous Locarno Room, the eventful Treaty between Britain and Egypt was officially signed by Premier Nahas Pasha on behalf of his Government.

DEFENCE MEASURES

The Egyptian Parliament ratified this treaty on October 20, 1936. And in November Premier Nahas Pasha inaugurated new defence measures for the country with a new National Defence Fund, himself leading the move by making a pretty large contribution. This was followed by every section of the populace contributing their mite in support of the defence programme of the country.

On April 12th 1937 another land mark in the history and development of Egypt took place: it was the successful conclusion of the Montreaux Capitulation Conference. By this all the concessions held for hundred years and more were cancelled by Premier Nahas Pasha. This was a further step in the direction of her complete independence.

AS LEAGUE MEMBER

A notable event that followed this was the admittance of Egypt as a member of that international group, the League of Nations.

IT'S IN TURKEY NOT IN INDIA!

Reduction Of Import Duty On Paper

SIMLA, June 15.

While the Government of India have been flooded with representations for abolition or reduction of duty on newsprint, it is understood the Turkish Government have ordered a reduction of import duty on certain kinds of paper from 900 piastres to 100 piastres for 100 kilogrammes.

This concession will apply to paper used for making school books accepted by the Ministry of Education and included in the official list.—United Press.

Interpellations For Central Assembly

SIMLA, June 15.

Although a fortnight has elapsed since the circulation of new rules regarding interpellations in the Central Legislative Assembly, notices of only a few questions have been received so far. It is understood resolution and questions received earlier which did not conform to the new rules have been sent back to the members.

It is understood one or two members have sent notices of Adjournment motions.—United Press.

ORDERS IN 'PHONE EMBEZZLEMENT CASE

JODHPUR, June 15.

The Chief Justice sitting with Mr. Justice Ranjitmal pronounced orders in the trunk telephone embezzlement case in which the head operator of the trunk telephone service at Jodhpur Post Office was prosecuted under section 408 of the Marwar Penal Code, sentencing him to two years' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 in default six months' further imprisonment.

The accused, it may be recalled committed embezzlement a few months back to the tune of Rs. 1,000 within two months.—United Press.

EXPLOITING TILAK'S NAME

Deshpande Warns Maharashtra Against Democrats' Propaganda

(From Our Correspondent.)
NASIK, June 14.

An appeal to the public to organise and to make preparations to undergo another ordeal of sacrifice and sufferings in the near future, was made by Mr. G. H. Deshpande, M.L.A., at a public meeting held here last night, under the auspices of the local City Congress Committee, Mr. M. V. Janorkar presiding.

Speaking on "The hollow and deceptive programme of the Interim Ministry," Mr. Deshpande reviewed the whole political situation and subjected the 'programme' of the Interim Ministry to a searching analysis. Each and every item of the programme came in for severe criticism and its hollow and deceptive character was thoroughly exposed.

"KESARI'S" PROPAGANDA

He pointed out how "Kesari" of the Democrats, was supporting and justifying the stand of the provincial Governors in refusing to give assurances to the Congress, and the interpretations and explanations of Lord Zetland, and how it is showering criticism upon the Congress and seeking to ridicule the stand of the Congress with a view to lower its prestige in Maharashtra.

He sounded a note of warning to the public of Maharashtra in particular, not to be misled by this very anti-national propaganda as the whole business is being carried on in the fair name of the great Lokamanya.

ALL RELIGIONS LEAD TO SAME GOAL

Frontier Gandhi Pleads For Communal Amity

(From A Correspondent).
MALEGAON, (By Mail).

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan addressing a public meeting of Hindus and Muslims said:

"I want to please neither Hindus nor Muslims. I want to please my Lord; for I am my Lord's servant—a Khudai Khidmatgar. I speak the same thing to Hindus as well as to Muslims.

"If Hindus follow the true teachings of Geeta and Mussalmans follow the true teachings of Koran Sharif, thinking for themselves in the core of their hearts, there shall remain no point of dispute as regards differences of religion. Geeta says that a bad deed is a bad deed after all, no matter whether it is done by a friend or a foe. And Koran Sharif asks its followers to serve God's creatures without making any difference. 'Thou shalt serve all the creatures of thy Lord.'

"I ask my Mahomedan brothers do the words 'Khudaka Makhluk' (God's creatures) include only Muslims and exclude the followers of other religions?"

Concluding he said: "Let Hindus follow their own religion and Muslims follow their own religion, both in earnest. As all parallel lines meet at infinity, so true teachings of all religions lead to the same goal."

ITALIAN MISSIONS IN INDIA

Simla Awaiting Whitehall Communication?

(From Our Correspondent)
SIMLA, June 16.

The Government of India is still have no communication from British Government regarding the question of Italian missionaries in India. While no exact figures relating to the number of such missionaries in this country is available, it is understood, several Italian missionary socities are working in the Punjab and Madras.

A Lahore message says, it appears a mission working in the Punjab is the Multan Mission operating in Multan and Lyalpur districts during the last six or seven years. There are about thirteen Italian missionaries having about 22,000 Indian Catholics as disciples.

The chief of the Mission is Very Reverend Father Bebedict.

The Mission conducts no important educational activity except perhaps a few vernacular schools for children of agricultural classes.

HOMOEOPATHS' OFFER TO PUNJAB PREMIER

Will Participate In Rural Medical Aid Under Govt. Patronage

(From Our Correspondent.)
SIMLA, June 15.

As a sequel to the passage in Central Assembly of the resolution urging Government to recognise Homoeopathy, Dr. M. C. Davar of Punjab Qualified Homoeopaths' Association waited on Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, Premier. Dr. Davar explained the advantages of this system of treatment and emphasised that it was most suited to the poor country like India. He offered to Premier assistance of his association in rural uplift movement if (when they had proved the efficacy of this system) Government patronage was forthcoming.

The Premier gave doctor a patient hearing and advised him to put down his proposals on paper and place them before Mian Abdul Have, Minister for Public Health and also forward a copy to him.

Frontier Election Tribunal Meets

ABBOTTABAD, June 15.

The Frontier Election Tribunal held its first meeting to-day. Mr. James Almond, Judicial Commissioner presided.

The Tribunal setted preliminaries and issued notices in connection with seven election petitions, three of which are from Hazara District, and two each from Peshawar and Dera Ismail Khan. The next meeting will be held at Abbottabad on July 5.

Khan Sahib Mohd Safdar Khan and Mr. Naunitrai are the members of this tribunal and both were present.—A. P.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Insurance On Women's Lives

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—A peculiar aversion is evinced by Indian Insurance Companies against female lives. The special sections and clauses put forward by Insurance Companies regarding proposals from women are peculiarly narrow and intricate

An extra premium chargeable on the policy of a healthy woman is, therefore, not at all understandable and appears to be quite meaningless and unreasonable.

More perplexing it is, to find that even if a female life is accepted for assurance and granting that she has passed all the medical tests and is prepared to pay extra premium with a view to make provision for her dependants, there is still a long hurdle" for her to leap over. Her policy is subject to a lien for a period of years. Why insure then?

Some Insurance Companies are prepared to consider proposals for assurance only on the lives of women, who maintain themselves by their own earnings. It is tragic, that others who follow the simple avocation of "House-Wife" with their ancestral riches or with the earnings of their husbands, are not allowed the benefit of insurance schemes, whereas no such discrimination is made among men—perhaps it could not.

Such stumbling blocks make one feel that it is quite risky to approach insurance companies. Is it because that Insurance Companies are managed by men that such unjust and prejudicial clauses are put on the way of women? Will women come forward from their age-long shyness and fight out their cause? Would they dissuade their husbands and brothers from patronising those companies which still maintain their narrow schemes?

A ban on all such concerns would be the best way to fight out our cause.—Yours, etc.

(Mrs.) SHEILA CHAWLA
(Mrs.) RUPAMATHI KESHAVAN
(Mrs.) PARBATI HEMANDAS.

Corporation And Scout Movement

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I heartily congratulate Messrs. K. F. Nariman and M. N. Talpade for moving the resolution to have nothing to do with the Boy Scout and Girl Guide movement as a protest against the speech delivered by Lord Baden-Powell, the Chief Scout of the world, in April last before an audience of journalists in London. The resoluton of Messrs. Nariman and Talpade should be passed not only by majority but unanimously without paying the least attention to the amendment moved by some conservative City-Fathers like Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy and Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy for having the full text of Lord Baden-Powell's speech. What is the use of having the full text of Lord Baden-Powell's speech? Will the full text of the speech of Lord Baden-Powell satisfy the wounded feelings of our children? Or will it show that his intention was not to insult the Indian Boy Scout or Girl-Guides? In order to understand the intention of a speaker there is no necessity of having the full text of his speech, even a single word is sufficient to indicate what he means? "Indians lack in health, character and honour". Do not these words show that Lord Baden-Powell's intention was to insult our young lads who take interest in the Boy Scout and Girl Guide movement and proudly boast of both the movements.

All the City Fathers must be sympathetic to their city children and support Messrs. Nariman and Talpade's resolution. By supporting such resolution they will show the world that Indians have full respect for their own nation and they will never tolerate any ill word against their own nation.—Yours, etc.

D. V. JAVLE.

Mango Merchants' Grievances

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The Crawford Market, a prominent place for mango selling business in Bombay, seems to be a considerably declined one, for the current year, though mango parcels have not been exported from Ratnagiri and Goa, as before. The Ratnagiri mango businessmen do not so much sustain loss in the business but the Goa merchants concerned suffer seriously, as they have to pay from 3 to 4 annas export duty per parcel at Goa and 30 p.c. import duty (on selling price) in Bombay. By this double burden of duty, the Goa mango merchants are lacking due profit, help and encouragement in their business and are also not inclined to be active, and hopeful in mango products. The Goa Mango business will not be flourished, unless this Custom duty is permanently fixed 2 As. per parcel, both in Goa and Bombay. It is hoped, the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India will be good enough to take interest in the matter.—Yours, etc.,

MINDE PATIL,
General Fruit Merchant,
Crawford Market, Bombay.

Calcutta Turf Club

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—May I know why the Associated Press or any other Agencies did not give result of the Calcutta Turf Club Derby Sweep this year? Thousands of citizens in Bombay have purchased tickets of this Club and as a matter of fact the tickets of this club are sold all over the world. It is strange that the public has been kept in dark regarding the lucky winners this year. It is not too late yet, and it is hoped, for the information of the public the Associated Press and other News-Agencies will flash the news through the local newspapers without any delay.—Yours, etc.

A READER.

Bassein Municipality And Voters

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The Bassein Municipality has submitted proposals to the Government for sanction, recommending the substitution of the words "Bombay Legislative Assembly" for "Bombay Legislative Council" in Rule 6 (1)a of the Municipal Election rules. This change will entitle the voters of the Bombay Legislative Assembly residing outside municipal limits, but, living within a range of two miles to the franchise in the municipality. The neighbouring villages coming within this range are thickly populated and it is feared that the persons who are not residing within Municipal limits will get a voice in Municipal affairs and will out-number the regular tax-payers—particularly in ward Nos. 1 and 2,—since the franchise have now been extended. Surely it must not be the intention of Government that the municipal affairs should be controlled by outsiders.

Will the Hon. Minister for Local Self-Government please give attention to this aspect of the case and issue orders with a view to remove the apparent anomaly? The Municipal Councillors do not appear to have thought over this proposition, which is detrimental to the interests of the Municipal rate-payers.—Yours, etc.,

G. B. RAUT.

A Query

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have some foreign and Indian coins of dates and places unknown to me, I shall be much obliged if any of your readers would throw some light on these if I send the prints.

Thanking you.—Yours etc.,

MOHAMED YOUSAF.
Army Contractor.
Regimental Institute,
1st Bn. The Royal
Warwickshire Regt.,
Poona.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

IN THE PRIVATE CHAPEL

"Come in, too," said the duke pleasantly to D'Artagnan, who discreetly remained behind. "And if you have the good fortune to be admitted to her Majesty's presence," continued the duke. "tell her what you have seen."

The chapel was covered with a tapestry of Persian silk worked with gold and was brilliantly lighted with innumerable candles. Over a kind of altar was a full-length portait of Anne of Austria, so perfect in its resemblance that D'Artagnan could not repress an exclamation of admiration. On the altar beneath the portrait rested the rose-wood casket containing the diamond brooch. Buckingham opened the casket and said: "Here is the bow with its marvellous drops which I have taken an oath should be buried with me."

A FATEFUL DISCOVERY.

He kissed the jewels reverently and then, all at once uttered a terrible cry.

"All is lost," he cried, "two of the drops have been stolen. It is the cardinal's doing. Wait, wait. The only time I have worn these diamonds was at the royal ball at Windsor. The Countess Winter kept close to me all the time, she must have stolen them. The woman is an agent of the cardinal."

"He has agents then through out the world?" exclaimed D'Artagnan.

"Oh, yes," said Buckingham gnashing his teeth with rage. "Yes he is a terrible antagonist. But when is this ball to take place?"

"Monday next".

"Then we have only five days before us, Patrick, call my jeweller and my secretary."

World of Wireless

MOBILE TELEVISION UNIT FOR B. B. C.

Control Room Transmitter And Power Supply Combined

A mobile television unit, designed to permit the televising of exterior subjects such as sporting events, ceremonies, and scenes of interest, has been established by the BBC. Three vehicles, each about the size of a large motor-coach, make up the unit.

One vehicle—and the most important—is, in effect, a mobile television control-room containing all the scanning and amplifying equipment necessary for the operation of three television cameras. Special multicore flexible cables which may be of any length up to 1,000 ft., connect the cameras with the mobile control-room.

In outside appearance and general size the cameras are similar to a normal cinematograph camera, but contain no moving parts, the action of dissecting the picture for the purpose of television transmission being achieved by the use of the Emitron, which is a purely electronic device and relies for its action upon the movement of a stream of electrons. All the necessary power supplies for the operation of the Emitron itself and for the associated valve amplifiers contained in the camera are conveyed by means of the multiple cable, which is carefully screened to prevent the introduction of electrical interference.

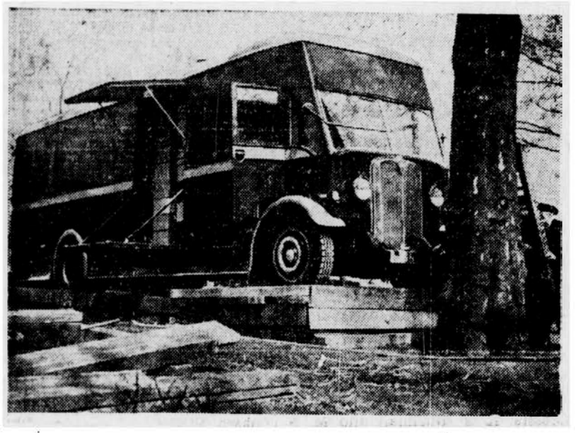
SIMULTANEOUS "PRE-VIEW."

Inside the van there is provision for the operation of four microphones, by means of which the commentators' descriptions and sound effects may be picked up, in addition to the complicated equipment associated with the television cameras. The whole of the apparatus is mounted on a series of racks down each side of the body of the vehicle, separated by a central aisle. Engineers manipulating the apparatus are able to see the picture being transmitted on one of a pair of picture-monitors situated high up at the forward end of the van, the second picture monitor is connected with a pre-view channel, so that while transmission is being carried out with one camera, the picture incoming from the second camera may be previewed to determine its suitability as the next to be transmitted.

The function of the third vehicle of the mobile unit is to render both control-room and ultra-short-wave transmitter independent of electrical supply mains. It contains a petrol-engine-driven generator capable of supplying the needs of the other two units. Special precautions have to be taken in regulating the speed and governing of the petrol engine and also in the electrical control of the generator, in order that the supply of electricity generated may be free from fluctuations that would adversely affect the operation of the television apparatus.

As has already been announced, the mobile television unit was put to its first use in the televising of the Coronation Procession from Apsley Gate, Hyde Park Corner.

MOBILE TELEVISION UNIT



The New Mobile Television Control-room at Hyde Park Corner, London, from where the Coronation procession was televised.

For Peace Or War?

RADIO

Unlimited Power Of Wireless Being Exploited By Fascists

The miracle that is radio has presented to the world is many problems and difficulties as it has conferred advantages and benefits. It is similar with every new scientific discovery. Nitrates are useful in artificial fertilizer and for military explosives; aircraft have brought man closer to his fellows and have made war more horrible. Just so the radio has opened up new vistas in international conciliation as well as in vicious propaganda.

UNLIMITED POWER.

The importance of radio can hardly be questioned. President Roosevelt has tens of millions of listeners for his "fireside chats." Father Coughlin made himself a national menace almost solely through the radio. The Soviets report that their broadcasting stations have increased from 23 in 1929 to 71 in 1933 and the number of receiving sets rose from 24,750 in 1925 to 2,200,000 in 1936.

On Armistice Day last year there was an international broadcast on peace originating in several countries. The Pope has a huge international audience of the faithful for his various messages. Hitler Germany was recently stirred by an alleged anti-Nazi station which denounced the measures of the Government. Spain has been the battle-ground of a radio war in which both sides appealed to international audiences. The Government now broadcasts in English over station EAQ.Z (approximately 9.49 megacycles) at 7-30 p.m., E.S.T., (watch for changes). The Rebels include in their radio work a German programme intended for Germany.

FASCIST PROPAGANDA.

Japan has a rule that none may possess a short wave radio set without official permission. Belgium was exercised over the report that the Rexists were to have the support of an Italian station pleading their cause night by night.

The most extensive international radio work is undoubtedly being done by Italy and Germany. The organization behind these broadcasts is very elaborate and efficient. A huge mailing list has been built up in all countries of the world and last Christmas these listeners received a special Christmas card from Italy and a beautiful 14-page booklet adorned with lovely woodcuts from Germany.

The purpose of these broadcasts is not international goodwill, but rather fascist propaganda. During the Ethiopian war friction, an Italian station set itself the task of rousing the Arab population of the Near East against Great Britain. The Palestine troubles are believed by many to be partly the result of this Italian broadcast. In the gentleman's agreement between England and Italy it was specially stipulated that this propaganda should cease.

The Germans have an even more ambitious programme. They have divided the world into five regions: southern Asia eastern Asia, Africa, South America and Central America. Detailed printed programmes are sent to their mailing list month by month which include "News and Economic Review," "German Folk Songs," "Hitler Youth," "Greetings to our Listeners," and similar features.

NAZI BROADCASTS.

From a listener to these programmes we get the following notes as to their contents. During the anti-Jewish riots in London, the Nazi, broadcaster declared: "It has now been definitely established that the people, who took part in the recent East End rioting against Mosley's fascists were all Communists, imported from the provinces and Scotland for this very purpose. The real inhabitants of the East End have demonstrated that they are in favour of fascism, because they realize that it is the only true answer to their problems." As to the French situation, a German air reporter said: "The sensible elements of the Radical Socialist party are at last turning away from the Popular Front Government and it now appears that Blum will fall within a few days."

From the Latin American broadcasts, which have done much harm in that part of the world, we cite two other examples. "More mass arrests in Russia," said the speaker; "it is becoming increasingly evident that the popular movement against the Bolshevist Government in Russia is reaching much greater proportions than anybody realized." And again: "So it has been definitely established that all of the terror in Spain is solely the result of Soviet machinations."

This subject of radio, particularly on its political side, is of enormous importance. Can the peace forces realize its value to their cause and take full advantage of its great possibilities?

LISTENING-IN TO RUSSIA

New Crime Declared In Nazi Germany

A new crime has been discovered in Germany—listening-in to Russia!"

Several persons who had formed small groups to listen-in to the Moscow Broadcasting Station were sentenced by a court in Hamburg to terms of from two to six years of penal servitude on the charge of having prepared high treason.

Listening-in to Moscow is not legally forbidden, the sentence declared, but it constitutes a serious danger, because it may easily develop into "preparation of high treason." This is the case, in the opinion of the court, if persons listening-in, to Moscow do so because they want to use what they have heard for making propaganda for Communism, or because they just want to strengthen themselves in their Communist feelings," hoping to use what they have heard on a later occasion.

This "crime", the court explained, is quite unmistakable if persons listen-in in groups and discuss political matters while listening-in or afterwards. But also, the court added, a single individual listening-in is liable to commit this crime.

A similar case was tried at Bremerhaven recently.

RADIO ON TRAINS

The Turkish Foreign Minister in a recent statement commented on the lack of telephonic facilities on trains. On many occasions, he states, when on long journeys he has felt the lack of refinement of civilisation. Experiments have, of course, been conducted with a view to fitting trains with a telephony service. It is thought, however, that the amount of patronage available for a universal train telephony service would not justify the expense. A large number of American and European trains are of course, fitted with wireless receivers for the reception of broadcasting programme.

Wireless To Aid Fire Engines

The latest use to which wireless has been put is to enable fire engines to keep in direct touch with headquarters so that they can report the extent of fires which they are attending and so enable the powers-that-be to determine whether engines from other depots should be sent to help. Cape Town (South Africa) is the city responsible for this innovation. The apparatus is operated from a motor-generator, driven from a storage battery.

I Go Back Rich In Mind And Fitter In Body

CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S FAREWELL TO MALAYA

(By Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru)

For thirteen days I have wandered up and down the land of Malaya, enchanted by its beauty and charm. The spell of the country held me in its grip, and though great crowds came to welcome me and I talked to them of many things, my mind could not get rid of that spell and my eyes were always seeking to take their fill of this green and pleasant land where it is always afternoon and the troubles and conflicts of the world seem far away.

And now it is time for me to go back to my homeland to face the heavy tasks and shoulder the responsibility that fate and circumstance have cast upon me. I go with regret, but I carry back many treasures with me—the memory of this beautiful country so richly endowed by nature and the far more precious memory of the love and affection that have been showered upon me in such abundant measure. To my own countrymen here of all classes from the labourer in the field to the merchant or professional persons, I find it difficult to express my gratitude.

Between us there need be no formal and superficial expressions of thanks, but rather a deeper understanding of each other, and, I hope, a deeper appreciation of each other, bound together as we are by the strong chain of common ideals and objectives. It was this great cause, which I represented to them, that brought them in their tens of thousands to welcome me and which evoked that tremendous enthusiasm which we have seen and felt. It is this cause for which we live and which we shall see triumph. But the welcome that I received came from others also, from the people of the country, the Malayans, and the people of China who live here in such large numbers, and from the Ceylonese who are so near akin to us. To them all I am most grateful. From yet others I had every courtesy, from the press, from such government officials as I came in contact with, from the police during my meetings and processions. I wish to express my gratitude to them.

I came here tired and I have had a strenuous time here, except for a brief spell of peace at Port Dickson. But this country and its generous and hospitable inhabitants have refreshed me and I go back rich in mind and fitter in body. This memory will endure for long and cheer me in the days to come.

And so good-bye Malaya, or as I would prefer to have it, "au revoir."

SPECIAL REMISSION FOR "RABI" CROP

Sind Govt.'s Decision For Non-Barrage Areas

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, June 15.

A Press Note announces that in view of the low prices of agricultural produce as compared with those prevailing when the last settlements were introduced, the Government has been pleased to sanction special 12-1/2 per cent remission in non-Barrage areas for 'rabi' crops during 1936-37 in six districts including Larkana and Jacobabad.

DOCK WORKERS OBEY SIREN

But Authorities Mistake It For Strike

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, June 15.

Enquiries made in connection with the report of the strike in Keamari Harbour show that it was due to a misunderstanding on the part of a new man in charge of the Port, whistle, who sounded the siren one hour earlier than usual, when all dock labourers left work and proceeded home. The authorities who are now considering the proposal of an eight-hour day submitted by the Dock Workers' Union believed that the workers had gone on strike and summoned police but no untoward incident occurred.

..EAT MORE SUGAR: IT IS GOOD FOR YOU AND GOOD FOR INDIA

There is only one thing Sweeter than Sugar and that is yet Another Spoonful of

SUGAR

Inserted by:— THE INDIAN SUGAR MILLS ASSOCIATION

Itch Germs Killed in 7 Minutes

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams and pores where germs hide and cause terrible Itching, Cracking, Eczema, Peeling, Burning, Acne, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Blackheads, Pimples, Foot Itch and other blemishes. Ordinary treatments give only temporary relief because they do not kill the germ cause. The new discovery, Nixoderm kills the germs in 7 minutes and is guaranteed to give you a soft, clear, attractive, smooth skin in one week, or money back. Get guaranteed Nixoderm from your chemist today and remove the real cause of skin trouble.

Sprinkle FLIT POWDER Kills all CRAWLING INSECTS

MADE BY THE MAKERS OF FAMOUS FLIT

Sole Distributors:— HERBERTSONS, LTD. Bombay and Calcutta.

Bears' HONEYDEW

WISE SMOKERS LOOK FOR THE FAMOUS ELEPHANT TRADE MARK

BEARS' HONEYDEW TRADE MARK VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

2½ annas for 10 — 12 annas for 50

H/117

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 4 POINTS UP

Bullion Featureless But Commodities And Base Metals Firm

BOMBAY, June 16

On Wednesday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON FIRM

New York cotton was firm on considerable trade and foreign buying influenced by reports of damage to the crops. There was some profit taking at the advance.

BULLION FEATURELESS

London gold and silver were featureless.

WHEAT FIRM

Wheat was firm. Base metals and rubber also ruled firm but lute was easy.

SECURITIES STEADIER

The London Stock Exchange was quietly steady with nothing particularly important. Giltedged securities displayed steadier tone on scattered support.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 193/
New York, June 16

Previous closing	11.95
To-day's opening	12.08
Difference	+13
To-day's closing	11.99
Difference	+04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 193/
Liverpool, June 16

Previous closing	6.83
To-day's opening	6.79
Difference	+04
To-day's closing	6.78
Difference	+12

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 225-8
New April May	Rs. 230-5

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, June 16

Cotton displayed considerable steadiness following higher outside markets and reports of weevil damage in the belt but later prices reacted on favourable week weather report.

Trading in October commenced at 12.08 i.e. 13 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying influenced by unfavourable crop reports but the market later eased partially on July liquidation on indications of favourable weekly weather with October easing to 12.06.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.99 with a rise of 4 points for October delivery

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 16

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.83/11.81) —
October (11.88/11.87) 12.08
December (11.87/11.87) —

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 16

American July (6.72) 6.81
American October (6.66) 6.76
Egyptian June (9.40) 9.50
Egyptian July (9.50) 9.60

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, June 16

Broach cotton for July August delivery moved between Rs. 225-12 and Rs. 227-4 at night. The closing rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 226-8

LONDON MARKETS

London, June 16

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-1 3/4) 1-1 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-9) 1-9
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2) 1-1 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-7 1/2) 1-6 1/4

JUTE

New Crop June July (£20 7/16 paid and sellers) £20 1/16 value
Dunlop June (£24 1/2 sellers) £24 1/2 sellers.
Lightning June (£22 1/2 sellers) £22 1/2 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (9 5/16 value) 9 5/8 value
Forward July September (9 3/8 paid and buyers) 9 3/4 paid and seller

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay May June (£13 7/8) £13 3/4 sellers
Linseed Calcutta May June (£14 1/4) £14 1/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata May June (£13) £13 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal May June (£14 5/8 sellers) £14 1/2 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 16

Liverpool wheat opened strong with July at 106 1/4 and October 102 The market was active on better overnight north American cables which induced general buying and covering but subsequently higher levels attracted profit taking causing a slightly reactionary trend.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 16

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.12. Prices declined on commission house and liquidation influenced by favourable crop reports from outside.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, June 16

Previous closing	4.94
To-day's opening	4.93 21/32
To-day's closing	4.93 15/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.
London, June 16

Previous closing	4.94.02
To-day's opening	4.94
To-day's closing	4.93.32

FRANC RATE
London, June 16

Previous closing	110.87
To-day's opening,	110.90
To-day's closing	110.50

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 16

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.94 and then improved to 4.94.12 on better support with subsequent movements slow and irregular.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.93.82

Franc opened at 110.90 and then improved to 110.68 on better support with the rate further advancing to 110.71 on bear covering.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 110.90

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.373) 8.373
New York on Bombay (37.28) 37.32
Berlin on Bombay (0.93) 0.93 1/8
London on Milan (93.75) 93.82
London on Shanghai (1-2 13/32) 1-2 13/32.
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent
4 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent
6 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent

LONDON METALS

To-days opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£243 buyers £243 1/4 sellers. Barely steady) £247 3/4 buyers £248 sellers. Firm
Lead (£21 buyers £21 1/8 sellers and weak) £21 7/8 buyers £22 sellers. Firm.
Electrolytic Copper (£59 to £61) £60 to £62
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, June 16

The following cable information was received from London to night "India sold. China bought. Business small. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

	London, June 16
Spot	19 7/8d. 19 13/16d.
Forward	19 15/16d. 9 13/16d.

LONDON GOLD
London, June 16

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-5 1/2) £7-0-5 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, June 16
10 p.m.

Silver ready	51 11 0
Silver 1st settlement	51 11 0
Silver 2nd settlement	51 13 0
Gold ready	34 10 0
Gold 1st settlement	34 10 0
Gold 2nd settlement	34 7 6
Sovereigns	22 2 0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, June 16

Wheat September	5 5 3
Wheat January	5 9 9
Wheat May	5 6 9
Linseed September	8 1 6
Linseed May	7 15 6

The tone was steady.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)
Delivery Sept. 1937
Bombay, June 16

	Rs. a. p
Rates at 11 a.m.	8 0 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 8 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 1 0
Rates at 6 p.m.	8 1 3

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, June 16

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 95-4 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs 95-1-6

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	95 4 0
Highest	95 4 0
Lowest	95 1 6
Closing	95 1 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, June 16

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £90 1/4.

INDIAN LOANS

London, June 16
2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£98 1/4) £93
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£90 1/2) £90 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£110 1/2) £110 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106) £106
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111) £111
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£101 3/4) £101 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£106 1/8) £106 1/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 3/4) £74 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£100 3/4) £100 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105 3/8) £105 1/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£109 1/2) £109 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£109 3/4) £100 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 1/2) £108 3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 16
2-30 p.m.

Markets generally showed brighter sentiment but business was only moderate. Giltedgeds were steadier. Home industrials were firmer. Minings shares were generally better.

INDUSTRIALS.

Standard Motors (127-6) 127-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (68-1 1/2) 68-1 1/2
Hydro Electric (£8 1/4) £8 1/2
Musical Industries (19-6) 19-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (43-3) 43-3
Imperial Chemical (56-10 1/2) 56-10 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (76-10 1/2) 77-6
Realisation 1930 (£97) £97
Dunlop Rubber (33-0) 33-0
Unilever Ordinary (40-1 1/2) 40-1 1/2
Ford Motors (26-4 1/2) 26-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless (£6) £6
British American Tobacco (123-9) 124-1 1/2
Carreas (£8 1/4) £8 1/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (152-6) 153-1 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (31-9) 31-3
Distillers (113-3) 113-3
Bredfords Dyers (£8 1/2) £8 1/2
British Celanese (£8) £7 3/4
J and P Coates Ordinary (46-6) 46-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-3) 52-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-10 1/2) 9-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (28-0) 27-9
Inter Nickels (57-1 1/2) 58-0
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (65-0) 62-6
Tata Steel Preference (£106) £106

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-0) 18-9
Donafo Tea (46-3) 45-7 1/2
Empire of India (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (38-3) 38-3
Gula Kelampong (41-3) 41-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (36-1 1/2) 36-7 1/2

JUTES SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (50-0) 50-0
Burma Corporation (16-10 1/2) 17-
Rio Tintos (£20) £19
East Rand Proprietors (60-0) 60-
Rand Mines (£7 1/8) £7 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£12 3/4) £12 7/8
Associated Portland Cements (110-0) 90-0
Trinidad Leaseholds (136-3) 136-3
Sub Nigel (£9 3/4) £9 5/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (31-3) 31-3
Union Corporation (£7 5/8) £7 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£49 3/8) £49 3/8
Anglo Iranian (125-7 1/2) 125-7 1/2
Burma Oil (118-1 1/2) 118-1 1/2
Musical Eagle (19-0) 18-3
Shell Transport (108-1 1/2) 109-4 1/2 mutilated.
Royal Dutch (£46 5/8) £46 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£60 3/4) £60 3/4
L and S Ordinary (£33 1/4) £33 1/4
L N E R Defd (£5) £5
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 3/8) £22 3/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£126 1/2) £126 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£82 1/2) £82 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 16

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motor (dol 48 3/8) dol 49 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 49 1/8) dol 50 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 93 1/2) not 95 5/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 133) unquoted.

SENTIMENT MORE CHEERFUL ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Better Situation In France

(SPECIAL CABLE)
LONDON, June 16

On the Stock Exchange the sentiment was much more cheerful following improvement of position in France and overnight rally in Wall Street. Inquiry was broader than some days past and although no marked expansion in turnover materialised prices mostly tended upwards.

On foreign exchanges franc improved on bear covering following Government majority in the Chamber.

In commodities, wheat was strong on bullish crop reports from Canada. Base metals were firmer influenced by overnight firmness in Wall Street, together with easier situation in France.

Wall Street was irregular.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, June 16

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton July	23 5 0
January	21 3 0
Punjab July	20 6 6
January	18 14 6
Desi American July	25 5 3
January	24 12 0
Tone: Steady and good	
Wheat July	29 5 6
September	29 12 0
Tone: "Strong	
Gram July	22 8 9
September	22 15 9
Toria July	42 14 3
September	43 7 0
Cottonseed July	16 6 6
September	16 13 3
January	16 13 6

JUTE SHARES EASIER

Teas Neglected

CALCUTTA, June 16

Jutes ruled decidedly easier and business was very meagre. Coals showed not much interest and rates generally ruled easier. Teas were neglected. In miscellaneous Indian Irons, Burmas and Indian Coppers receded further on heavy selling pressure. Others kept more or less unchanged. Government securities were steady at decline. The following were the closing quotations::

Government securities: Three and half per cent G P 95/4; four per cent loan 1950/70 110/3/6; four per cent loan 1943 108/12; five per cent loan 1945/55 119/2; five and half per cent loan 1938/40 104/7; five per cent U P Bonds 1944 112/4 small lot.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1512; Reserve Bank 126; Bankura Damoodar 91/8

Cottons: Elgin Mills ordy 109/8; Kesoram 6/8

Coals: Amalgamated 24/8; Bengal Bhatdee 3; Bengal Giridih 2/2; Bokaro and Ramgur 17/8; Burrakur 15/4; Central Kurkend 7; Deoli 7/4; East Indian 18/4; Ghusick and Muslia 3/3; Narira 8/8; Pench Valley 37/4 ex div; Talcher 2/1.

Jutes: Anglo India 339 small lot; Barnagore 129 small lot; Belvedere 348/8 small lot; Delta 360; do pref 123 small lot; Fort William 231; Gondalpara 756; Howrah 49/12; India 280; Kamarhatty 492; Kanknarrah 402; Lansdowne 150 small lot; Lawrence 126; National 214; Presidency 4; Reliance 64.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 11/5; Consolidated Tin 5/14; Indian Copper 2/15; Rhodesia Copper 2/6 ex div; Tavoy Tin 2/12; Bengal Telephone ordy 21/2; Jubbulpore Electric 14/4; Britannia Building and Iron 7/8; Indian Iron 40/9; do rights 40/8; Marshalls 1/8; Steel Corporation 8/7; do pref 87; British India Corporation ordy 3/12; Britannia Biscuits 6/3; Indian Wood Products 26/12; Kalimpong Ropeway 12/10; Walford Transport 2/8; India Paper Pulp 150 small lots; Orient Paper 2/10; Midnapore Zemindary 92/8.

Teas: Eastern Cachar 9/4; Ethelbarrie 9

Debenture: Three and quarter per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 101/8 small lot—A.P.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS AT OKHA

The Port Officer, Okha, wires to the "Associated Press" as follows:—

S.S. "Gharindia" of the British Indian Steam Navigation Company arrived on the 8th instant, discharged 450 tons of iron and general cargo from Calcutta and left on the 10th instant.

S.S. "Clan Murray" of the Clan Line arrived on the 10th instant, discharged 375 tons of general cargo from Liverpool Glasgow, Swansea and New Port, and left on the 11th instant.

S.S. "Rottenfels" of the Hansa Line arrived on the 11th instant, discharged 900 tons of general cargo from Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Port Said, and left on the 12th instant.—A. P

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, June 15

July	103 1/2d
October	99 1/2d.
December	99 1/4d.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued From Page 6)

sold at 7s. 6d. each that Selfridge's have sent to the United States for a further supply. "We have sold out," the managar of the gramophone department said to pressmen. "We kept only a small quantity in stock and never advertised them. When anyone has asked for the record we have supplied it. We cannot sell them cheaper, as we have to pay customs, carriage and insurance fees."

RICE CROP IN NIZAM'S STATE

Increased Acreage Under Cultivation.

(From Our Correspondent)
HYDERABAD (Dn.), June 15.

According to the fourth or the final memorandum on the cultivation of rice crop in the Hyderabad State for the year 1936-37, which deals with the area sown under rice and the quantitative outturn, harvested or expected to be harvested, represented at 1.2 per cent of the total area in India on an average of five years ending 1934-35.

The area now estimated at 1,154,856 acres, as compared with 1,065,929 acres during the corresponding period of the preceding year, showing an increase of 70,836 acres or 6.66 per cent. Compared with the third forecast issued by the Department of Statistics, it shows an increase of 215,375 acres or 23.42 per cent due to receipt of further returns of rabi.

The outturn is estimated at 418,318 tons, as against 335,719 tons during the same period in the preceding year, showing an increase of 82,599 tons or 24.60 per cent, due, as previously forecasted.

The memorandum states that the crop under harvest was slightly affected by the heavy showers accompanied by hailstorm which fell in some parts of Telingana during the month of April.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, June 13.

Our Sugar Market ruled firm for Java Sugar during the early part of the week and the prices advanced by about 3 to 5 annas per cwt. In the middle the market ruled quiet and prices declined by about 2 to 3 annas per cwt. However at the close the market ruled steady and the prices again advanced by about 1 to 2 annas pet cwt. Locally there was a good deal of turnover among dealers and outsiders at advanced prices. Niwas limits were raised during the week to Glds. 7 i.e. an increase of one guilder over the last week.

Indian Sugar Market ruled steady during the week and the prices fluctuated within very narrow limits of about 1 to 2 annas per cwt. There were occasional enquiries for forward deliveries owing to improvement in Java Market as well as better reports from outside but no business is reported.

Stocks of sugar in Java on 1st May 1937 were estimated at about 1,88,733 tons, as against 8,70,593 tons on the same day of last year.

Offtake during the week in the local market was estimated at about 20,000 bags, leaving the stocks of about 1,40,000 bags.

The following are to-day's quotations ruling the bazar:

Fine White Java Sugar Ready 15/8 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 6/2 F.B.H.
Shipment June-July Rs. 6 F.B.H. Conf Terms.
Shipment Aug.-Sept. Rs. 5/12 F.B.H. Conf. Terms.
Shipment Oct./December Rs. 5/13-6 F.B.H. Conf. Terms.
Britania Sugar:—Ready Rs. 16/10.
Indian Sugars:—Ready Rs. 9/15 to 11/3.
Tone.—Steady.

AHMEDABAD SHARE BAZAR

(From Our Correspondent).
AHMEDABAD, June 16.

The following are the closing quotations of to-day's share bazar Aryodaya Spinning 196-4, Calico 567-8, Gujarat Cotton 28-2, Jubili 195-10, Marsdan 78-2, Motilal Hirabhai 51-4, Monogram 53-12.

N Y. SILVER

New York, June 15

September	2.51
December	2.53+01
March	2.43+01
May	2.45+01

(Continued from Col. 7).

goods, 33 cases ctn and art silk mixed shirting; 85 cases ctn and art silk mixed yarn; 25 cases ctn and art rayon mixed yarn; 67 cases art silk yarn; 41 bales woollen yarn; 55 cases rayon yarn; 550 cts porcelain tiles; 50 cases cast iron ware; 600 cases esk checkered.

S S Badarpur Agents Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Distributing from Rangoon: 2236389 i galls kerosene oil in bulk; 525 casks kerosene oil; 525148 i galls motor spirit; 3100 casks lubg oil; 312 casks lub grease; 120 casks mineral turpentine; 940 casks diesel oil; 424 bags paraffin wax; 1171 cases candles; 112 bars pig lead

S S Ormara Agents M Mackenzie from Calcutta: 4482 tons coal; 6226 pcs fire bricks; 1955 bags rice; 106 cases cigarettes; 1193 bales gunny bags; 40 pieces channel; 40 pairs wheels; 14331 pieces c i pipes; 7126 pieces c i fittings; 1349 cases paint; 77 cases varnish; 150 pieces cast iron pans; 225 drums lubg grease; 50 cases provision; 62 loose tank plates; 275 bags chillies; 295 cases rubber shoes; 178 bags ginger dry; 59 cases gramophone machines; 189 cases gramophone goods; 125 bales strawboards; 200 bags betelnuts; 485 pieces spelter; 82 cases tinned sheets; 230 coils yellow rope; 360 drums lub oil; 42 cases biscuits.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, June 16

B I S N (Hired Transport) Neuralia of 5624 reg tons, Captain F L Sampson arrived from Southampton via Gibraltar, Malta, Portsaid, Suez and Aden with military officers troops.

DEPARTURES

M M ss Wellington Court 5038 reg tons, Captain A Stuart sailed for Calcutta via Colombo, Madras in ballast.

I B P Oil Tanker ss Shwedagon of 1999 reg tons, Captain T A Goodbody sailed for Rangoon and Calcutta with local cargo.

B I S N ss Bamora of 1870 reg tons, Captain W F Putt sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

S S ss Jalaputra of 3113 reg tons, Captain G S McWilliam sailed for Port Okha in water ballast.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 16-5-37.

S S City of Hankow (F F C) for Colombo, Madras, Rangoon, Calcutta and American Ports
S S Kandelfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports
S S Comorin (M M) for Australian Ports via Colombo
S S Baroda (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports via Karachi
S S Varela (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports via Karachi.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, June 16

ALEXANDRA DOCK

2 City of Canterbury 5290 tons, Liverpool 19-6 K Nixon
3 Warfield 3805 Karachi 17-6 M M
12 Kandelfels 4782 Karachi 18-6 L Edwards
15 Takliwa 3742 Durban 23-6 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Bamora 1870 tons, P Gulf 16-6 M M
4 Vita 1955 Busra 17-6 M M
7 Gairsoppa 3227 Calcutta 17-6 M M
9 Lalita 283 N F 16-6 Malabar Steamship
10/11 Kifuku Maru 4259 Karachi N F. O S K

PRINCES DOCK

C/R Jalavihar 3381 N F N F Scindia S N
F Gogra 3126 Rangoon 20-6 M M
K Varela 1926 N F N F. M M

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Comorin 17-6-37 P and O
Soudan 18-6-37 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 24-6-37 P and O
Cathay 1-7-37 P and O
Elysia 21-6-37 Anchor Line

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Barcelona 24-6-37 K Nixon

FROM NEW YORK

New Orleans 25-6-37 L Edward
City of Hankow 16-6-37 F F Campbell
Pres Garfield 24-6-37 F F Campbell

FROM SAN FRANCISCO

Tosari 13-6-37 Volkart Bros

FROM SYDNEY

Mooltan 19-6-37 P and O

FROM TRIESTE

Dandelo 20-6-37 L Triestino
Sumatra 20-6-37 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Tokiwa Maru 15-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Victoria 17-6-37 L Triestino
Italy Maru 18-7-37 N Y Kaisha
Calcutta Maru 25-6-37 N Y
Anyo Maru 30-6-37 N Y K
Mirzapore 25-6-37 P and O
Corfu 25-6-37 P and O

FROM BASRA

Vasna 19-6-37 M M
Baroda 17-6-37 M M
Bankura 24-6-37 M M
Gloria Stella 24-6-37 L Triestino

FROM HULL

City of Kobe 21-6-37 J Finlay

FROM GENOA

Antonietta Costa 20-6-37 L Triestino
Alberto Treves 23-6-37 L Triestino

FROM JAVA

Silverbeech 20-6-37 Volkart Bros

FROM JEDDAH

Alavi 19-6-37 Turner Morrison

FROM KARACHI

Rotenfels 23-6-37 L Edwards

FROM BASSEIN

Jalamani 15-6-37 Scindia Steam
Surada 16-6-37 M M
Hatarana 16-6-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 26-6-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Mooltan 19-6-37 P and O
Corfu 26-6-37 P and O
Chitral 3-7-37 P and O
Naldera 10-7-37 S S N
Maloja 17-7-37 P and O
Carthage 24-7-36 P and O

FOR HAMBURG

Kandelfels 20-6-37 L Edward

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Cantenbury 7-7-37 K N
Elysia 14-7-37 Anchor Line

FOR SYDNEY

Comorin 17-6-37 P and O

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Garfield 25-6-37 F F Campbell
City of Hankow 19-6-37 F F Campbell
Silverbeech 21-6-37 Volkart Bros

FOR GENOA

Victoria 17-6-37 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Soudan 21-6-37 P and O
Kifuku Maru 24-6-37 O S K
Tokiwa Maru 24-6-37 N Y K
Corfu 26-6-37 P and O
Kaisar-i-Hind 24-6-37 P and O

FOR BASRA

Bamora 16-6-37 M M
Bandra 23-6-37 M M
Vita 17-6-37 M M
Baroda 23-6-37 M M
Varela 24-6-37 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 22-6-37 Turner Morrison

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 7-7-37 M M
Takliwa 23-6-37 M M

FOR KARACHI

Warfield 17-6-37 M M
Kandelfels 18-6-37 L Edwards

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Shwedagon 15-6-37
S S City of Guildford (boats American cotton) 15-6-37
S S President Van Buren (boats American cotton) 15-6-37
S S Lalita 15-6-37
S S Parvati 16-6-37

EXPORTS

S S Victoria for Naples: 250 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros
For Isthanbul: 50 bales cotton yarn H Fillunger; 100 bags black pepper I Vasanji.
For Genoa: 440 bales cotton raw K Devchand
For Alexandretta: 20 bales cotton grey yarn A Al Abdul Razzak; 51 bales cotton grey yarn A E Ejel
For Genoa: 110 bales cotton raw A H Diab
S S City of Hankow for Montreal: 30 drums castor oil Swastik Oil Mills, 20 bags turmeric A P Gupta
S S Comorin for Melbourne: 20 bales cotton raw N Rajaram; 50 bales cotton raw A Clayton
S S Kifuku Maru for Kobe: 100 bales cotton raw Bombay Co; 700 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton; 302 bales cotton raw M Amersey; 300 bales cotton raw Langley; 100 bales cotton raw G Dossa; 439 bales cotton raw N Nagsee, 600 bales cotton raw A Clayton
For Osaka: 200 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 1000 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 400 bales cotton raw Kotak
S S Kandelfels for Hamburg: 6000 pockets myrabollams P Mathradas

IMPORTS

S S Ryoyo Maru Agents M B Kaisha from Colombo: 1153 bags copra
From Yokohama: 55 cases silk yarn, 1265 cases beer; 200 bags powdered sulphur; 100 drums caustic soda; 75 cts elect fans.
From Moji: 200 drums calcium carbide; 100 bales strawboard; 357 bales paper
From Hongkong: 95 bales raw silk; 1501 bundles cassia; 136 packages mattings; 227 packages fire crackers; 130 bags sugarcandy; 40 packages hurricane lantern; 54 packages elect goods
From Kobe: 174 bales hemp raw; 450 cases slate; 158 cases tiles; 213 cases art silk yarn; 169 cases cotton and art silk mixed shirtings; 265 cases cotton and rayon mixed yarn; 256 cases rayon yarn; 77 cases cotton and rayon mixed piecegoods; 650 bales cotton; 308 bags stone powder; 340 cases glassware; 275 cases weaving machine and accessories; 500 bags dried ginger; 50 cts cast iron ware; 432 cases porcelainware
From Nagoya: 752 cases rayon yarn; 380 cases porcelainware; 38 cases wall clocks; 312 cases glazed tiles;
From Osaka: 75 Dennjohns acetic acid; 575 bundles galvd plain iron sheets; 600 bags brass circles; 1317 bundles g s sheets; 100 cases copper wire; 1520 bags stearine acid; 126 cts chest wood; 50 cases nitric acid; 160 barrels coal pitch; 500 bags dextrine; 617 cases rayon yarn; 212 bales cotton yarn; 41 bales cotton piecegoods; 120 bales straw boards; 100 Dennjohns hydrogen peroxide; 130 bags tiles; 71 bales grey cotton shirting; 58 cases spun silk yarn; 75 cases rubber balls; 40 cases printed rayon georgette; 100 cases glass bangles; 59 cases umbrella fittings; 75 cases wire nails; 80 coils steel wire; 100 cts graphite crucible; 308 cases glassware; 100 cases buttons, 164 kegs iron pipe fittings.
S S Gairsoppa Agents M Mackenzie from Calcutta: 7603 tons coal
S S Chyebassa Agents M Mackenzie from Colombo: 3542 bags copra
From Rangoon: 4470 bags rice; 710 no teak squares; 316 no teak decks; 5168 no teak scantlings; 858 no teak planks; 860 no gurjan wagon boards; 663 casks grease oil; 66 casks bus oil; 292 bags betelnuts; 200 bags butter beans; 585 bars pig lead
S S City of Johannesburg Agents F F Campbell from New York: 448 loose pneu tyres and tubes; 47 cases refrigerators; 140 cases motor truck chains; 57 packages motor cars; 57 drums paint; 88 drums petroleum grease; 669 drums lubg oil; 65 drums lubg grease; 3464 cases asphaltum; 20 bars silver bullion; 282 cases auto parts; 120 moxes auto springs; 96 loose loose springs; 26 crts antiphlogistine; 113 bags kamala powder; 135 ctrns corn flakes; 125 ctns beer; 135 bales cotton fents; 59 loose auto tyres; 38 cases dry batteries; 35 kegs soda ash; 33 cases writing ink
From St. John: 300 loose auto casings.
From Port Sudan: 280 bales cotton
From Alexandria: 50 bales cotton;
S S Mongolia Agents M Mackenzie from Melbourne: 386 cases milk powder; 80 bags peas; 118 bundles cd fruits; 505 bales fodder; 150 cases apples; 155 casks drippings; 50 casks tallow
From Sydney: 50 cases jams; 129 casks tallow; 83 cases cud fruits; 131 bales wool; 77 boxes butter; 40 cases milk powder.
From Hobart: 325 cases jams; 68 bundles deserts; 610 cases apples
From Adelaide: 259 cases apples; 142 bars silver
From Colombo: 152 bars silver
S S City of Bedford Agents K Nixon from Liverpool: 607 cases cotton piecegoods; 117 bales grey cotton piecegoods, 39 cases ctn prints; 44 cases grey ctn yarn; 7691 cases g c sheets; 436 ingots solder; 31 bundles copper rods; 68 cases biscuits; 134 cases spg machinery; 90 cases soap powder; 62 bags stearine; 50 cases tinware; 340 casks china clay; 631 loose pneumatic covers; 145 bundles wrough iron dished plates; 106 trusses packing paper; 60 bundles steel conduct tubing; 42 cases whisky; 165 barrels lubg oil; 168 case smachinery; 103 bales old newspapers; 60 cases lyuid chlorine; 87 cases sardinha conserver; 625 drums caustic soda; 75 drums chloride of calcium; 76 cases biscuits; 34 drums chloride of lime; 34 drums bleaching powder; 69 bales tyres and tubes; 100 kegs sulphate of copper; 100 cases bath bricks; 111 loose c i cisterns; 88 pieces earthenware; 50 kegs wire nails; 125 cases cheese; 100 cases beer; 600 cases black c a sheets;
S S Carthage Agents M Mackenzie from London: 58 cases machinery parts; 35 cases photo goods; 140 drums varnish; 64 cases fruit salt; 84 drums paint; 100 cases fruit jam; 235 cases whisky; 144 loose tyres; 90 bars silver. 2 boxes gold coin; 2 boxes sovereigns.
From Bordeaux: 259 cases brandy
From Charinte: 188 cases brandy
From Marseilles: 110 cases vermouth 225 bags almonds; 138 cases brandy; 55 cases pharm products; 36 casks aniline colour
S S Victoria Maru Agents O S Kaisha from Singapore: 701 bags betelnuts; 2429 bags sago flour; 518 pieces sarayn planks; 225 bundles pine appleess; 189 bundles rattans.
From Colombo: 8436 bags copra; 80 drums cocoanut oil
From Osaka: 100 rolls iron wire; 100 cases glassware; 172 cases rayon yarn; 63 cts ply chest wood; 30 cases white mercerised ctn yarn; 50 cases shoes material.
From Nagoya: 182 packages clocks; 135 cases tiles;
From Kobe: 50 bags dried ginger; 75 cases ctn and art silk mixed piecegoods; 46 cases ctn and rayon mixed piece-

(Continued In Col. 5)

Trade Buying And Covering In N. Y. Market

REPORTS OF EXCESSIVE RAINS

Some Realising Towards Close

BOMBAY: June 16.

On Tuesday the New York Cotton Futures Market was fairly steady. The French crisis and domestic labour problems checked new buying, but it is believed that large short interest exists and conservative traders are more cautious on the selling side.

The market opened steady but declined on favourable weather apart from reports of storms in West Texas which induced July liquidation and Commission house and foreign selling. Prices rallied on trade and local buying and covering. Coupled with scarcity of contracts with the belief that the weekly weather report will indicate too much rain and more insect activity Finally there was local realising.

The market opened at a decline of 4 points with October 11.87 and under scattered selling prices declined to 11.84 which was the lowest level but improved general buying and covering improved prices to 12.04 which was the highest level when realising appeared and the market closed unchanged to 4 points up with Spot Cotton 3 points higher at 12.39c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 9 to 6 points with Spot Cotton 9 points up at 12.25c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened 3 points up with October 6.68. There was Bombay buying and offerings were light. Later prices declined on continental selling of new crop on no demand. There was some local liquidation. The market closed at a rise of one point. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 3 points at 6.89d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton market was steady. Sakels gained 5 to 15 points and Uppers were 3 to 4 points up.

The Alexandria market also improved and Sakels futures closed 20 to 33 points up while Ashmouni contracts were 19 points down to 10 points higher.

STATISTICAL POSITION.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have reviewed below the Cotton Statistical position:—

Carry-over according to Garside at the end of July 1936 69,62,000 bales.

Government final estimate 123,99,000 bales.

Total 193,61,000 bales.

Garside states, the world's American cotton consumption from August 1936 to April 1937 is 9,887,000 bales against 9,388,000 bales last season.

Based on these figures, he estimates the world's total consumption of American cotton for the season at around 13 million bales which will leave 6,361,000 bales of which about 17 lacs are now held by the U.S.A. Government.

Outside growths carry-over according to Garside at the end of July 1936 6,111,000 bales.

Final estimated production for 1936-37 17,550,000 bales.

Total 23,661,000 bales.

He estimates foreign cotton consumption from August 1936 to April 1937, at 12,908,000 bales against 11,269,000 bales previous season and also the world's consumption of outside growths will be around 17,250,000 bales which will leave a carry-over at the end of July 1937 of 6,411,000 bales against 6,111,000 bales last season. From the above figures it is evident that the world's carry-over of Americans and outside growths will be about the same as in last season, notwithstanding the fact that the consumption is now running at high rate.

ACREAGE IDEA

Turning to acreage, last year prior to the issuance of Government report on 8th July, private reports were around 31 to 32 million acres, but owing to the enforcement of Soil Conservation Act, the Government's figure on 8th July 1936 was 30,621,000 acres namely an increase of 9.8 per cent over 1935.

CONSUMPTION AND SUPPLY

Dealing with the present private indications of 10 to 13 per cent increase, it must be remembered that last year, out of the total American acreage of 82,184,000 acres cotton was planted to 29,684,000 acres and other crops 52,500,000 acres, due to the fact that 85 per cent of the farmers had signed the Soil Conservation pledge for three years under the benefit scheme. It is obvious therefore that the acreage increase can be, if at all over estimated as happened last year. Granting that the present prospects of crop look like 14 million bales as private indications are, the total prospective supply will be around 20 million bales as against the present outlook of 13 million bales consumption continuing next season.

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. October Highest (2-27)	12.04+13
N. Y. October Lowest (10-7 a.m.)	11.81—07
Liverpool October Highest	6.68+03
Liverpool October Lowest	6.63—02

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Recommend straddle sell Liverpool buy New York. Think chances will narrow considerably.

Liverpool.—Irregular trading market. Crop accounts continue very favourable but market showing more resistance around current level.

New York.—Market firmed on local covering with offerings limited.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from New York: "Rather better feeling is caused by strength of grains and securities. More rains in Oklahoma. Trading narrow."

"Advance is mainly due to local buying. Causing a better feeling. No new features."

U. S. A. Cotton Belt weather report:
Eastern:—Partly cloudy.
Central:—Partly cloudy.
Western:—Partly cloudy.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have received the following cable from New York.

"Heavy liquidation some short selling past week account good crop progress, domestic labour and French situation. Market should respond quickly any unfavourable weather but doubt advances near future hold unless real crop damage occurs."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 15.

July	11.89+03
October	11.95+04
December	11.92+02
January	11.93
March	11.98+01
May	12.00+01
Middling Spot	12.39+03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 15.

July	11.85+09
October	11.98+06
December	12.04+06
Middling Spot	12.25+09
11 a.m. Ranges.	
July	11.92/11.92
October	11.95/11.94
December	11.93/11.93
Noon Call.	
July	11.92
October	11.96
December	11.92

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, June 15.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	1,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	5,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, June 15.

June	6.69+01
July	6.72+01
August	6.73+02
September	6.69+01
October	6.65+01
November	6.62+01
December	6.62+01
January	6.62+01
February	6.63+01
March	6.65+01
April	6.65+01
May	6.66+01
Middling Spot	6.89+03
10-12 a.m. quotations.	
July	6.74
October	6.68

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 15.

F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS—	
June	9.40
July	9.50
August	9.50
September	9.40
F.G.F. Spot	9.95

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 15.

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.79
Fine (Good staple)	5.84
Superfine (Good staple)	6.09
OOMRA—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.79
Superfine (No 1 staple)	5.84
Choice (No 1 staple)	5.19
BENGAL—	
Good	4.64
Fully Good	4.74
Fine	4.89

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 15.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.94.02
Paris	110.87
Berlin	12.32 5/8
Madrid	87.00
Amsterdam	8.93 9/16
Brussels	29.26 1/2
Milan	93.87
Berne	21.55 3/4
Prague	141.81

LONDON SEEDS

London, June 15.

Linseed La Plata Hull C. I. F. June sellers	£13/0/0
Linseed Calcutta London C. I. F. June/July sellers	£14/1/3
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. June/July sellers	£15/5/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont C. I. F. June/July sellers	£14/12/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. June/July sellers	£13/15/0

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, June 15.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe	unquoted
Wheat Barletta Russo May/June sellers	43/9
Wheat South Australian June sellers	42/6

LINSEED OIL.

London, June 15.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt June sellers	29
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. Sept/Dec. sellers	29

LONDON RUBBER

London, June 15.

Smoked Sheet Standard \ Ribbed per lb. sellers	9 7/16

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, June 15.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	9 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 15.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£71
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£76 1/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£90 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£110 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£74 5/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£100 3/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£100 3/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£109 1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£108 3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£15 5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	£120 1/2
National Bank of India	£43
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 16.

Following a small improvement of 4 points in New York Cotton futures the local market opened at Rs. 224/12 for Broach J/A. delivery and prices improved to Rs. 225. At this level there was extensive short selling by a professional Stock Exchange operator to the extent of about 25,000 bales and prices declined to Rs. 223/4. Later on there was some covering and prices rallied to Rs. 223/12.

It appears that the local market is becoming oversold and outside operators are trying to depress the market on the belief of favourable weather in America. No operator how powerful he may be, can have control over weather and we think dangerous to sell short at the present low level.

Liverpool market was due to open unchanged, but opened very steady on unfavourable weather at a rise of 4 points and the local market improved to Rs. 224/12. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach J/A	226	4	0
Broach A/M	231	4	0
Oomra July	218	4	0
Oomra D/J	211	4	0
Bengal July	190	0	0
Bengal D/J	177	8	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, June 16

	Extra	Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—						
Bengal U P		195	192	189	186	
Punjab		195	192	189	186	
Oomra No. 3	223	220	217	214		
C P No. 1	236	233	230	227		
C P No. 2	227	224	221	218		
Broach No. 2		229	227	224	221	
Punjab Ame		241	238	236	233	
Surat		289	287	284	281	
Rajpipla		284	282	279	276	
Navsari		299	297	294	291	

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, June 16

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year
Khandesh		205,534
Central India	355	331,193
Barsi and Nagar	478	173,435
Hyderabad Gaorani	203	101,022
Berar	715	575,161
Central Provinces	90	113,751
Total Oomras	1,841	1,500,096
Dholera	631	142,864
N W Provinces		9,596
Rajputana	446	92,155
Sind Punjab	192	331,684
Broach	293	338,735
Coompta nad Dharwar	223	61,277
Westerns Northerns	71	36,415
Cocoanada		153
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		14,661
Persian		4
American	879	13,732
Egyptian and African	1,009	363,329
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		22
Total	5,585	2,906,333

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 10th June

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year
Europe		430,646
Japan and China	1,000	1,338,785
Coast Ports	100	30,927
Up-country by Rail		222,845
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		45,366
Total	1,100	2,069,569

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, June 16

Bengal Superfine	196/198
Bengal Fine	192/94
C P 1	222/24
C P 2	217/19
Arvi	217/19
Ellichpur	215/17
Berar	212/15
Khamgaon	212/15
Mulkapur	210/12
Khandesh	205/09
Jalna Sailu	205/09
Burwah Sanavad	212/15
Mathia	182/87
Broach Fine	224/29
Punjab American	224/31
Punjab 289F	294/304
Jagadia Ankleshwar	264/66
Surat	274/79
Navsari	295/301
Kampala	414/16

American Cotton Figures

	1936-37	1935-36
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 15-6-37	6748000	6998000
Receipts yesterday 15-6-37	1000	9000
Exports to date 15-6-37	5489000	5929000
Stock at Ports 11-6-37	1282000	1545000
Stock at Interior Towns 11-6-37	1028000	1515000
Stock at Liverpool 11-6-37	909000	727000
Visible Supply 11-6-37	3707000	4141000
Quantity in sight 11-6-37	12795000	12116000
Quantity out of sight 11-6-37	12340000	11027000

Produce Receipts

Bombay, June 16

Wheat	19,827 cwts.
Linseed	6,229 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	83 cwts.
Gingellyseed	113 cwts.
Poppyseed	113 cwts.
Groundnuts	671 cwts.
Castorseed	391 cwts.
Rice	39,172 cwts.
Myrabollams	1,363 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,560 cwts.
Mowraseed	128 cwts.
Gram	1,738 cwts.
Joowar	418 cwts.
Barley	276 cwts.
Bajree	3,332 cwts.
Indian sugar	2,909 cwts.
Coal	2,358 cwts.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 13/14th June	4,758
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	2,900,748
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,759,874
Increase	140,874

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, June 16.

Yesterday London gold prices declined one penny to £7-0-5 1/2. London-Paris Exchange rate was 3 points down at 110.87. Dollar sterling cross rate was quoted 4.94. London silver prices declined 1/8d. to 19 7/8d. India sold and America bought. Business was small and the market was steady. Later India offered more freely and business was done at 1/16th under fixed prices. The market closed steady trade and arbitrage demand in evidence and may continue without pressing. Prices may go lower but considerable decline unlikely. New York silver prices were unchanged and Montreal futures declined 15 to 25 points. In the local market there was scattered business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	34	10	6
Jeth	34	10	3
Ashad	34	7	6

SILVER

Ready	51	5	0
Jeth	51	6	0
Ashad	51	8	0

LONDON METALS

London, June 15.

Copper	£51 15 0
Spelter	19 5 0
Lead	£20 18 9
Tin	£243 10 0

LONDON SILVER

London, June 15.

Spot	19 7/8
Forward	19 15/16

LONDON GOLD

London, June 15.

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-0-5 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, June 15.

London Discount rate was unchanged.

Tenders For Sterling

A press communique issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay states:—

On Wednesday, the 16th June 1937, tenders to the amount of £715,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and accepted in full.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 23rd June 1937 on the same conditions as previously announced.

U. S. Mills Consumption

U. S. Mills Cotton consumption of all kinds for the month of May amounted 669,000 Bales.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, June 15.

August	79.40+10
September	79.70+30

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, June 16.

June	280.20+50
August	271.00+70
September	268.40+70
October	265.70+100
December	263.20+20

U. S. Cotton Crop

Liverpool, June 16

Light to moderate rainfall in Eastern and Central Belts, Arkansas and Oklahoma. Forecast: More rain expected.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 11th day of June 1937.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	14,36,89,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	190,14,41,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	2,39,57,000
Total Notes issued	206,90,87,000
Total Liabilities	206,90,87,000
Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 60.279 per cent	

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,54,58,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	80,30,70,000
Total of A	121,72,26,000
B. Rupee Coin	54,84,36,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	27,37,25,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper	Nil
Total Assets	206,90,87,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 11th June 1937.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government x	9,67,02,000
(b) Banks	24,51,92,000
(c) Others	54,16,000
Bills Payable	13,31,000
Other Liabilities	48,49,000
Rupees	45,32,90,000

x Includes £19,100 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the Rupee.

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	14,35,71,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	1,18,000
Rupee Coin	4,73,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,73,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	2,74,000
(b) External	Nil
(c) Government of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	23,21,57,000
Loans and Advances to the Government	Nil
Other Loans and Advances	1,90,000
Investments	7,06,54,000
Other Assets	55,80,000
Rupees	45,32,90,000

*Includes Cash and Short term securities.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, June 16.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	99/14
3 per cent 1951/54	100/14
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/14
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	95/5
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	105/12
4 per cent 1948 Bonds	107
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/6
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	117/6
3 per cent U P Bonds	96/8
5 per cent 1939/44	105/2
5 per cent 1940/43	107/12
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/10

TAX FREES

per cent 1945/55	119/6
per cent 1953/63	111/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/12
5 per cent 1935 Mysore	122/8

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T	1974 107/8
4 per cent M Deb	1974 106/12
5 per cent M Deb	1949 117/4
5 per cent	1954 129/8
6 per cent K P I	1956 129/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T	1937 101

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 95/4 and declined to Rs. 95/3 and closed at Rs. 95/3/6.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, June 16.

B C Rate T T O D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/8
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK:—
Bank's selling T T 269 1/8
Bank's buying T T 267

PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T 830
Bank's buying T T 845

JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 77 3/8
Bank's buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM:—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/4

JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 67

HUNGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D 82 5/8

SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 80 3/4

SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN:—
Bank's selling D D 91 1/2

CROSS RATE:—
New York/London 4.94 15th instant.
Japan/London 1/2 16th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/2 13/16 16th instant
Shanghai/London 1/2 7/16 16th instant.
Java/London 8.96 1/2 16th instant.
London/Paris 110.87 15th instant.
London/Belgium 29.26 1/2 15th instant.
London/Switzerland 21.55 3/4 15th instant.
London/Berlin 12.32 5/8 15th instant.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 15th instant.
London/New York 4.94.02 15th instant
London/Amsterdam 8.93 3/4 15th instant.
London/Italy 93.87 15th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £7-0-6 1/2 14th instant.
Gold £7-0-5 1/2 15th instant.
Silver London Ready 19 7/8 14th instant.
Silver London Ready 19 7/8 15th instant.
Silver London Forward 20 14th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 7/8 15th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 14th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 15th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 3/4 per cent 14th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 3/4 per cent 15th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 13/16 per cent 14th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 13/16 per cent 15th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

MONEY:—
Call 3/4 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

Indian Sterling Loans

Bombay, June 15.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	76 1/4
3 1/2 per cent	90 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	105 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	110 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	113 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	111
3 per cent 1949/52	98 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	74 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	100 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	100 3/4

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, June 16

Java ready	15 0 0
J J shipment	5 14 0
A/S shipment	5 10 0
O/D shipment	5 12 0
Ready Kesar	10 13 0
Ready Saraya	10 3 0
Spot Java	F 6.95

Bombay Metals

Bombay, June 16

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£51-17-6
Standard copper 3 months	£51-17-5
Electrolytic copper	£61-0-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal Sheets	Rs. 42-8-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 54-8-0
Tone: Steady.	

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, June 15

SAKELS—	
July	17.63+20
November	17.98+30
ASHMOUNI—	
June	15.81—19
August	14.92—13
December	14.06+19
GIZA—	
July	16.23—07
November	16.37+16

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, June 15

July	dol 1.11
September	dol 1.10 1/2
December	dol 1.12 1/4

Cotton Shares In Keen Demand

TATA POWER SHARES IMPROVE

Steels Steady With Limited Enquiry

BOMBAY: June 16.

The local Share Bazar ruled fairly steady to-day with slightly better enquiry.

Tata Steel shares were in the back ground. Cotton Mill shares were active with a keen demand and offerings were limited.

Hydro-Electric shares also ruled very steady and Tata Powers rallied.

Tata Steel shares were fairly steady and Dfds. fluctuated between Rs. 1,380 and Rs. 1,420 and finally closed at Rs. 1,410. Ordinary shares also fared well.

There was no special development, but it is believed that all markets are oversold and are entitled to a natural reaction. We look for steadier markets in the near future.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, June 16.

	Rs	as
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	296	4
250 BOM DYEING (Rs. 25)	887	8
100 CENTURY	176	4
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	255	10
100 COLABA (Rs. 5)	168	2
100 Coorla	107	8
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	360	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0	6 0
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	134	6
100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	177	8
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1650	0
100 Indore	50	10
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	81	4
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	307	8
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	570	0
250 Madras United	11	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	905	0
250 Model	50	10
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	110	0
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	227	8
100 Oosmansnahi (Re. 1)	48	0
100 Phoenix (10)	300	0
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	62	8
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2050	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-8)	83	12
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 4)	232	8
100 Swan (nil)	104	6
500 Vishnu (Rs 50)	1,325	0
1000 Western (Rs 40.)	805	0

BANKS

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	110	12
25-50 Central (As. 12)	32	0
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1535	0
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs 7-8)	377	8
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	137	0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	127	4
5 Union (As. 4)	5-9-6	

CEMENTS

100 Associated	147	0
10 BUNDI (Rs. 10)	36	8
100 Coimbatore (Rs 10)	221	4
70 Gwalior (Rs. 4)	125	0
160 INDIAN (Rs. 34)	470	0
40 Katni Def.	2250	0
100 KATNI ORD (Rs. 10)	350	0
75 Okha (Rs. 12½)	297	8
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	26	8
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 15)	463	12
70 United (Rs. 5)	146	0

INSURANCE

80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1005	0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15	0
15-75 New India (Rs. 4)	43	2
20 Mercantile	55	3
200 Oriental (125)	5430	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	10

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	171	14
1,000 Andhra Valley (Rs. 45)	1,655	0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	150	10
100 B'Bay SUB.	182	8
10 Broach	13	8
100 Karachi (4)	277	8
100 Poona (4)	285	0
100 Surat (Rs. 6)	208	12
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	176	14
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1,367	8

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	915	0
100 C. Province	96	4
100 Dhond Baramati	97	0
100 Gujarat	93	8
100 Mandra Bhon	97	8
100 Pachora Jamner	94	8
100 Sara Sirajgunj	101	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, June 16.

Bombay Dyeing (867/8)	865	863	872	865
890 886 887				
Century (170/10) 170	168	177	176	
Central India (248/2)	246	255	251	255
Kohinoor (293/2)	291	296	293	305
310 306 307				
New Great (221/4)	220	226	227	
Simplex (80/10)	80	83		
Swadeshi (227/8)	225	231	228	232
Bundi (38/8) 37 36/8				
I. Cement (462/8)	462	467	465	470
Punjab (28) 26/8				
Shahabad (460)	462	463		
Andhra (1645)	1640	1655		
Tata Hydro (177/10)	177	176/10		
Tata Power (1362/8)	1361	1367	1356	1365
1360 1367				
Tram. Ord. (150/10)	150/10			
T. Steel Dfd. (1402/8)	1380	1412	1407	
1415 1385 1405 1385	1415	1407	1422	1410
T. Steel Ord. (825)	320	326	321	324
321/8 327 325				
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (164/8)	164			
Bellapur (158/12)	158	160		
B. Steam (271/4)	271	268	270	268/12
B. Burma (672/8)	665	671	665	677	672
500 Tapti Valley	768	12		

MININGS

10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 8)	60	0
30 TATA STEEL DEF. (Rs 7-8)	1,410	0
75 TATA STEEL ORD (Rs. 7-8)	325	0

MISCELLANEOUS

100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	298	12
50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 7)	160	0
200 Bhav Sin. Dep. (Rs 40)	900	0
250 BOM. STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	268	12
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	672	8
50 Do. Conty. (Rs. 6)	223	12
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-1-6	
50 B. TELEPHONE (Rs. 1-8)	113	8
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	11	2
2sh. Indian Copper	3	1
10 Indian I. and Steel	41	8
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	126	4
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	48	0
100 I. Radio Defd (12)	590	0
100 I. Radio Ord (15)	530	0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	600	0
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	25	6
30 PREMIER CON.	88	0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	26	8

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1525	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	300	0
7 p.c Bom Tram (TF.)	84	8
5 p. c. Central India (T.F.)	507	8
7 p.c Katni 1st	138	2
7 p.c. Katni 2nd, (T. F.)	146	4
7½ p.c Punjab Cement	12	0
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	104	8
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 2nd	99	8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	153	12
7-8/2 p.c. Tata Power	1545	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	101	4
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	164	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	650	0

DEBENTURES

3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	0
6 p.c Andhra Valley	110	0
4 p.c Bom Telephone	81	12
7 p.c Sholapur	81	4
8 p.c Tata Hydro	110	0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward List.)

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, June 15.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations from the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amr. Gas and Electric	29
Ame. Power and Light Com.	6
Ame. Power and Light Pfd 5 p.c. A	43
Ame. Forn Power Pfd. 7 p.c.	49
Electric Power and Light	15
Electric P and Light 7 p.c. Pfd.	63
Electric Bond dol 5 Pfd	56
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	33
Columbia Gas	10
American Tel. and Tel.	164 3/4
Western Union Telg.	54 1/2
Canadian Pacific Rly.	13
Erie Rly.	15
Great North Pfd. Rlyt	51
New York Central Rly.	40 1/2
Southern Pacific Rly.	48
Union Pacific Rly.	134
Delware and Hudson	59
Bethelehem Steel	80
Crucible Steel	60
Ludlum	31
Republic Steel	33
United S. Steel	95 3/4
Youngstown Sheet	58
Anaconda Copper Mining	50 3/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	57
General Motors	50
General Electric	50 3/4
Radio Corp.	8
Plymouth Oil	26
Socony Oil	18 1/4
Amr. Tob B.

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1937.

Linlithgow Confers With Governors

Significant Admission In Commons

Early Pronouncement On Deadlock Expected

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA: June 15.

Significance is attached in Simla to the fact that, for the first time admission has been made on the floor of the House of Commons that the Viceroy has been in communication with Provincial Governors in regard to summoning of Legislatures where the Interim Ministries are functioning.

This is considered as a hopeful sign and may lead to early summoning of Legislatures—especially when this demand has been reinforced even by bodies like the National Liberal Federation.

In Simla the feeling persists that, though Lord Zetland has, in however halting a fashion, tried to improve the position as regards the constitutional impasse, Lord Linlithgow should come out with an authoritative and unambiguous statement of policy. This, it is felt here might help to clarify the position better than what Lord Zetland or other British statesmen might say from 6,000 miles away. Optimists are not wanting in Simla who think that the Viceroy may spring a surprise at any moment.

Working Committee Meeting: Leaders Of Congress Parties Also To Participate

CONGRESS ATTITUDE IN CASE OF GOVERNOR'S INTERVIEW TO BE DEFINED?

In view of Lord Stanley's statement in the House of Commons yesterday on the Indian Constitutional question to the effect that "it was better that the Governors should make every effort to make arrangements with the Congress before the legislatures assembled, even if it did take time," there is every possibility of the Congress Working Committee meeting at the end of third week of June at Wardha, according to informed Congress circles in Bombay. The meeting was to have come off in the first week of July.

It is stated that the leaders of the Congress Parties in the Six Provinces will also be invited to attend the meeting and the Working Committee after reviewing the whole situation might give instructions to the leaders of the Congress Parties as to what they should do and what attitude they should take in case they were called for an interview by the Governors before the Legislatures met.

FRONTIER KIDNAPPING DENOUNCED

PESHAWAR CITY: June 15.

Public meetings were held at Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan in the course of the last few days at which speakers including Dr. Khan Saheb denounced the raids and kidnapping by tribesmen and exhorted Muslims to protect Hindu rights.—A. P.

PUNJAB MAJORITY PARTY METHOD

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, June 16.

Serious developments are expected as a result of certain proposals which the majority party in the Punjab Assembly appear to be forcing through the Rules and Procedure Committee.

Lobby talks reveal that a meeting of the Committee has been adjourned 'sine die.' It is said that if no satisfactory solution is found the members of the Opposition may resign seats on the Committee and issue a statement to the Press.

Details of the proposals and discussions are not available but as an instance of the tactics of the majority party lobby talks mention a proposal to amend rules relating the adjournment motions. If the number of the members who should rise in their seats to support of grant for leave to move adjournment is 25 or less it would provide a reasonable opportunity to the Opposition to make use of this statutory right, but if it is raised to 50 or thereabouts this would cripple the Opposition altogether.

There appears to be a serious clash of opinion in the Committee according to lobby talks owing to the fear of the Opposition members that their legitimate rights are being seriously endangered by proposed rules.

PEASANTS' CONFERENCE CONDEMNS INTERIM MINISTRY

A correspondent wires from Chopda as follows:—

The Chopda Taluka Peasants' Conference was held at Akulkheda yesterday. The Honourable Mr. Biyani presided and delivered his speech in Hindi. He criticised the interim ministry and asked the peasants to join the Congress and start village committees

Resolutions condemning the Government policy towards the Congress majorities, no confidence in the ministry and demanding 50 per cent reduction in land revenue were passed.

Khan Abdul Gafar Khan visited Chopda to-day and addressed a meeting of Hindus and Muslims and held discussions with local Muslims.—A. P.

NOMINATIONS TO U. P ASSEMBLY

Congress-Muslim League Contest

(From Our Correspondent).

JHANSI, June 15.

Messrs. Nisar Ahmed Sherwani (Congress) and Rafiuddin (Muslim League) filed nomination papers to-day for the bye-election to the United Provinces Assembly from Jhansi-Jalaun-Hamirpur Constituency caused by the death of Mr. Saji Mahmed Khan.

Constables Arrested For Burglary

JULLUNDUR, June 14.

Ujagar Singh, Daulat Khan, constables of Treasury Guard and Hukam Chand, Process Server (Piyada) of the Sub-Judge's Court, have been arrested in connection with the burglary that occurred in the residential quarters of the Tehsil Treasurer at Nawanshahar Doaba involving a loss of Rs. 6,100.

It is alleged that Rs. 1,700 have been received from the House of Daulat Khan, and Shamasabad, Rs. 2,700 from that of Ujagar Singh in the Amritsar district and about Rs 500 from Hukam Chand.

Kharak Singh, a peon of the District Board is absconding.—United Press

WOMEN CRUSHED UNDER TREE

SHOLAPUR, June 16.

News is to hand from Gondawadi, about 20 miles from Sangola, of the instantaneous death of three peasant women by being crushed under a giant pimpal tree which was uprooted during the recent cyclone havoc.—United Press.

ERSKINE BACK IN MADRAS

MADRAS: June 15.

The Governor accompanied by Major Kelly, Military Secretary, returned to Madras this evening from Ganeshkhind and left for Ooty later by the Blue Mountain Express.

His Excellency granted an interview to Mr. A. A. Hayles, Editor of the "Madras Mail" and Sir Mahomed Usman in his saloon at the Central Station.—A. P.

3 ARRESTED FOR ILLICIT LIQUOR

BAREILLY: June 14.

Three persons have been arrested by police near Narawal for alleged possession of illicit liquor. Four gallons of illicit liquor are stated to have been recovered from their possession.—United Press

ALLEGED POLICE HIGH-HANDEDNESS

Punjab Congress Leader On Lajpatrai Bhawan Raid

LAHORE, June 14.

Dr. Gopi Chand Bhargava, leader of the Congress Party in the Punjab Legislative Assembly, in the course of a statement to the Press, complains of the intimidation of Congressmen and other nationalists since the inauguration of the Provincial Autonomy, and points out to certain instances of alleged police high-handedness. He makes mention of the police raid on Lajpatrai Bhawan and his house. He also refers to the alleged police threats to and harassments of Congressmen and Congress sympathisers in the Gurgaon district and the obstacles in the way of holding Congress meetings.

Dr. Gopichand asks: "Are we to understand that there is sanction of the autonomous government behind these atrocities as we hear that there is no interference in normal work and the Punjab Government work is going on smoothly?"—United Press.

Nawabsha Drive Against Bad Characters

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, June 15.

Following increase in crime the Nawabsha Police organised a drive against bad characters and took into custody 23 alleged members of five gangs, responsible for various offences reported from the district. The arrested are being sent up for trial. The police have also arrested five dacoits, reported to be absconding since seven years

Moneylender Murdered

Two Debtors Arrested; One Absconding

RHOTAK: June 14.

The murder of Ganeshilal Bohra, a money-lender of village Pinawa in Senipat Tehsil, by some unknown persons is reported.

It is stated that, while Ganeshilal was returning to his village from Rhotak, he was waylaid and murdered by some of his debtors in a jungle.

One of the assailants is believed to be absconding, while two others have been arrested on suspicion.—United Press.

OUTRAGING WOMAN PASSENGER'S MODESTY

Charge Against Railway Officials

JAMALPUR (Mymensingh), June 14.

Mrs. Saroj Rani Goswami of the well-known Goswami family of Santipur (Nadia) appeared before Mr. R. R. Kitchin, I.C.S., sub-divisional Magistrate yesterday and filed a complaint against D. N. Banerjee, Station Master, Pradyatnagar E. B. R., N. K. De, Guard and two sweeper women charging them with outraging her modesty, causing hurt to her person and unlawful confinement.

It is alleged that the complainant was travelling from Bahadurabad to Durmut in a second class compartment without ticket as she had no time to purchase one. When the train reached Pradyatnagar, an intermediate station, accused N. K. De was noticed loitering on the platform casting objectionable glances at the lady. Accused Banerjee also made indecent jokes about her.

The complainant offered the fare which they would not accept. On the other hand, it is further alleged two sweeper women under orders of Banerjee forcibly dragged the lady out of the compartment causing severe hurt to her finger and took her to the station master's room where the lady was kept confined from 3-30 p.m. to 8-30 p.m. After five hours' detention the lady was sent on foot to Dewangonj, P. S.

The Magistrate directed an enquiry by the Circle Inspector of police, Jamalpur.—United Press.

Exemptions From Indian Arms Rules' Provisions

SIMLA, June 15.

Dewan Bahadur K. Nadkar, Dewan and President of the Dhar State Council, has been granted exemption from the provisions of the Indian Arms Rules, 1924 during the minority administration in the State in the capacity as Dewan.

Similar exemptions have been granted to Her Highness Lady Parvatibai Bhonsle, Rani of Sawantwadi, Shrimati Laxmibai Patwardhan, wife of heir-apparent to Raja of Miraj (Senior) and Mr. M. V. S. Patanker, a relative of the Raja of Wasantwadi.—United Press.

Madras Protest Against Baden-Powell's Slander

MADRAS, June 15.

To protest against the remarks alleged to have been made by Lord Baden-Powell, the Chief Scout, while addressing a group of journalists recently in London to the effect that India at present suffered from three main handicaps as a nation, namely, lack of character, lack of health and lack of unity, a public meeting was held to-night at the Peoples' Park when resolutions were passed strongly protesting "against unwarranted and defamatory remarks," considering that such remarks constituted "a calculated insult, particularly to the youth of India," requesting all local Associations of Boy Scouts and Girl Guides movement to withdraw from their affiliation to the Central Organisation and affiliate with the Seva Samiti Scout Association of India, founded by Pandit Malaviya

Jawahar Back In Allahabad

ALLAHABAD, June, 16.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru accompanied by his daughter, Miss. Indira and Secretary, Mr. Upadhaya returned here this morning from his Burma and Malaya tour.

He was met at the station by Acharaya Kripalani and other Congressmen.—A.P.

RELIEF FOR CROP FAILURE

Nizam Govt.'s Orders To District Officials

(From Our Correspondent).

SECUNDERABAD, June 15.

It is reliably understood that orders have been issued by the Nizam's Government to district officials to be lenient while making Jamabandi in view of failure of crops owing to recent hailstorm and untimely rains. It is also learnt that remission of annas two per rupee has been ordered to be given on sugarcane crop and also for distribution of Taqavi loans, wherever necessary.

SON BATTERS FATHER'S HEAD

SHOLAPUR, June 16.

The murder of an old father by his own son is reported from Karkamb near Pandharpur.

The son, a "tamboli" by profession, is alleged to have cruelly done his father to death by smashing his head to pieces with a stone slab.

The young man has been arrested.—United Press.

TEA-PARTY TO MR. JAMNADAS

POONA: June 15.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee, ex-President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, gave a tea party in honour of the Hon. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Finance Minister, this evening. The Hon. Mr. Hooseinally Rahimtoola together with a select number of journalists was present. There was an informal discussion on the present political situation. —United Press.

MYSTERY TO BE UNRAVELLED?

SHIKARPUR, June 16.

The Shikarpur Police arrested in the early hours of this morning a Muslim in the act of stealing some religious books from a Mosque. On a search of his person, it is alleged, some material which might lead to the unravelling of the mystery surrounding the Koran burning episodes, have been discovered.—United Press.

The Board of Trade London, returns for May show that imports total £ 83,131,000 an increase of 13,994, 000 compared with May 1936. The exports total 43,732,000, an increase of 6.33:.000.

(Continued from Col. 7).

the District Local Boards and School Boards was fairly satisfactory. The most serious irregularity pointed out pertains to the Administrator General's Office. Against the security of properties worth about a lakh of rupees but already encumbered to the extent of Rs. 70,000 in a certain estate, the Administrator General allowed overdrafts to the estate from his general fund to increase from year to year from 1928 till the overdraft reached Rs. 65,000 in 1935. The insolvency of this estate was pointed out to Government by the Examiner on 7th June 1935 Steps are under consideration to wind up this estate and to reduce the loss which is estimated at about Rs. 50,000. The question of taking disciplinary action against the individual responsible for the irregularity is under consideration of Government.

The Government Examiner's report is under consideration of Government, who will issue orders thereon separately in due course.

INTERESTS OF RATE-PAYERS NEGLECTED

Anomalous Features Of Land Acquisition Policy

Govt. Examiner's Report On Working Of Bombay Municipalities

Reporting on the result of working of the Local Audit Department in the year 1935-36, the Examiner of the Local Fund Accounts, Bombay, says:—

"Of the 28 Municipalities whose financial position was considered unsound in 1934-35, nine were unable to meet their liabilities and 22 exceeded their income during the year. The arrears of taxes and other dues decreased to Rs. 25.97 lakhs from Rs. 30.46 lakhs reported last year. Dues totalling Rs. 9,300 were outstanding against Councillors.

In spite of the clear orders of Government, the Special Sanitary Cess was not made self-supporting in nine Municipalities; and receipts on account of Wheel and Toll taxes were not reserved for expenditure on roads by seven municipalities. The list of misapplication of funds given is fairly heavy. Perfunctory and dilatory disposal of audit notes was common and most of the defects reported in paragraph 20 of the 1934-35 Annual Report continued during the year under review. The assessment lists of most Municipalities were not ready before the commencement of the year they related to. The provision in the Municipal Acts for the disqualification of members on the issue of a special notice for non-payment of dues to the Municipality was not observed in 15 Municipalities.

UNSATISFACTORY CONDITIONS.

There were several cases of losses resulting from (1) want of prompt action in the recovery of dues, (2) non-enforcement of taxation rules and (3) unauthorised reductions in the taxation schedules. Even though various local bodies were spending increasingly large amounts on Public Works, the accounts relating thereto, particularly the Measurement Books and the Register of Works were in an unsatisfactory condition. Advances were freely given to contractors; and, in most cases, the penal clause for non-fulfilment of contracts by prescribed dates was not enforced. In several cases the lowest tenders were not accepted and no reasons recorded for not accepting them. The accounts of the Provident Funds also were far from satisfactory. There was usually no evidence to indicate that they had been checked by a person other than the original compiler or test-checked by a responsible officer. The balances of certain Funds were not properly invested. Several municipalities which are near important Railway Centres and have various financial relations with them have not paid adequate attention to their mutual rights and obligations."

In Ahmedabad, the arrears of taxes and dues amounted to Rs. 3,05,941; Surat Rs. 1,75,957; Kurla Rs. 2,49,867; Bandra Rs. 1.70,954; Ahmednagar Rs. 69,607; Jalgaon Rs. 43,779, Dhulia Rs. 51,430: Nasik Rs. 1,27,834; Poona Rs. 1,24,650; Sholapur Rs. 58,396; Bijapur Rs. 60,003 and Dharwar Rs. 133,821 The causes of arrears are attributed to delay in the preparation of assessment of lists and in the issue of bills and notices and failure to execute warrants and enforce the coercive provisions of the Act.

WRITTEN OFF.

In Kurla arrears amounting to Rs. 1,46,745 were written off as irrecoverable within a year and half and this loss is said to be disproportionate to the income of the municipality.

The Bandra municipality utilised Rs. 50,268 pertaining to Trust Funds for Municipal and Town planning purposes as the municipality had no surplus balance. Malegaon municipality, contrary to rules, granted exemption from the payment of Octroi and toll dues on all materials imported by a contractor for the construction of a school and other municipal buildings.

In Satara, though the Chief Officer recommended enhancement of the assessment on several buildings to which substantial additions or alterations had been made, the Standing Committee, without assigning any reasons, decided not to take action on these recommendations. It was also noticed that though the house owners or the tenants intimated the actual rents received or paid by them, the tax levied was much less than that leviable on the basis of information available on the Municipal records.

LAND ACQUISITION.

Instances of neglect of rate payers' interests and losses resulting therefrom are many. Referring to Sholapur, the Examiner says that land acquisitions made under section 114 of the Act for road widening during the last decade failed to indicate either a definite programme or an effective implementing of the policy that should govern such acquisitions. 249 road lines were sanctioned during this period and Rs. 1,62,513 spent for acquiring about 256 houses and lands, but no single road line appears to have been completed.

ANOMALOUS FEATURES.

The anomalous features of the acquisitions are:—

(a) Acquisitions of properties in the middle of a road line without any attempt to acquire others which are essential to complete them:

(b) Acquisitions made and road lines changed thereafter to suit them;

(c) Delay in completing a road line; and

(d) Increase in valuation invariably whenever the Chief Officer's valuation is adjudicated by a Panch.

Though the lease of Municipal land occupied by a Cinema did not expire till 31st March 1937, the Board sanctioned a fresh lease at Rs. 2,500 per annum for seven years including the unexpired portion of the current lease, ignoring the offer of Rs. 3,000 per annum by another Company for the same site.

DEFECTS IN DHARWAR.

In Dharwar the following defects continued, viz:

(1) The amounts provided in the estimates were exceeded without record of what extra items of work were executed;

(2) Muster Rolls were prepared without showing the outturn of work;

(3) Works in several cases were started without estimates and in some instances much earlier than ordered by the Chief Officer. Measurements of materials supplied were taken long after their use and payment to suppliers;

(4) No definite scheme of works to be executed was prepared; and

(5) Large works were carried out for years without any record of the expenditure incurred or of the measurements of works

With very few exceptions the maintenance of Public Works accounts was found to be defective in almost all municipalities. Irregularities of the following types were frequent:—

(i) Works were executed without proper plans and estimates;

(ii) Measurements were not properly recorded and no Measurement Books were kept in some municipalities;

(iii) A schedule of rates was not prepared and sanctioned by the Board;

(iv) Stock accounts were either not maintained at all or were not correctly written up;

(v) Tenders were not invited by open competition; and if invited, lowest tenders were sometimes not accepted without recorded reasons;

(vi) Registers of works for watching the progress of expenditure from beginning to end were not maintained;

(vii) Allocation of work done by departmental labour was not recorded; and

(viii) Contract bonds were not executed in accordance with the requirements of the Act.

IN DT.-LOCAL AND SCHOOL BOARDS

The condition of the accounts of

Continued in Col 5)

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